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## REMAINS

## HISTORICAL & LITERARY

CONNECTED WITH THE PALATINE COUNTIES OF

# LANCASTER AND CHESTER

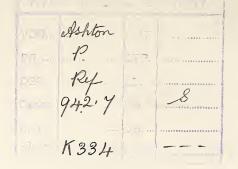
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M.DCCC,XLVIII.



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### HOLY LYFE AND HISTORY

OF

# SAYNT WERBURGE

VERY FRUTEFULL

FOR ALL CHRISTEN PEOPLE TO REDE.

EDITED BY

EDWARD HAWKINS, ESQ.

PRINTED FOR THE CHETHAM SOCIETY.

M.DCCC.XLVIII.

#### LONDON:

PRINTED BY WILLIAM NICOL, PALL MALL.

#### INTRODUCTION.

A Society, established for the publication of historical and literary remains connected with the Palatine counties of Lancaster and Chester, could not fail to direct their early attention to the history of a person so illustrious by her birth, so reputed for the sanctity of her life, so memorable for her imputed miracles, and whose name is familiar to every inhabitant of these palatine counties as the patroness saint of the cathedral of the diocese. Amongst the earliest notices issued by the Society was an announcement of their intention to publish a reprint of Henry Bradshaw's Life and History of St. Werburgh from the very rare quarto of 1521, printed by Pynson. That intention is now fulfilled by the present volume, containing the poem of which "Harry Braddeshaa, of Chestre Abbay, monke," is partly author, partly translator.

In the "prologe of the translatour," as he calls himself, he says, p. 4.

I purpose to wryte a legende good and true And translate a lyfe into Englysshe doubtles;

and at p. 26 gives an account of the work, which he purposes to translate.

For as declareth, the true Passyonary A boke wherin, her holy lyfe wryten is Whiche boke remayneth, in Chester monastery I purpose by helpe of Jhesu kynge of blys In any wyse to reherse, any sentence amys But folowe the legende, and true hystory After an humble style, and from it lytell vary.

These variations, be they "lytell" or much, seem to be founded upon histories and chronicles, which have been published, and are accessible to all who choose to trace the authorities for some of these legendary notices.

Unto this rude werke, myne auctours these shalbe
Fyrst the true legende, and the venerable Bede
Mayster Alfrydus, and Wyllyam Malvysburye
Gyrarde Polycronycon, and other mo in deed.
p. 5.

The "true legende" is doubtless the "true Passyonary" mentioned above, which is afterwards called the "thrid Passionary;"

And as the history, of her lyfe doth expresse
In a boke nominat, the thrid passionary; p. 120.

which also seems to have contained an account of more miracles than the translator was perhaps quite prepared to believe, or at least did not deem it quite expedient to publish at this time.

To expresse all myracles, written in the place
In a boke nominate, the thrid passionarye
It wolde require, a longe tyme and space
To the reders tedious, (nomervayle sothly)
Where we omytte, to writte of them specially
But touched in generall, unto your audience.
p. 197.

The poem is preceded by a "Prologe in honour and laude

of Sainte Werburge and to the prayse of the translatour by J. T.," whose name and profession we have been as little able to ascertain as was Herbert, when he first noticed this work.

Of the main body of the poem then Bradshaw must be considered as a translator from a work,\* in the Latin language, then remaining in the library of Chester monastery, called the true or third Passionary, inserting such additional matter as he was pleased to extract from the various chronicles which he mentions. He was however not merely a translator, but an author, for the "Prologes" to the first and second books, pp. 1 and 134, "A litell orison or prayer to the blessed virgine Saynte Werburge," p. 205, and the "breve conclusion," p. 207, are certainly original compositions of Bradshaw himself, and it is not improbable that he was also author of chapters 21 and 22, in the second book, being "A breve rehersall of the myracles of Saynt Werburge after her translacion to Chestre," and "A charitable

\* The author of the original work here translated is not known, nor was Bradshaw himself acquainted with his name, for in "a Balade to the auctour," published with the translation the very year in which it was concluded, is mentioned (p. 210) that "uncertayne was his name."

Warton observes "a great translator of the lives of the Saxon Saints from the Saxon, in which language only they were then extant, into Latin, was Goscelinus, a monk of St. Austin at Canterbury, who passed from France into England about 1058. Among the rest were the lives of St. Werburgh, St. Ethelred and St. Sexburgh, most probably the legends which were Bradshaw's originals." This conjecture can scarcely be reconciled to the above assertion with regard to the original author, that "uncertayne was his name."

mocion and desyre to all the inhabytauntes within the Countie Palatine of Chestre for the monasterie."

The poem is written in stanzas of seven lines each, of which the first and third, the second, fourth and fifth, and the sixth and seventh, rhyme with each other. To this arrangement there are a few exceptions; at p. 153 is a stanza of eight lines, of which the first and third, the second, fourth, fifth and seventh, the sixth and eighth, rhyme with each other. At pp. 115, 116, 126, are three stanzas similarly arranged, in which three cases however the last line is Latin. Chapters 21, 22 and 23, and two balades at pp. 211 and 212 are all written in similar stanzas of eight lines.

Throughout the poem, in order to produce, in reading, anything of rythmical intonation, the accent must be laid strongly upon the very last syllable of the line, even in cases where, according to the modern mode of pronunciation, the last syllable is as little dwelt upon as possible. Every stanza affords instances of this intonation, and it is scarcely necessary to refer to any particular passages, but in p. 125, the following illustrations may be observed, — gostly and remedy, parte and trinite, odour, savour, hour; body, clergy, verily, &c. &c.

The Latin language was probably very familiar to our author, for the reader can scarcely fail to be struck with the frequent introduction of quaint Latinisms. At p. 150 we find "With grace circumfulced and lyghtned was England." In the same page he talks of faith enduring "without recidivation," and in p. 152, of faith being "remanent;" we find "promyttynge," p. 163, 166; "facundious," p. 209,

210; "desydery," 56, and several others may be discovered by consulting the glossary. The greater number of these words it will be perceived were derived directly from the Latin, but not unfrequently, as is most usual in writers of that age, the Latinisms appear to have been introduced under the influence of the French language upon our own, rather than directly from the Latin. At p. 153, he speaks of St. Alban's monastery being edified, from edifier; p. 115, of this life being caduce; p. 137, of the abbey of Chester envired with walles; baptism is written baptym, baptime; convent, covent; sautynge, from assaut; and dygne of dutye, from digne. The termination of the past tense, derived from the Latin participle, is of almost universal occurrence, as maculate, preparate, coronate, nominat, tumulate, &c. &c.

At pp. 147, 158 and 179 are quotations from Henry of Huntingdon, which contain some errors; it is as well therefore to reprint them here from Savile's edition of that author.

#### p. 147.

Nobilitas innata tibi probitatis honorem Armipotens Alfrede dedit, probitasque laborem, Perpetuumque labor nomen, cui mixta dolori Gaudia semper erant; spes semper mixta timori. Si modo victor eras, ad crastina bella pavebas. Si modo victus eras, ad crastina bella parabas.

Jam post transactos vitæ regnique dolores Christus ei sit vera quies, sceptrumque perenne.

Henrici Huntingdoniensis, Hist. lib. v.

p. 158.

O Elfleda potens, O terror virgo virorum Victrix naturæ, nomine digna viri. Tu quo splendidior fieres, natura puellam, Te probitas fecit nomen habere viri Te mutare decet sed solam, nomina sexus, Tu regina potens, rexque trophæa parans. Jam nec Cæsarei tantum meruere triumphi

Cæsare splendidior virgo virago vale.

p. 179.

Auctor opum, vindex scelerum, largitor honorum, Sceptriger Edgarus regna superna petit. Hic alter Salomon, legum pater, orbita pacis; Quod caruit bellis claruit inde magis. Templa Deo, templis monachos, monachis dedit agros Nequitiæ lapsum, justitiæque locum. Ibid.

Ibid.

In the quotation from William of Malmsbury, p. 176, in the last line, for "a" read "de."

The first book of this poem contains an account of the descent of St. Werburge from four royal families, her character, the history of her life and those of some of her more immediate relations; it also relates the principal circumstances of her death and subsequent removal and condition of her body. The second book is chiefly devoted to the circumstances which connected her with the city of Chester, of which she was considered the patron saint. The author at p. 4 calls her prioress and lady of the Abbey of Chester: but she was never so, except under the general appointment of Ethelred, who made her (p. 85)

lady ruler and presydent Over all the nonnes, of every monastery Within his realme.

### Ethelred indeed (p. 86)

Edyfyed a collage chyrche, notable and famous In the subbarbes of Chester, pleasaunt and beauteous In honour of God, and the Baptyst Saynt Johan,

but it does not appear that she had any authority in this establishment, and indeed this foundation had not any connexion with the Abbey of Chester.

It is probable that he calls her "Pryores" of the Abbey merely because she was enshrined there, and was considered the patroness saint of that monastery and city.

To this imputed patronage of the city and its religious establishments we doubtless owe the existence of this poem; for when the translator felt that as "a relygyous man, losynge of tyme could not him excuse, and that for avoiding such great folyshenes he ressolved

Some small treatyse to wryte brevely" p. 4.

there can be little doubt that he was led to the choice of his subject from a desire to do honour to

Blessed vyrgyn Werburge, my holy patronesse, p. 5. indeed he acknowledges as much in his "breve conclusion,"

The cause movyng us, this werke to begyn
It was to avoyde, slouth and idelnes
And most for the love, of this holy virgin
Whiche is our sufferayn lady and patrones.
p. 209.

The reader will probably not be displeased that this poem should be accompanied by Warton's criticisms and estimate of its character, which are, therefore, here quoted at length.

"Henry Bradshaw has rather larger pretensions to poetical fame than William of Nassington, although scarcely deserving the name of an original writer in any respect. Before the year 1500 he wrote the Life of St. Werburge, a daughter of a King of the Mercians, in English verse. This poem, beside the devout deeds and passion of the poet's patroness saint, comprehends a variety of other subjects; as a description of the kingdom of the Mercians, the lives of Saint Ethelred and Saint Werburge, the foundation of the city of Chester and a chronicle of our Kings. It is collected from Bede, Alfred of Beverley, Malmesbury, Gerardus Cambrensis, Higden's Polychronicon, and the Passionaries of the female Saints Werburgh, Ethelred and Sexburgh, which were kept for public edification in the choir of our poet's monastery. Bradshaw is not so fond of relating visions and miracles as his argument seems to promise. Although concerned with three saints, he deals more in plain facts than in the fictions of religious romance; and, on the whole, his performance is rather historical than legendary. This is remarkable in an age when it was the fashion to turn history into legend.

"His fabulous origin of Chester is not so much to be imputed to his own want of veracity as to the authority of his voucher, Ranulph Higden, a celebrated chronicler, his countryman, and a monk of his own abbey. He supposes

that Chester, called by the ancient Britons Caer Lleon, or, the city of legions was founded by Leon gaur, a giant, corrupted from Leon vaur, a great legion.

The founder of Chestre, as sayth Policronicon
Was Lleon Gauer, a myghty stronge gyaunt
Whiche buylded caves, and dongions many one
No goodly buyldyng, propre ne pleasaunt — p. 148.

he adds with equal attention to etymology,

But the Kynge Leil, a Briton sure and valiaunt
Was founder of Chestre, by pleasaunt buyldyng
And of Caerleil, also named by the kynge.
p. 148.

But a greater degree of credulity would perhaps have afforded him a better claim to the character of a poet; and, at least we should have conceived a more advantageous opinion of his imagination had he been less frugal of those traditionary fables, in which ignorance and superstition had clothed every head of his argument.

"The most splendid passage of this poem is the description of the feast (ch. xvi. pp. 58—65) made by King Wulfer in the Hall of the Abbey of Ely when his daughter Werburge was admitted to the veil in that monastery; among other curious anecdotes of ancient manners, the subjects of the tapestry with which the hall was hung, and of the songs sung by the minstrels on this solemn occasion, are given at large.

"If there be any merit of imagination or invention to which the poet has a claim in this description, it altogether consists in the application. The circumstances themselves are faithfully copied by Bradshaw from what his own age actually presented. In this respect, I mean as a picture of ancient life, the passage is interesting, and for no other reason. The versification is infinitely inferior to Lydgate's worst manner.

"Bale, a violent reformer, observes that our poet was a person remarkably pious for the times in which he flourished. This is an indirect satire on the monks and on the period which preceded the Reformation. I believe it will readily be granted that our author had more piety than poetry. His prologe contains humble professions of his inability to treat lofty subjects and to please light readers."

Warton's remarks are too disparaging; Dibdin, who gives an extended account of the poem, forms a higher estimate of Bradshaw's merit. "It is presumed," he observes, "that his name will stand among the foremost in the list of the poets of the period wherein he wrote. His descriptions are oftentimes happy as well as minute; and there is a tone of moral purity and rational piety in his thoughts, enriched by the legendary lore of romance that renders many passages of his poem exceedingly interesting."

If it is not allowed to rank Bradshaw, according to Dibdin's estimate, among the foremost in the list of poets of his period, it is unjust to place him in so low a rank among his cotemporaries as the severity of Warton seems to demand. There is a tone of moral principle and devotional piety so unaffectedly pervading the whole volume, and so easily and naturally introduced, as to impress the reader with the conviction that they had an

habitual influence upon his mind and heart, and exhibited themselves without an effort and almost unconsciously in all his expressions. There is much strength and apparent sincerity in his numerous exhortations to piety and devotion. In his "charitable mocion," (ch. xxii. p. 199 et seq.) he urges his readers to benevolence and to the support of the monastery, with great power, and sets before them every variety of motive that could be supposed to influence persons under the peculiar circumstances in which each might be placed. He appeals to the piety of their forefathers, and endeavours to work upon all their passions, affections and emotions, upon their love and fear, gratitude and duty. His familiarity with the Latin language has been already noticed, and the reader can scarcely have failed to observe his intimate acquaintance with the sacred writings, numerous scripture personages are adduced as models and examples of the various virtues, which adorn the christian character; and the language of scripture is constantly apparent in his exhortations and descriptions, especially where the character and acts of St. Werburge are his subjects. Moral maxims and proverbs, the concentrated wisdom of ages, seem to have been familiar to him, and may be detected in many of his pages. If

> Manners maketh man Quoth William of Wykeham,

Bradshaw observes,

by a proverbe certan

Good maners and conynge maken a man, p. 134.

another of his proverbs is worth pointing out, as it exem-

plifies the use of the word "lad" to signify a person of low degree,

by a proverb auncyent
A lad to wedde a lady is an inconvenyent. p. 38.

The sententious brevity of a proverb is sometimes lost and weakened by adapting it to the metre of his poem; Man proposes, God disposes, is expanded into

The mankynde prepose his mynde to fulfyll
Yet God dysposeth all thynge at his wyll.

p. 119.

The remark of Warton is probably just, that had he had a greater degree of credulity he would have had a greater chance of being poetical; credulity indeed does not seem to be his failing, for though he records many miracles of St. Werburge and with some appearance of belief in their reality, it is quite clear that he omits many marvellous tales, which might have been supplied by the original work, but which would be to the "reders tedious (no mervayle sothly)," and to which he was not himself quite prepared to give full credit. It is true that he gives more, many more, than suffi. cient to satisfy any modern readers; but the Reformation was approaching, the shadows of coming events were already apparent, and were exerting their almost unobserved influence upon the feelings and opinions of the people, and Bradshaw had evidently less faith in the miraculous legends of his monastery, than had been enjoyed by his predecessors; in truth there appears to be occasionally a lurking humour in his description, which betrays as much disbelief in his own narrative, as the temper of the times, and the still lingering credulity of his cotemporaries would permit.

own good sense and the growing enfranchisement of the period from the bondage of superstition, and papal impositions, checked in him any tendency to imaginative flights and poetic paroxysms; it will not be denied that he frequently exhibits considerable strength of expression in his language, and great powers in his vivid and graphic descriptions. A goodly specimen of railing may be found in Book I. ch. x. where St. Ermenylde, St. Werburge and her brothers severely rebuke Werbode for his "grevous presumpcyon" in aspiring to the hand of St. Werburge. Many of the miraculous cures are described with great force; and it will be difficult to find, in any cotemporary author, so lively, picturesque and humorous a narrative as that of the unhappy geese of Wedon

who went

Mekely as yf they had reason naturall Unto her presence,

and with

Theyr wynges traylynge entred into the hall. p. 98, 99.

Had his merits as a writer been less than they really are, his meek and humble apology for his defects, which he puts forth in his "breve conclusion," would deprecate all severity of criticism. He had clearly not a musical ear, his versification is not smooth and harmonious, and his naturally defective appreciation of rythmical intonation has been much exaggerated by the awkward and difficult arrangement of the stanza which he has adopted. With an easier metre his lines might have flowed with more ease and grace, and would have better conciliated the favour of his readers.

Rugged however and harsh as his verse may be, and low as may be the estimation of Bradshaw as a poet, the amiable and pious tone of the whole poem cannot but impress the mind with agreeable feelings, and excite admiration and affection towards him as a man and a christian.

Of Henry Bradsha, Braddshaa or Bradshaw, who calls himself, p. 3, "a religious man," i. e. an ecclesiastic, nothing more is known than what is recorded by Anthony Wood, who says, "he was born in the auncient town of Westchester, commonly called the city of Chester, and being much addicted to religion and learning, when a youth, was received among the Benedictine monks of St. Werburgh's monastery in the said city. Thence at riper years he was sent to Gloucester college in the suburb of Oxon, where after he had passed his course in theology among the novices of his order he returned to his cell at St. Werburge and in his elder years wrote, De antiquitate et magnificentia urbis Cestriæ chronicon, etc. and translated from Latin into English a book which he thus entitled, The life of the glorious Virgin St. Werburge: Also many miracles that God had shewed for her. London, 1521, 4to. He died in fifteen hundred and thirteen (5 Henry 8) and was buried in his monastery, leaving then behind him other matters to posterity, but the subject of which they treat I know not."-Athen. Oxon. edit. by Dr. Bliss, v. I. p. 18.

The date of his death is expressly stated in "A balade to the auctor," which is appended to the poem, by some unknown friend, and, probably, monk of the same monastery. He laments the death of Bradshaw,

a floure most riall Redolent in cronicles with historicall syght Whiche nowe is departed from this temporall lyght The present yere of this translacion M.D.XIII. of Christis incarnacion Cujus anime propicietur deus. p. 210.

Of the works of Bradshaw above mentioned or alluded to, that "De antiquitate et magnificentia," etc., nothing is now known, but it is not improbable that some fragments dispersed in various MSS. descriptive of this city may have been extracted from his chronicle. The life of the glorious virgin St. Werburge is the work which is here reprinted. Of the "other matters to posterity" nothing more is positively known to us than to Wood, but Mr. Herbert was in possession of a poem, "The lyfe of St. Radegunde," also printed by Pynson, of which he says, "although the name of the author or translator of this book does not decidedly appear on the face of it, yet on comparing it with the Life of St. Werburge it may readily be perceived that both were penned by the same person, Henry Bradshaw; but hitherto omitted in every list of his works." Typographical Antiquities, p. 294.

Mr Cowper in his Summary of the life of St. Werburgh quotes more than once the Latin life of this lady by Bradshaw, and these extracts he derives from Leland's Collectanea, but where this collector discovered his original authority does not appear. Mr. Cowper is probably mistaken in ascribing the work to Bradshaw's own pen; it is much more probable that the extracts are derived from the original chronicle or passionary, which Bradshaw translated into English verse, for he has himself distinctly stated that his poem was a translation from a Latin history preserved in his monastery; he gives no intimation of his having written it himself, and it is also stated that the name of the original author was unknown.

Although this work is of very great rarity, it is not so much so as was at one time supposed. The earliest mention of the book, which we have discovered, is by Maittaire, who in 1741 inserts it in a list of books not before noticed. In 1749, Ames in his Typographical Antiquities, mentions the work, and so describes it as to leave no doubt of his having had a copy before him. Notwithstanding all this, Dr. Foote Gower in his "Sketch of Materials for the History of Cheshire" in 1771, doubts the existence of such a printed volume; and in a subsequent advertisement, arguing upon the evidence for and against the existence of such a work, adds "no possible enquiries of mine have been able to discover the least trace of it, in any private as well as in any public repository," and closes the difficulty with the good humoured expression of Sir Roger de Coverly, "that much may be said on both sides."

There are, however, at least five copies in existence; one is in the Minster Library at York, and my kind friend Mr. Davies informs me that it is in modern binding, that it is imperfect at the beginning, wanting the first 22 pages, the first present leaf being C. 1. on page 23, that it is otherwise

clean and in good preservation. It once belonged to Dr. Marmaduke Fothergill, and in the margin of one of the leaves near the close of the book, appears the name of Gervas Clifton, to whom it had at one time probably belonged.

Two copies are in the Bodleian Library at Oxford, one of which had been purchased at Warwick, July 2, 1730, by Mr. West, at the sale of whose books in 1773, it was bought by Mr. Gough, for £2. 15s. and with the other treasures of his collection now reposes in the Bodleian.

The other copy belonging to the same library bears the autographs of former owners "Wyllia. Watson," and "Richard Cartwright," "Homfree," "William Peate," "John, and Mary Seres," and on one margin appears "John.. (cut off.)

So God me save he is a loute I put you all out of doute By me John Beade, draper."

It was subsequently the property of Selden, from whom it passed to the Bodleian.

A fourth copy is in the British Museum. In the sale catalogue of the books of Mr. Marten of Palgrave, in lot 196, was a Life of St. Werburgh, which is supposed to be the same copy which came into the Pearson Library, which was sold in 1788, (lot 2374 the Life of St. Werburgh) and was bought by Isaac Reed for £1.3s. At his sale in 1807 it formed lot 6972, and was purchased by I. L., i. e. I. Lochee, the auctioneer in King Street, Covent Garden, for £18. He is supposed to have purchased it for Mr. Parke, the editor and enlarger of Walpole's Royal and Noble Authors, who

afterwards sold it for 28 guineas to Mr. Heber, who inserted in the volume the following note. "This book is of the first order of rarity, not being in the Royal, British Museum, Bodleian, Spencer, Hunter, Blenheim, or Blandford collections, indeed no other copy is known to exist in any repository public or private, except one in Mr. Heber's library. Mr. Heber paid 28 guineas to Mr. P— for his copy 10 years ago, a time when 5s. went further in the purchase of a scarce book than a pound sterling does now." This note upon a scrap of paper was probably intended as a communication to some friend, perhaps to Mr. Dibdin, and, after having been copied for that purpose, was pasted into the volume as it now appears. At Mr. Heber's sale in 1834 it was purchased for the British Museum for £19. 5s.

The fifth copy is probably the one stated by Herbert, in his edition of Ames' Typographical Antiquities, to have been then in his own possession, and which is supposed to have passed into the hands of Mr. Woodhouse, in whose sale in 1803 it was lot 859, and was sold to Mr. Hill, the prototype of Paul Pry, for £31. 10s. This gentleman's library, rich in early poetry, was sold to Messrs. Longman, and Co., and was the foundation of their "Bibliotheca Anglo-poetica," in which this book was priced £63., and sold to Mr. Midgely, whose library was brought to the hammer in 1818 at Messrs. Saunders, when this rare volume was purchased by Mr. Hibbert for £42. At this gentleman's sale it was purchased by Thorpe for £19. 10s., from whom it passed to the library of Mr. Miller, the present possessor.

It may be remarked that this work is the earliest, in print, which refers to Hugh Lupus, Earl of Chester, and his dignity in the earldom, see pp. 181, 182. The passage was cited in an affidavit made in 1843 in "the Consistory Court of Chester," and appears in an Appendix to an appeal from "the Chancery Court of York, in the goods of Anne Rothwell Wignall, commonly called Anne Rothwell, Spinster, deceased, in the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's most honourable Privy Council."

The errors in this reprint that may be chargeable to the press occur at

page 18, line 9, T read To, page 94, line 10, ha read had,

page 99, line 15, conpassyon read compassyon,

and page 112, last line but one, Gorrupte *read* Corrupte; but it is to be feared that some trifling errors in transcription, such as kingdome for kyndome, befound for befounde, us for vs, would be discovered by an accurate collation. Pynson is not uniform in the use of his i, his y, and the insertion or omission of the final e.

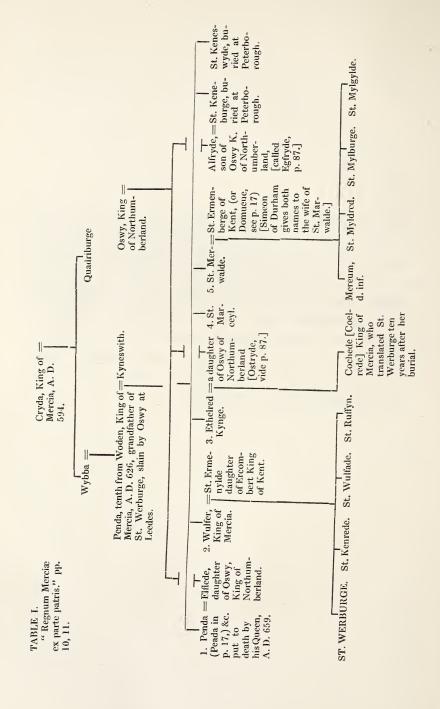
The collation of the book is thus: it commences with the Title-page and Wood-cut of St. Werburge, The prologe of J. T. and the Table of the boke, the second Title-page, with

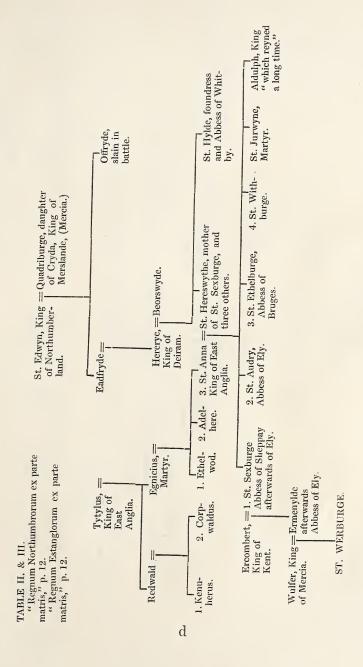
the Wood-cut repeated and reiterated at the back, and then follows the Poem, commencing with signature  $\mathfrak{a}$  and ending on  $\mathfrak{g}$  iiii, the reverse bearing Pynson's device.

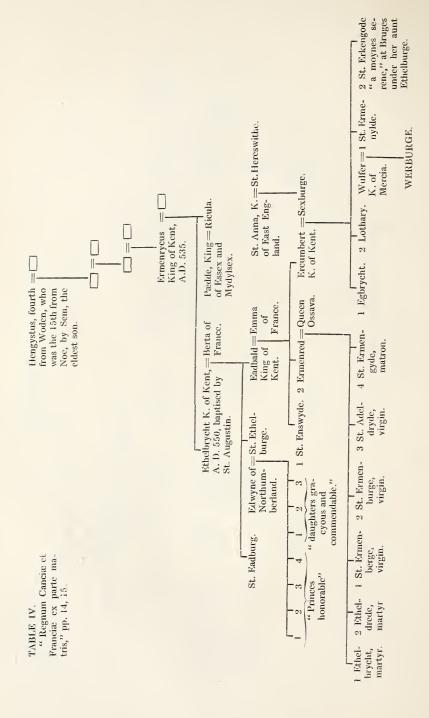
a ii	containi	ng pages	1 to	14	t	,,	,,	111 to 118
ď	,,	,,	15 —	22	ĭ	,,	"	119 — 134
c	,,	,,	23 <b>—</b>	38	m	,,	,,	135 — 142
D	•••	"	39 —	46	n	,,	,,	143 — 158
$\varepsilon$	,,	,,,	47 —	62	0	,,	,,	159 — 166
f	,,	,,	63 —	70	p	,,	,,	167 — 182
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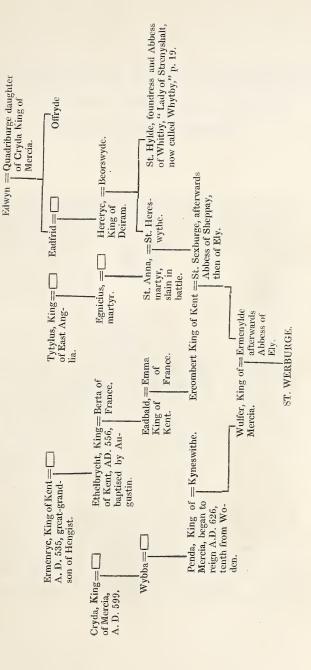
A Glossary and Index are added.

The following genealogical tables are drawn up from the third chapter of the Poem, which professes to trace the descent of St. Werburge from four "Kynges of this lande, and of the riall blodde of Fraunce." Table V. has been compiled from the other four. They do not profess to be correct genealogies, nor has any attempt been made to reconcile the discrepancies which occur in various chronicles, nor even in this history. They are merely intended as aids to the reader by presenting to him, in a tabulur form, that which the author gives as narrative.



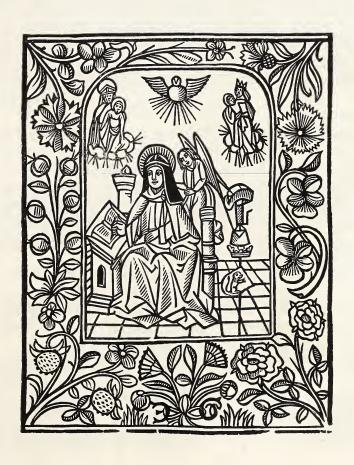








There begynneth the holy lyfe and history of faynt werburge/very frutefull for all christen people to rede.



The prologe of A.T. in the honour a laude of faint Merburge and to the praple of pe translatour of the leaende folowrnae.

onour/iove/and alorie/the tornes organicall ndeles myrthes w melodies/prayle re all p princes

RUB ourished in vertue/intact/as pure as cristall elefe to all fynners to werburge lady maistres

n arace thou passed/all other and in accomes Whan thou was present in this mundayne lyfe Pone was the lyke/wydowe/mayde/ne wyfe

v diuvne grace/to bs a ryche present

R eioyce we may in Werburge one and all gemme of vertue a virgin resplendent ilect of our loide (in ioye and blis eternall wrely the is set) to intercede and call er mouth nat cellyng/fcz them to call and in her trust of synne to have mercy

er mouth nat cellyng/fc2 them to call and crye

D good lady maistres/declyne thy syaht afer And araciously beholde thy servaunt chast and pure Henry Bradha/sometyme monke in Thester Whiche only for thy love toke the payne and laboure Thy legende to translate the dyd his busy cure Dut of latine in Englishe rude ande and byle Whiche he hath amended with many an ornate style

Alas of Thestre/re monkes have lost a treasure Henry Bradcha/the Ctyrpe of eloquence Chestre thou may wavle the deth of this floure

So may the citezens/alas for his absence So may many other/for lacke of his sentence O swete lady Merburge/an holy Abbasse glorious Remembre Henry Bradha/thy servaüt most gracio

In hym remayned no vice ne prefumption Enuy and wrath/from hym were expled Slouth ne Clenus in hym had no dominion Auarice and glotony/he otterly expelled No vice in hym regned/his felowes he excelled As clene as cristall/he bare these vertues thre Chastite/obidience/and wylfull pouerte

D cruell deth/whiche art the perfite ende Df this noble clerke/and every mortall thyng Agapult the/no man may hym defende Thou causest wo/langour/and anguistyng And who on this/wolde have remembryng Howe from erth/to erth he must agayne He wolde dispise all thynges that be mundayne. Cale.

The table of this boke.

If Irst the prologue of the translatour of this litell Cap.i.

A descripcion of the realme of mercies of the bondes and commodites of the same Cap.ii.

A descripcion of the geanologie of faynt Werburge and howe the descended of iiii. kynges of this lade / and of the riall blodde of Fraunce Cap.iii.

Cii.

A playn descripcion of the acts and chiualry of kyng Penda grantfather to saynt Aerburge and of his noble and vertuous progenie.

Ca.iiii.

Dowe after the deth of kyng Pēda/and of his prince Pēda his tecode fon Chulker father of faynt Cherburge was elect to be kyng of merciens. Cap.b.

A lyttell descripcyon of the noble maryage bytwene kyng Auster and saynt Ermenidz the kyngz doughter of Kent/and of the solempnite done at the same season The syrt chapitre.

A breue declaracion of the holy lyfe and conversación of faynt Merburge/bsed in her tender youth/aboue the comon cours of nature.

Cap.bii.

Dowe this yonge virgin faynt Werburge was desired of dukes and erles in mariage/and of the reasonable answere the gaue to them in auoydyng suche wordig pleasures. Cap.vii.

Dowe the falle Merebode despred kynge Muster to have his doughter Merburge in mariage/and howe he graunted therbuto.

Cap.ir.

Dowe the quene faynt Ermenildz wolde nat consent therto/4 how her betherne faynt Aussade/and Rustin were agaynst the sayd mariage. Cap.r.

• How the false Werebode complaymed byon saynt

Mulfade & Ruffyn to kyng Mulfer/and was the caute of their deth. Cap.ri.

Dowe kynge Multer was converted and toke great repentaunce for his offence, and by the countell of faint Teade was a devout man and a good benefactour to holy churche and founder of divers places Tap.rii.

Of the feruent desire & singular devocion saynt caler burge had to be religious / and of the dayly supplicacions the made to her father for the same. Cap.riii.

**T** Of the reasonable a meke answere saynt Werburge gave to her father/whan he moved her to have ben maried.

Cap.riiii.

Thow faint Merburge was made an none at Ely aft her desire buder saint Audis lady and abbasse. Ca.rb.

T Of the great colemnifacion kyng Aulster made at yegostly mariage of faynt Aerburge his dought at Ely / to all his louers and frendes.

Cap.rvi.

**C** Of the holy profession and gostly coversacion saynt Werburge bled at Ely ī religio bud' saint Audri. rbii.

A litell treatise of the lyfe of saynt Audie abbasse of Ely / a of her holy conversacion a great devocion which Audie was aunt and colyn to saynt Werburge. rviii.

**A breue** reherfal of the lefe of faint Serburge graūt **C.**iii.

moder to saint werburge / a of her comyng to Ely to her tyst Audrie thabbasse from Shepay monasterie. c.rir.

Thowe faint Ermenild, after dethe of kynge Wulker was made a noune at Ely/bnder her moder Serburge and Werkurge her doughter. Cap.rr.

Thowe kyng Ethelrede seynge the holy conversacio of Merburge his nece / made her lady and president at Medon/Trentā / A Pambury. Also by her example and counsel made hym a monke at Bardeney abbay. c.rrí.

The holy couerfacio of kyng Kered brother to faynt Werburge/A howe he refused his crowne / A was made a monke at Kome/A there depted a holy cotessour. rxii.

Of the golfly devoció of faynt Werburge & bertuo' governans of her places / and of the great humilite the bled to her lysters and all creatures.

Ca.rxii.

Dowe at Medō wilde gyle were pynned at her cōmādement / and also relesed a put at liberte. Ca.xxiiii.

Dow a treande without pite was punythed his face fet backewarde / and by his mekenes was restaured to helth and prosperite agame. Cap.rrb.

Dow deuers princes folowing fentualite enteding to biolate this virgine by power: by myacle were put to confusion. Cap.rrbi.

I Pow fagnt Merburge gave knowlege to her fysters

of her departure / A howe the ordred in bertue her fayd monasteries after her departure. Cap.rrbii.

Of the gostly eroctació saint Werburge made to her tysters in her sekenes / and howe devoutly she receyved the sacrametes of holy churche afore her deth. c.rrbiii.

Of the departure of faynt Werburge at Trētā buto heuen frō this miserable lyfe/& what lamētacion her systems and subjectes made for her deth. Ca.rrir.

Dowe the haburgen toke the blessed body of Merburge fro Trenta by myracle a brought it to Habury/ and of the buriall of this virgin/and manyfolde signes shewed of god by her merites/the space of .ir. yere afore her transacion.

Cap.rrr.

A litel bette treatife of her hole lyfe/and how for her myracles shewed after her deth/the couent of Hamburi purposed to trasat her body by helpe of kyng Coelrede reignyng in mercelande.

Ca.rrxi.

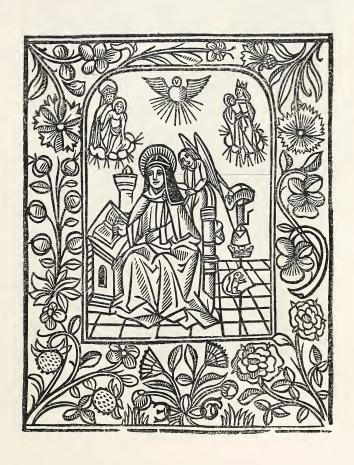
The folenipme transacion of this gloxious virgine saynt Werburge and of the great myacles done at the same season by the might of god/and merite of this gracious lady.

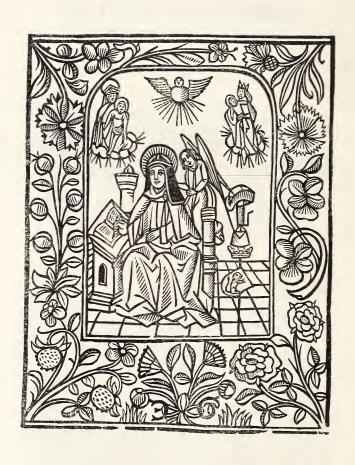
Ca.rrii.

Thowe the body of faynt Werburge continued hole/ A substacial at Hambury after ye tradacion by the space of .CC. yeres/tyll the danes were comon to this lande/ of it fell a resolued was but opowder. Cap.rxxii.



Mere foloweth the lyfe of the glozy=
ous virgyn faynt werburge/alfo
many miracles that god hath
shewed for her/f fyrst the
prologe of the au=
ctour.





The prologe of the translatour of this lytell werke ye lyfe of faynt Alerburge.

Da Phebus had rone his cours i fagittari And Capricorne entred a fygne retrograt Amyddes Decebre/y ayre colde a frosty And pale Lucyna/the erthe dyd illumynat I rose by shortly/fro my cubycle preparat

Aboute mydnyght/and cast in myne intent How I myght spende/the tyme conuenyent.

Jealled buto mynde/the great bustedsastnes
Of this wretched worlde/not by cours of nature
how there be brought/fome men to busynes
Oppressed with pouerte/langour/and dyspleasure
Some other exalted/to felycyte and pleasure
The maker of mankynde/most in maieste
Ruleth all at his wyll/it may non other be.

Beholde dyscretly/and se the fyrmament Consyder the sonne/and the mone also Whith all the planettes/and sterres resplendent How they kepe theyr cours/bothe to and fro Euer obedyent/theyr creature buto And byrdes besely syngynge euery day Praysynge theyr prymate all that they may.

The iiii elementes/in lyke condycyon
The tyre/the water/the ayre/and the londe
Observen theyr duty/after theyr creacyon
And burum ben/and ever so be fonde
Thus every creature/as we understonde
Werburge

a. ii.

Dbepeth to his creature/with humylyte Except dycolute man/folowing fentualyte.

If man wyll remembre/how he was create To the lykenes and figure/of god almyghty And fet in paradyle/a place moost delycate To have the fruycyon/of eternall glory/
If not synne expulsed hym/to the bale of mysery But that he woide enclyne/his naturall reason To serve his maker/truely at due season.

Dyuers people/have dyuers condicions Compuly proved/it is every day Some fet to bertu/and good disposycyons In penaüce/prayer/all that they may Some in contemplacyon/the fothe to say Some in abstynence/to chastyce the body And make it subget/to the soule perfytely.

Some other rejoyce in synne and ydelnes Some servauntes to Cenus both day and nyght Other to coveryse and worldly besynes Some to deceyve by subtyste in syght Some but marchandyse a wynnynge full ryght Some ferefull and tymerous without audacyte Some sade and sobre and of great gravyte.

Many have pleasure to speke of rybaudry Some of fyghtynge/braulynge/and actes marcyall Other to flater/and paynt the company Some to syt bytwene the cuppe and the wall Some to blaspheme/and dysemble withall

To backbyte and sclander/by malyce and enby Some to extorcyon/theste and playne robry.

Thus after fraylte/and fundry complexyons Dyuers men dyuers in lyuynge there be Dysposed by a contrary dysposycyon Some but o bertue/some but o banyte Many maners of people/now we may se Wauerynge in the worlde/without quyetnes As a shyp by tempest/is dryuen doubtles.

Whan I revolued/with due circumstaunce The dyners maners/and mutabylyte Of worldly people/and the great varyaunce And how this lyte/is of no fuerte Now in great langour/now in prosperyte Det after our meryte/we shal be sure To be rewarded/at our departure.

Than to bertuous labours/we thulde apply And spende not our tyme/all in ydlenes for as a byrde is made/by nature to fly Ryght so we thulde bse/some good busynes To our soule helthe/with great mekenes for tyme euyl spende in labours bayne Is harde to be well/recovered agayne

But now fyth Jam/a relygyous man for losynge of tyme/can not me excuse Therfore J purpose/to do as J can All suche ydenes/whylom to resuse With the grace of god/the tyme for to ble Merburge.

a. iii.

Some small treatyse to wryte breuely To the compu bulgares theyr mynde to satysty.

To describe his histories/I dare not be so bolde Syth it is a mater/for clerkes convenient As of the. bis. aeges/and of our parentes olde Or of the. isis. empires/whilom moost excellent knowings my lernynge/therto insufficient As for bawdy balades/ye shall have none of me To excite light hertes/to pleasure and banyte.

But now in auoydynge/fuche great folyshenes I purpose to wryte/a legende good and true And translate a syste/into Englyshe doubtles I meane the spouse/of our lorde Ihesu Blessed saynt Werburge/replete with vertue A noble prynces borne/4 byrgyne pure and gloryous After an holy monyall/and an abbesse gracyous.

In the abbay of Thestre/she is shryned rychely Pryores and lady/of that holy place
The chyef protectryce/of the sayd monastery
Longe before the conquest/by decyne grace
Protectryce of the Tytee/she is and ever was
Talled specyall prymate/and pryncypall presydent
There rulynge buder/our lorde omnypotent.

And yf J unworthy/begynne this lytell werke J praye all the reders/mekely of pardon Co correcke and amende/fyth J am no clerke Ercufe my ignoraunce/and take the entencyon My mynde is to thewe/her lyfe and devocyon

That every man and woman ensample maye take At this pure byrgyn fynne to forsake.

And fyth that the is in blysse now gloryfyed It were no reason/her name be had in scylence But to the people/her name be magnyfyed To her laude and prayse/honour and reverence Her parentes and bretherne/ye sources of experyence Have ben kepte in close/secrete many a day Cahersore I purpose/somwhat of them to say.

Fyrst Jentende/to make playne descrypcyon De her fathers kyngedome the reasme of Mercyens How longe it endured/under his tuycyon Under how many kynges/it had prehemynens Also of her petygre/the noble excellence for so many sayntes/of one kynred certayne Is harde to be founde/in all the worlde agayne.

Unto this rude werke/myne auctours these chalbe fyrst the true legende/and the benerable Bede Mayster Alfrydus and Alyllyam Maluysburye Gyrarde/Polycronycon/and other mo in deed Now gloryous god/graunt me to procede Blessed byrgyn Aerburge/my holy patronesse Pelpe me to endyte/J praye the swete maystresse.

• A description of the realme of Mercyens/of bondes and commodites of the same.

The yere of our Sauyoure/by full cumpulacyon foure hūdred/nyne a fourty frome his nativite a. iiii.

As venerable Bede/maketh declaracyon Duke Pengyst came to this lande in great royalte With Sarons/Angles/Jutes/thre people myghtye Delyred by Aortyger/than kynge of Brytons Came to defende/fro greuous oppressyons.

Also the yeres of our blessed sauyoure Syre hundreth soure score and nyne expresse The Brytons were expulsed to sayth myne auctoure from Englande to walles/with great wretchydnes. In Englande than ruled/seven hynges doubtles Tahose names we purpose to shewe with lycens. But pryncypally of the kingdome of Mercyens.

The fyrst realme of Saxons/began in Kent
The yere of grace/foure hundreth fyue and fyfty
There duke Engystus/in honour excellent
This sceptre and crowne/fyrst reygned royally
The seconde was Southsex/sayth the hystory
Ther Adla and Ella/reygned full ryght
Thiche realme endured/but short tyme in myght.

The thyrde was Mest sarous/famous and myghty Mhere fyrst reygned kynge Cerdicus
The yere of our lorde/fyne hundreth one and twenty Whiche realme by processe/and power byctoryous Subdued all other/to hym full memorous
The pryncypall Cytees/of his regalyte
Mere in olde season/Mynchester and Salesburye.

The fourth was Effler/where duke Erchenwyn Fyrst reggned kynge/hauynge domynacyon By the Kynge of Merselande/brought ofte to ruyne The chyet Cytee was Colchester/of his domynyon Also of eest Englande/was the systh kyngdome Tuhere Usfa crowned/had syrst the susteraynte De Northsolke and Southsolke/knowen in certaynte.

The syrthe was the kyngdome of Merslande Where Tryda was crowned fyrst by auctoryte Pauynge nyne syres/obedyent to his hande As after shall appere/more euydent to be The seuenth was Northüberlande/bnder Ida & Alle Whysom dyuyded/in sondry kyngdomes twayne The chyse Tytee was yorke/wher ye kynge dyd reygne.

The realme of Mercyens/by olde antyquyte As playnly declareth/Polycronycon
Thre hundreth yeres/endured in auctoryte
Under eyghtene kynges/worthy nomynyon
Breatest of governaunce of all this regyon
Uhere Uluster reygned/a kynge byctoryous
Father to saynt Ulerburge/byrgyn moost gloryous.

The boūdes and lorshyppes/of the sayd Mercyens As shewen dyners bokes hystoryall Where large and myghty/and of great prehemynens Where the sayd kynge reygned by power impervall This realme to dyscrybe/begyn we shall At the Cytee of Chester/and the water of Dee Bytwene Englande and wales/of the west partye

And to transcendynge / bp towarde Shrewytbury By the water of Sabryne / vnto Brystowe The Eest see mesureth/the Eest parte truely The water of Chamys/the south parte doth shewe flowynge buto London/whoso dothe it knowe The water of Humbre was on the north syde With the water of Mersee/theyr landes to dyuyde.

Of the forelayd ryuer/and water of Mersee The kynge of Mercyens/taketh his name As moost sure dyuydent/to be had in memorye Mesurynge and metynge/the bondes with great same Of Mersee and Northumberlande/kynges of the same Bitwene chesshyrandlacashyr theyr kagdomes certayne As auncyent Cronycles descryben it full playne.

The layd myghty hyngdome of Mercyens dyd holde Many noble Cytees/with townes and burghes royall Thiche Penda optayned/enlarged manyfolde As Chefter/Stafford/Lytchefelde/Couetre memorall Lyncolne and Puntyngdon/Porthampton withall Leycefter and Berby/Cambrydge and Dronforde Thorchefter and Brystowe/with other mo A Perforde

Many royall ryuers/were conteyned in the same With fundry hyndes of fyshes/swete and delycyous It were tedyous to shewe/of them the dyners name In ryuers and in pooles/swymmynge full plentuous Also forestes/parkes/chases large and beauteous And all beestes of benery/pleasaunt for a kynge To cours at lyberte/besound there passurynge

Also this royall realme/holdeth as we fynde Habundaunce of fruytes/plesaunt and prosytable

Breat plente of cornes/and graynes of every kynde With hylles/valeys/pattures/comly and delectable The soyle and gleve/is fet plentuous and comendable In all pleasaunt propurtes/no part of all this lande May be compared/to this foresayd Merselande.

The people of Mercyens/the trouthe yf we dare fave Lordes/barons/knyghtes/with all the comunete In musture and in batayle/ever the payce have they The kynges grace to ferve/moost valyant in artylere In all actes Marcyall/ever havynge the vyctorye With herte/mynde and harneys/redy day and nyght They enemyes to subdue/by power mayne a myght.

If they be well orded/boder a fure capytagne And set to suche busynesse/they, honour to auaunce The tryumph they optagne/knowen it is certagne In Englade and Scotlande/& in the realme of France Fewe of them have contred/by manhode & valeance Great nombre of enemyes/with knyghthode & polycy We meane them moost specyall/in the Weest party.

Many other commodytes/pleasures and proprytes This sayd realme/holdeth of olde antyquyte In royaltes and lordhyppes/landes and lybertes Honourably dylated/in worthyp and polyce Flourynge in wysedome/honours and chyualre Uerysyed by kynge Offa/moost myghty and excellent Proued in his actes/by playne experyment

This Offa tubdued in hylfory as is founde The kynge of Westsarons Porthumberlande a Kent Droue Brytons to wales/out of this lande And made a depe dytche/for a fure dyuydent Bytwene Englande and Wales/a to this day prefente Is called dytche Offa/fo that no Bryton On payne of punythement/hulde entre this regyon.

Kynge Offa trāslated/as sayth Polycronycon By myghty power/the see of Canterbury Unto Lychefelde chyrche/with famous oblacyon for ever to contynu/confyrmed by auctoryte Also he founded/saynt Albans monasterye Fyrst of devocyon/to Rome gave Peter pens Chus royall somtyme/was the realme of Mercyens.

A descripcion of the Geanalogy of saynt Merburge and how the descended of source kynges of this lande/a of the royall blode of Fraunce.

Megnum Merc. er pte pris.

this noble prynces/the doughter of Syon The flouse of vertu/and vyrgyn glosyous Blessed Saynt Merburge/full of devocyon Descended by auncetry/and tytle famous Of foure myghty kynges/noble and vyctosyous Reynynge in this lande/by true successyon As her lyfe hystosyall/maketh declaracyon.

The yere of our lorde/frome the natyuyte fyue hundreth.riii. and also.iii. score Whan Austyn was sende/frome saynt Gregorye To convert this regyon/buto our sauyoure The noble kinge Czyda/than reygned with honoure Upon the mercyens/whiche kynge was father Unto kynge Alybba/and Duadiburge his lyfter.

This Mybba gate Penda/kynge of mercyens Mhiche Penda subdued/fyue kynges of this regyon Reygnyge thytty yere/in worthyp and reverens Mas grauntfather to Merburge/by lynyall fuccessyon By his quene Kyneswith/had a noble generacyon fyue valeant ptynces/Penda and kynge Mulfer/ Kynge Ethelred/faint Marceyl/faint marwalde ī fere.

And two holy doughters/blessed and vertuous Saynt Keneburge/and saynt Keneswyde the vyrgyn Whiche ladyes were buryed/full memorous At peturborowe abbay/and now there lyen in shyne The sayd kynge Ethelrede/by sufferaunce deuyne Had a psynce Tochede/whiche after reygned kynge That trasacted Werburge/the.r.yere of her busyenge.

Saynt Merwalde specyfyed/bucle to saint Werburge By his quene saint Ermeberge a pices doughter of ket Bate.iii. holy byrgyns/saint myldzed & saint mylburge Saynt Mylgyde the thyzde/of vertu equypolent Whith a sone Mereum/whiche frome the holy sacramet Of baptym was taken/by myracle expresse To the blys of heuen/to reygne there endelesse.

The feconde fone of Penda/we meane kynge Aulfere A noble valyant prynce/by lynyall dyfcent Reygnynge voon the Mercyens with royalte a power Maryed faynt Ermenylde/yº kynges doughter of kent Aharyed throughe the grace of god omnypotent

They had fame yssue/saynt Merburge /saynt Kenrede Saynt wulfade/saynt Kuffyn/in story as we rede.

## T Regnum Porthumbrorum/ Er parte matris.

The fecode realme of who faynt Merburge dyd descede Mas of faynt Edwyn/kynge of Northumberlande Whiche maryed Duadryburge/his ryghtes to defende Doughter of Cryda/kynge of Merklande Bytwene them descended/as we bnderstande Two comity prynces/the fyrst we call Eadfryde The secode sone in batayle sayne was named Offryde

kynge Eadfryde gate Pereryc y' was kynge of Deiram This Pereryc by Beortwyde his quene fayre a fre Pad faynt Pylde the abbeste faynt Bede fayth y' same Lady also foundresse fof the abbay of Ahythye This sayd kynge Pereryc/had another lady The quene of cest Englade/faynt Peryswith she hyght Mother to saynt Serburge /a thre other ladies bryght.

This holy Serburge/full of grace and goodnes Ulas marred to Ercombert/a noble kynge of Kent Bytwyr them descended/a precyous ryches The bleflyd Ermenylde/humble and pacyent Uhiche for her vertue/was marred full excellent To Uluster kynge of Merciens/with great solempnyte And mother was to Werburge/a swete floure of chastite

> Exegnum Estanglozum/ ex parte matris.

The thyide noble kyngedome of her parentage Was the realme of eest England whylom i great degre Tytylus kynge of the same byctogous and sage Bate Redwald his fyrst some a chrysten prynce was he This Redwalde had.ii. somes flourynge in chyualrye The fyrst was Kenuherus a noble man of same The seconde Corpwaldus called by his name.

This foresayd kynge Tytylus/had a feconde fone Talled Egnicius/accepted as a martyre Whiche fayd Egnicius/by lynyall progressyon Had.iii. noble prynces/that worthy ever were The fyrst was called Ethelwod/y° feconde Adelhere The thyrde was faynt Anna/a kynge moost bertuous In batayle sayne bnryghtfully/now a martyr gloryog

This forlayd kynge Anna/mazyed as we rede
The holy pzynces Pezelwith/for love and amyte
They had a noble yffue/to encrease theyz mede
The bleffed Serburge/faynt Audzy of Elye
Saynt Ethelburge the thyzd/in Bzyges now lyeth the
Saynt Withburge the.iiii. y martyr faynt Jurwyne
And Aldulph after kynge/which regned a loge tyme.

The lady faynt Serburge/eldest of them all A gracyous matione/enduzynge all her lyfe Was maized to Ercombert/y kynge of Kent royall They brought fourth a progeny/noble to dyfczyue The bleffed Ermenylde/bertuous mayd and wyfe Whiche lady was mother/by grace of god almyght Unto bleffed Werburge/our confort and our lyght.

Megnum Cancie et Francie er parte matzis.

The.iiii. myghti kyngdome/of whom this royal paces Saynt Merburge descended/was the realme of kent Where reygned tyrst Pengystus/by byctory a prowes Whiche was the fourth man/by lygnage euydent Procedynge fro Moden/a prynce full prepotent Of whom our pgenytours/Angles/Jutes/a Sarons Lynyally succeded/kynges of dyuers nacyons.

This forelayd prynce Mode as dyners auctours layne Mas the.rb. fro Noe by naturall progression Of his eldest some Sem descending playne In farous tongue Geaf after ryte and custome Not of the lygne of Japhet by they opynyon Retourne we to Hengyst and to his successources And speke of they royalte to please the audytoures.

Ermenzycus kynge of kent/reygned with great power The yere of our fauyoure/fyue hundreth fyue a thyzte Unto whome Engystus was great graundfather This fayd kynge Ermenzyc/had ystue fayze and fze Adoughter called Kicula/which mazied was to seede Of Estlex and Azydylsex/gouernoure and kynge Of whom a myghty kynred/by proces was comynge.

This Ermenzyc gate Ethelbzyct full vertuous Alhiche kynge reygned in kent/the yere of our fauyour Frue hundreth frue a frfty/a baptyfed was graceous By blestyd bythop Austyn/of Englade called doctour He was frest czysten krnge/a pzynczpail pzotectour Of the fayth within this lande/and founder was also Of dyners holy places and monasteryes both tow.

This fayd kinge Ethelbeyc/for the great habundauce Of ryches and honour/was maryed folemply To the prynces Berta/the kynges doughter of frauce And of them proceded a vertuous progeny Eadburg a Ethelburg faintes/whiche Ethelburg truly By Edwyne kyng of Porth/had.iii. prices honorable And.iii. holy doughters/gracyous and commendable.

Also kynge Ethelbyyct/had to his successoure Kynge Eadbalde/in Kent reygnynge a longe space He mayed lady Emma/of fraunce the chosen floure And by her had yssue/saynt Enswyde full of grace Also pynce Ermenzed his seconde sone/whiche wace Maryed to quene Osaua/of them dyd procede Two holy martyrs/Ethelbyyct and Etheldzede.

This prynce Ermenred/had.iiii. ladyes bryght
Lyke the.iiii. floodes df Paradyle/thynynge in vertu
The eldest of the tysters/faynt Ermenberge hyght
The feconde faynt Ermenburge/the spouses of Jhesu
The thyrde faynt Adeldryde/all vyces dyd subdu
The.iiii. saynt Ermegyde/fayth theyr lyues hystoryall
Thre of them holy vyrgyns/the fourth matrone we call

This foresayd Eadbalde/a souerayne myghty kynge By Emma of Fraunce/had to his enhextoure The noble kynge Ercumbert/full gracyous in lyuynge Whiche maxyed Serburge/with worshyp a honoure The kynges doughter of eest England specyfyed afore This prynce loued bertue/prayer and deuocyon Merburge b i. Commaūdynge all his realme / to kepe pe fact of Lenton.

Ercombert.rrr. yere/regnpnge in his regaly Had a noble progeny/in grace and all goodnes His prynce hyght Egbryct/his feconde fone Lothary Cahiche prynce reygned but ten yere/hynge expresse Lothary succeeded hym/raynynge.rii. yeres doubtlesse Also he had two doughters/saynt Ermenylde y quene The other hyght saynt Erkengode/a moynes serene.

This lady Ermenylde/was marked royally
To the aforelayd Aulter/kynge of Aercyens
Bytwene them descended/full gracyously
A noble Margaryte/of hye magnyfycens
A roose of Paradyse/full of prehemynens
Aloost blested Cherburge/the gemme of holynes
Dur synguler suffrage/and sterre of our clerenes.

A descripcion of the actes a chyualty of kynge Penson graundfather to saynt Aerburge a of his noble and bertuous yssue and progence.

Ca.iiii.

The yere of grace. bi. c. fyre and twenty
The foresayd pynce Pēda/began for to reygne
The tenth man fro Moden/a pynce in Sarony
Some and heyre to Mybbe/sayth myne auctour playne
fysty yeres of aege/that tyme he was certayne
Than he was fyrst crowned/kynge of Mercyens
Thurty yeres he reygned/with great reuerens.

ffue kynges in batayle/this Penda dyd fubdue Saintes Edwyn a Dfwald/kynges of Poethūberlāde Mith Sygebert/Egnycius/and Anna full of vertu Thre noble kynges/regnynge in eest Englande Mith helpe of Bzytones/by Bede we bnderstande Dylated his regyon/with wozshyp and honoures Moche more than dyd/any of his predecessoures.

He marred Keneswith/a lady fagre and bryght And by her had yssue/a goodly generacyon Peada his prynce/Auster a noble knyght Saynt Ethelred/and Merwalde full of deuocyon Also saynt Mersellyn/of holy conversacyon Saynt Keneburge/also saynt Keneswyde Auntes to saynt Merburge/upon the fathers syde.

The of his chyldren/as we understande Prince Peada/Kyneburge/and Ethelrede He maryed with Dswy/Kynge of Porthumberlande To.iii. of his yssue/for love and for mede Auster and Merwalde/the story sayth in dede Where maryed unto/the royall blode of Kent To Ermenylde and Domueue/two ladges excellent.

Soone after by grace/the myddyll parte of Mercyens Ander prynce Peada/were baptyled eucry chone Alhiche Peada maryed/Elstede with reuerens Doughter buto Dlwy/kynge of the North regyon Penda therto graunted/without contradyccyon Ander a fre lycence/his people were at lyberte Alithin all his regyon/baptyled for to be.

Also paynce Alfryde/sone to kynge Oswy Maryed saynt Keneburge/syster to paynce Peada Cherburge b.ii. Alhiche sayd Peada/blought from the north party foure holy preestes/Ted/Beccy/and Adda To preche to his people/the fourth was Duyna Alhiche.iiii. selden seased/day/nyght nor tyme To connert the people/buto chrystes doctryne.

Kynge Penda consented as a fore is sayd
And permytted doctours to preche in every place
Thrughout his realme and never it denayed
T baptyle his subjectes by fayth and ghostly grace
He ayded them with socour and helpe in that case
That wolde be converted for they synguler mede
As sayth more auctour the benerable Bede.

But by the temptacyon of our ghostly enemy This sayd kynge Pendasthis byctogous knyght Dt valgaunt men in armure rayled a great company And to the North partyes went purposynge to syght And cruelly to see by power mayne and myght The foresaid kynge Oswy as he afore had sayne Sayt Oswalde his brother kynge and martyr playne.

Shortly was forgoten/the favour of his affynyte That fully was cotracte/bytwene these kynges twayne Joyned at the maryages/of theyr chyldren thre Ever to have endured/in love by reason playne yet Dswy offered Penda/many ryche gyftes certayne To avoyde his malyce/and for to kepe the peas Whiche Penda refused/replete with wyckednes.

Bytwene thefe.ii. kynges/was a ströge myghty batell Pot ferre from yozke/ny the flood of Alynwed

In the regyon of Leedes/where by fortune cruell kynge Penda peryshed/& carefully was leed And.rrr. dukes with hym/were sayne and lefte deed The kynge Olwy offered gladly/with good entent His yonge doughter Edelsted/to god omnypotent.

He let her for doctryne to the abbesse laynt Hylde Lady of Strenyshalt now called Ahythy And gaue.rii. possessyons a monastery to buylde Whiche place is from yorke myles thyrty He gave great landes to his sone in lawe Peade But the thyrde yere after this sayd prynce was sayne By treason of his wyse Elsede for certayne.

Thow after dethe of Penda a his sone prynce Peada his seconde sone Aulter/father to saynt Aerburge was electe to be kynge of all the Mercyens. Ca.b.

After that this Penda/of Aercyens hynge In batayle by kynge Dlwy/cruelly was dayne And his prynce Peada/after hym thre yeres reygnynge Was put buto deth/by his quene in certayne These people of Aercyens/rebelled sore agayne The foresayd Dlwy/kynge of Northumberlande And hym resuled/as ye hall buderstande.

All the fayd Mercyens/by a generall counfell fortyfyed themselse/with power myght and reason And crowned prynce Auster/as Bede doth is tell with honour/worthyp/and great renowne Whiche prynce to kynge Penda/was the seconde sone This prynce was preserved/asore tyme secretly according b.iii.

And faired by his subjectes/frome dethe and malady.

This valyaunt prince/and redoubted knyght Hynge Auster thus crowned/with great prosperyte Apon the Mercyens regned/by tytle and myght Ahiche realme was druyded/whylom in partes thre styll in the Aless marches/a in the South parte truely The thyrde parte was nominate/mydle Englonde Duer them all thre/he regned as is fonde.

This fayd kynge Aulfer/in honour famous Alas devoutely baptyled/with great folempnyte By two holy by thops/the blessed Kinanus And by thop Jerumannus/faythe the hystoxye The kynge made a bowe/of hye auctoxyte All temples of ydols/within his regyon To destroy and chaunge/buto chxysten relygyon.

This Aulfer was polytyke/replete with wyldom Ayctozyous in batayle/proued by his chyualry His enemyes oppressed/by manhode and reason Subdued his aduersaryes/and had the byctozy from his reasone expelled/all crueil tyranny Conquered in batayle/at Ashdum ryght famous The kynge of Alest Sarons/called Kenwalcus.

Also he subdued/buto his Empyre
The Ilande Aecta/called the yle of wyght
And after that he had/of it his desyre
He gave the sayd yle/by tytle full ryght
To the kynge of cest Englande/to enlarge his myght
Ander that condycyon/that he baptysed wolde be.

And was his godfather of pure charyte

In lykewyle as this prougnce of Mercyens Tuhylom was greatest realme within Englande Many yeres contynuynge in prehemynes Ryght to the spyrtualte well knowen and founde How frue byshop sees within this sayd Merselande As at Chester at Lychefelde also at Worchester. The fourth at Lyncolne the fytth at Porchester.

Forthermore after dethe/of Jerumannus Byllhop of Lychfelde/Auster the sayd kynge Desyred the archebyllhop/and prymate Theodorus To graunt them a byllhop/of holy lyuynge To governe the people/by sprytuall techynge To thewe to his subjectes/the ensample of vertuand to preche and teche/the fayth of Thryll Jhelu.

This holy archebystop/and prymate Theodorus Desyred saynt Tedda/of the kynge Oswy for his perfeccyon/and lyuynge vertuous To be remoeued/to the prouyce of Aercy kynge Auster was gladde/of his comynge truly kyght so were all/the people of his realme Thankynge thersore/the kynge of Jerusalem.

Kynge Aulfer graunted/to faynt Cedda the cofessoure Than byshop of Lychefelde/moche possesson To edyfy chysches/buto chystes honoure But namely he gave a certayne mansyon In the prougnce of Lyndesy/ny buto Lyncolne Sustycyent to sustyle/and well for to content fyfty feruauntes of good relygyous obedyent.

This noble fayd prince/and redoubted fouerayne flourynge in manheed/wyfedome and polycy Ercelled the peres/of this realme certayne In person/fortytude/and proued chyualry Lyberall to his feruauntes/gentyll in company Gracyous to the poore/and a sure protectour A founder of chyrches/and a good benefactour.

A lytell descrypcyon of the noble maryage bytwene kynge Auster a faynt Ermenylde y' kynges doughter of Kent/Aof the solepnyte done at y' same season. Ca.vi.

In meane whyle the kynge/mynded maryage By the fufferaunce of our loode god omnypotent Islue to encrease/acoodynge to his lygnage After hym to succede/kynge and presydent He mynded moost/the kynges doughter of Kent Princes Ermenylde/nomynate she was A beautefull creature/replete with great grace.

Certaynly her father/was called Ercomberte As afore is specyfyed/the kynge of Kent Her mother Serburge/humble in her herte Df whome Ermenylde/a lady excellent Lynyally descended/by tytle full auncyent Her graundfather/Edbalde kynge Ethelbryctes sone The fyrst crysten prynce/of Saxons nacyon.

Of foure myghty hyngdomes the is descended from the royall blode of Fraunce also of Kent

Upon her fathers party/as afore is notyfyed And on her mothers fyde/by lyne aunceent frome the eest Englande/famous and excellent Also of Porthumberlande/flourynge in honour Converted and baptysed/bnto our sauyour.

This fayd Ermenylde/this floure of bertue Was ener dyfpoled/from her natyuyte Unto the dyfcyplyne/of our lorde Thefu Enspyced with his grace/and benygnyte Resuled this worlde/ryches and banyte He bled the maners/of sadde dysposycyon Passynge fragyll youth/and naturall reason.

Suche synguler confort of vertuous doctryne In her so dyd water a pure persyte plante Whiche dayly encreased by susteraunce deupne Merueylously growynge in her freshe and varnaunt With dyners proprytes of grace exuberaunt As sobrynes/dyscrecyon/and mekenesse byrgynall Obedyence/graupte/and wysedome naturals.

Every tree of plante/is proved eugdent Alhyther good of eugll/by experyence full fure By the budde and fruyte/and pleasaunt descent Alwete tree byggeth footh/by cours of nature Swete fruyte and delycyous/in tast and berdure Ryght so Ercombert/by his quene moost mylde Brought gracyously footh/the swete Ermenylde.

She folowed her father in worthyp and honoure As her mother Serburge the toke imptacyon Werburge c.i. To lyue in clennes/presentinge in behauyour Per sather in power/her mother in relygyon Humble in herte/hauynge compasiyon Pyteous and lyberall/where was necessite Joyfull to observe/the dedes of charyte.

Forther of her lyfe/to make declaracyon As the true legende playnly dothe expresse Consyder the hystory/with good inspeccyon Of blessed Serburge/that noble pryncesse The sayd conversacyon/and ghostly swetenesse That is perceyued/in her holy mother The same persecyon/was in the other.

Reverthelesse Ermenylde/escape ne myght Alogloely honours/and seculer dygnyte As required so noble a state of ryght Ryches/possessyon/namely her beaute But but maryage/compelled was she Of her parentes/contrary to her entent To whome she was founde/ever obedyent.

This noble lady/by decime proudens Elected to her/a spouse commendable A valyaunt prynce/the hynges sone of Aercyens Talled hynge Auster/famous and honorable Reygnynge in Aercelande/with ioy incomparable Ercellynge many other/prynces of this regyon In ryches/retynu/fortune/honour/and wysome

At this maryage/was moche folempnyte Her father Ercomberte/and her frendes all Tho prynces her bucles/Egbryct and Lothary The kynge of eest Englande/Aldulph in specyall Dukes/erles/barons/and knyghtes in generall Whiche sayd company/were redy that same day To worthyp the matrymony/in theyr beest aray.

This royall maryage/was folempnyfed With fynguler pleasures/ryches and royalte They? frendes cosyns/redy on every fyde To do they? devoy!e/and thewe humanyte Pothynge wantynge/every thynge was plente Of delycate metes/and myghty wynes stronge With mynstrels/melody/and myethes amonge.

Cahan this fagre prynces/resplendent in vertue Came but Mercelande/ in the order of matrymony Than grace with good governaunce/dyd byce subdue Aertue was mayltres/chefe ruler and lady The faythe of holy chyrche/dyd growe and multyply Relygyon encresed/honour and prosperyte In every place pacyence/true love and charyte.

At the folempne spousage of this lady bryght kynge Auster promysed on his sydelyte Errours to correcke by his wysdome and myght Clerely to expell all sectes of ydolatrye frome his realme and fulfyll by his auctoryte The promyse truely made at the fonte of baptyme The chyrche to conserve and save it from ruyne.

The myghty realme of Mercyens/also of Kent That season were brought/bothe buto buyte Ulerburge c.ii. And as one kyngedome/ruled full excellent They; subjectes and servauntes/in tranquyllyte Kynge Auster by his quene/had a noble progenye Austade and Kustyn/with prynce Kenrede And Werburge/of whome we purpose to procede.

A breue declaracyon of the holy lyfe and conversacyon of faynt Merburge/bfed in her tender youthe/above the comyn cours of nature. Ta.bii.

Pescendynge of noble/and hye parentage Was doughter to Auster/the legende dothe rehers kynge of Mercelande/and of famous lynage Her mother Ermenylde/iopned to hym in maryage They dwelled somtyme/a lytell frome Stone At a place in Staffoldeshyle/amyddes his regyon.

They had bytwene them other chyldren thre Aultade and Ruffyn martyrs full gloryous Synt Kenrede his prynce of greate auctoryte Tumplate at Rome a confessour gracyous The lyues of these thre we wyll not now dyscus But speke of the ghostly and meke conversacyon Of blessed Alerburge now at this season.

for as declareth/the true Pallyonary A boke wherin/her holy lyte wryten is Alhiche boke remayneth/in Chester monastery I purpose by helpe/of Ihesu kynge of blys In any wyse to reherse/any sentence amys But folowe the legende/and true hystory After an humble style/and from it lytell bary.

This blessed courself from her naturate followings the counteys of her noble parentes Pysposed her selfe ever to humplyte Obedpent to them with all reverens Loth to dysplease or make any offens Or dysquyet any reasonable creature Thus was her maner in youthe be ye sure.

Sadde and demure/of her countenaunce Stable in gesture/proved in every place Sobre of her wordes/all vertu to avaunce Humble/meke/and mylde/replete with grace Hany vertuous maners/in her founde there was And dyners gyftes naturall/to her appropryate As was convenyent/for so noble a state.

And as the encreased/moore and more in age A newe plant of goodnes/in her dayly dyd sprynge Breat grace and bertue/were set in her ymage Wherof her father/had moche merbeylynge Her mother mused/of this ghossly thynge To behold so yonge/and tender a may From bertu to bertu/to procede euery day.

Po merueyll it is/who to taketh hede In naturall thynges/the dyners operacyon Dothe not a royall rote/from a biere piocede Pallynge the stocke/with pleasaunt dylectacyon The swete ryner passeth/by due piobacyon Werburge c.iii. His heed and fountagne/ryght so dothe she Transcende her parentes/with great benygnyte.

And tho her beetherne/delyted for to here for they toule helthe/ghottly erostacyon yet the them passed/manyfolde more clere In love of our lorde/and meke conversacyon And lyke as Phebus/in his hevenly regyon Passed other stretes/shynynge moost pure So dothe this byrgyn/aboue the cours of nature.

Lordes/dukes/barons/within the kynges hall Merueyled on her maners/and contaunte sobynes The plente of wysedome/and dyscrecyon withall In so tender age/they never knewe expesse Her mynde so perfyte/auoydynge all ylnes But they knewe well/it pretended by all reasone Synguler grace and goodnes/to her comynge soone.

Affrimings on this wyle/yf the wolde continu With fuche bertuous maner/in yeres of hye dyfcrecyon That the tholde do honour/by the grace of Jhesu Unto all her hynrede/and fynguler confolacyon An enfample of bertu/and humylyacyon They; conforte/they; trefure/and sterre full bryght And chefe lumynary/thynynge day and nyght.

ffyilt in the moinginge/to chyiche the wolde go folowings her mother/the quene every day thith her boke and bedes/and departe not them fro Here all decime feruice/and her devocyons fay And to our blessed sauyour/mekely on knees play

Dayly hym desyzynge/foz his endeles grace and pyte To kepe her frome synne/and pzeserue her in chastyte.

Tithere youthe is dysposed of natural mocyon To dyspozies and pleasures full of banyte This mayde was ever of sadde dysposycyon Constaunt and dyscrete styll and womanie Bladde in her soule to here speke of chastyte Clennes and sobjenes and ioysull for to here Bhossly eroztacyons to her herte moost dere.

Thow this yonge by:gyn faynt Merburge was defyred of dukes a erles in maryage and of the answere the gave to the in avoydynge woildly pleasures. Ca.bii.

Stender youthe passed/this blessed maydyn Dayly encreased/moze and moze in vertue In ghostly scyence/and vertuous dyscyplyne Observynge the doctryne/of our lozde Thesu Had his commaundymentes/in her herte full tru So that no creature/moze persyte myght be In vertuous gystes (by grace) than she.

She was replete/with gyftes naturall
Her byfage moost pleasaunt/fayse and amyable
Her goodly eyes/clerer than the crystall
Her countenaunce comily/swete and commendable
Her herte lyberall/her gesture fauourable
She lytell consyderynge/these gyftes transytosy
Set her felycyte/in chyfst perpetually

She hadde moche worthyp/weithe/ and ryches Cherburge c.iiii.

Hestures/honoures/reverence and royalte The ryches the dysposed/with great mekenesse To the pooze people/with great charyte But her sadnes/constaunce/and humylyte Hertue/gentylnes/so pacyent and colde Transcended all these other/a thousande solde.

The vertuous maners/and excellent fame Of this holy by:gyn/redoubted to ferre In all this regyon/in p:aylynge her name Chat the nobles of this lande/wolde not dyfferre But with ryche apparell/and myghty power Came for to feke her/lyke as to Salomon Quene Saba approched/to here of his wyledome.

So lykewyle fome came/to her of her vertue Some of her fadnesse/and prudent dyscrecyon Some for her constaunce/to stable and true Some of her chastyte/and pregnaunt reason Some for her beaute/and famous wysdome And some that were borne/of kynges lygnage Desyred yf they myght/have her in maryage.

In beaute ampable/she was equall to Rachell Comparable to Sara/in fyime sidelyte In sadnes and wysedom/lyke to Abygaell Replete as Delboza/with grace of prophecy Equyualent to Ruth/she was in humylyte In pulchytude Rebecca/lyke Hester in solynesse Lyke Judyth in bertue/and proued holynesse.

The plynce of Melksarons a pere of this lande

Alpllynge to have her by way of maryage With humble reverence as we understande Sayd to her these wordes wisely and sage D source lady borne of hye lynage D beautefull creature and imperpall prynces This is my full mynde that I now rehers.

from my fathers realme/hyder I am come Unto our prefence/yf ye be to content With worthyp and honouv/and moche renowne In all honest maner/aperynge euydent My mynde is on you fet/with love fervient To have you in maryage/all other to forfake If it be your pleasure/thus me for to take.

ye thalbe asured/a quene for to be
ye thall have ryches/worthyp/and honour
Royall ryche appareyll/and ehe the sufferaynte
Precyous stones in golde/worthy a hynges tresour
Landes/rentes/and lybertees/all at your pleasur
Servauntes every houre/your byddynge for to do
With ladyes in your chambre/to wayte on you also.

And with mylde countenaunce/antwered hym agayne The playnes of her mynde/to rest for evermore Savenge: o noble prynce/I thanke you now certayne for youre gentyll offer/shewed to me so playne ye be well worthy/for your regalyte To have a better maryage/an hundreth folde than me.

But now I thewe you playally my true mynde

My purpose was never/maryed for to be A lorde I have chosen/redemer of mankynde Thesu the seconde persone in trynyte Co be my spouse/to Ahome my byrgynyte I have depely bowed/endurynge all my lyse His servaunt to be/true spouses and wyse.

Cherfoze noble pzynce/hertfully I you pzay Cempte me no fozther/after fuche condycyon Whiche am to stedfast/and wyll be nyght and day Neuer foz to chaunge/noz make alteracyon Cake ye this answere/foz a sure conclusion Che pzomyse I have made/and bowe of chastyte Endurynge my lyfe/shall neuer bzoken be.

Pywers other altates/came her for to altayle Made instaunt requestes/but this briggen fre for all there busynesse/they myght not preuarle So constaunt frame a stable/in herte a mynde was the A mountayne or hyll/coner leve ye me Myght be remocued/agaynst the course of nature Than the for to graunte/to suche worldly pleasure.

She well confydered/the texte of holy scrypture Tho byleueth her chast/for the love of Thefu The temple of god/they be clypped sure and shalbe rewarded/for that noble bertu An hundreth folde (by grace) byces to subdu And heuen for to have/at theyr departynge Thishe she remembred wysely/aboue all thynge.

Thow ye false Werbode desyzed kinge Ausser to have

Werburge his doughter in maryage. And how y' kynge graunted therto. Ca.ir.

A store is tayd/whan Penda the kynge By faynt Dfwy kynge/at Leedes was nayne And Aulfer his sone/the fourth yere folowynge Was baptyfed and crowned/By byshop Fynane A folempne boue he made/faythfull and certayne All temples of ydolles/in his realme to destroy And chaunge them to chyrches/and newe edyfy.

The same he promyted/as he was true knyght Than that he maryed/blessed Ermenylde Dredynge sore the instruction god almyght for his fathers demerytes/bureconsyled On hym to fall sodernly/and so be begyled Promysynge amendes/at his conversion Anto holy chyrche/with humble devocyon.

Whiche kynge Aulfer/as was the more pyte By the wyched counfeyll/of a fals knyght Called Aerbode/ranne foone in apollafy for a lytell whyle/wantynge perfyte lyght. The bryghtnes of the day/was tourned to nyght. Whan he gave credence/that creature buto Prolongynge the actes/he promyfed to do.

Ander hynge Aulfer/chefe Kewarde of his hall Was this false Werbode/ruler of every porte Whome the lady Aenus/brought but the the Persed and wounded/so grewously his harte Enslammed with some / and with her syry darte

Plonget with forowe/frghrnge day and night The beaute of Werburge/moeued so his frght.

The blynde goddes Tupyde/bered to foze his mynde With interyoz loue/and fenfuall defyze Of wozidely affeccyon/that reste coude he none fynde His fpyzyte was troubled/he bzenned as dothe the fyze Apon this holy byzgyn/his loue was to entyze To have her in maryage/was all his intent That every houre was a moneth/after his judgement.

Prouvded in his mynde/how that he well myght Enforce hym wyfely/with boldynesse and polycye To shewe his full entent/in maner good and ryght No dyspleasure taken/bpon his lordes partye By this ymagynacyon/he fell bpon his knee Afore his lorde and kynge/desyrynge a petycyon His mynde to declare/with fully grace of pardon.

Excellent plynce he fayd/and moost worthy kynge That reggnes now within the realme of Englande Flourynge in chyualry/in honour encreasynge Trāscendynge other plynces/of this forsayd lande My full intencyon/now ye wall buderstande Requiringe your grace/in this poore cyrcumstaunce At my petycyon/to take no greuaunce.

My synguler good loide/hertfully I you pray With instaunte request/and humble supplycacyon Braunte me your doughter Werburge/as ye maye Co have her in maryage/avoydynge all treason If your grace deny/this present petycyon

Dethe me behoues/full soone and hastely My soue is so feruent/there is no remedy.

Stande by Merbode/kynge Aulfer than fayd Dur chyfe champyon/in all our chyualry your humble defyze/shall not be denayd Of Merburge our doughter/now confent wyll we Je ye may optayne/her wyll and mynde truele Her mothers also/ bnder that condycyon Me graunt her to you/at your nieke suggestyon.

Df this gracyous answere/a gladde man he was Reioglynge in his herte/began to conspyre Tastynge in his mynde/craftely by compas How he myght optayne/to the hye empyre And reygne after Aulser/at his owne desyre But tho man prepose/god dysposed all Who clymbeth to hye/often hath a fall.

Thow the quene faynt Ermenylde wolde not cosente therto/4 how her bietherne saynt Austade and Rustyn were against the sayd maryage.

Ca.r.

Pamely of Merebode/the greuous presumpcyon How he had moeued/thrught his wycked rage The kynge in suche causes/by synguler petycyon And how the kynge consented/to his supplycacyon She was sore greued/at this prowde crafty knyght Talled hym in presence/and sayd these wordes ryght.

Thou wycked treaunt and bukynde creature

folowynge thyne appetyte/and sensualyte Thou cruell pagane/presumynge at thy pleasure Blynded with ygnoraunce/and infydelyte Who gave the lycence/and suche auctoryte Dur doughter Werburge/to desyre of the kynge Without our counseyll/therto consentynge.

Confyder ryght well/thy hynred and pedegre It is well knowen/thou arte comen of nought Pother of duke/erle/loide/by auncetre But of bylayne people/yf it be well fought Agaynst our honour/now that thou hase wiought Chiche consequently/shall be to thy payne for all thy labour/is spende in bayne.

Thou knowes of a certayne/refused the hase Many a ryche maryage/within this sonde A thousande tymes better/than ever thou wase Is now oxels thalbe/by any maner sonde Dur doughter to the/shall never be bonde Nox suche a caytyse/shall have no powere With hynges blode royall/to approche it nere.

An officer thou arte/and of great royalte To be a true feruaunte/now thou arte our foo Tryed/proued/founde fals/in eche degre Thou hale well deserved/to be hanged on a tre for thy mysdede/thou hall soone repent Thy hye presumpcyon/proude and dysobedyent.

As folour doughter/and dere derlynge

By the grace of god/and our aduptement Soone halbe marped/to the moot myghty hynge That ever was boine/and in this erth lent We meane our faupour/loide omnypotent Wherfore thy wretchydnes/wyll bpon the lyght Thou taynted traytour/out of our fyght.

Mith that faynt Merburge /came into prefence Afore her mother/and all the company Doynge her duty/with all due reuerenc Folowynge her doctryne/full sappently With lycence optayned/spake euydently After suche maner/that all the audyence Reioysed to here/her lusty eloquence

D souerayne lady/and kynges doughter dere My dere mother/over all thynge transptory D gracyous prynces/and quene to kynge Austere To your ghostly counteyll/do me ever apply As I have promysed/ryght euydently To the kynge of kynges/and lorde celestyall I wyll observe/endurynge this lyfe mortall.

And thou false Merbode/folowynge sensualyte I meruaple greatly/thy hye presumpeyon To moeue our father/with suche audacyte knowynge my mynde/set on relygyon yet for thy some helthe/accepte this lesson Aske mercy and grace/of my spouse eternall Lest bengeaunce sodeynly/bpon the do fall.

Wherwith her bretherne/Wulfade and Ruffyn

Two noble plynces/manfull fadde and wyfe Soze bered with peyne/they? hertes were within At this falle stewarde/whiche can so deuyse Agayne they? honour/to do suche pleiudyse As to attempte they? father the kynge In so great a mater/they not consentynge.

They called Merebode/afoze them all Savenge thou caytyfe/who gave the lycence To moeue this caute/fo hy and specyall Touchynge a lady/of suche pzehemynence A kynges doughter/of moche magnyfysence Pone comparable to hym/in all this regyon In honour/royalte/power/and dyscrecyon.

And as our mother fayd/to the byfoine Loke well thy piogeny/and all thy lynage A byllayne oiels wers/fothly/thou was boine Now our dere fylter/wolde have in maryage As femynge for a piynce/of hye parentage Than for fuche a carle/by a piouerbe aucyent A lad to wedde a lady/is an inconvenyent.

Therfore we charge the/bpon greuous peyne Moue no tuche mater/nor speke of it no more for yf suche mocyon/come to by agayne Of hye presumpcyon/as is done afore Thou shalt repent/the cause and dede full sore Now we commaunde the/no forther to contryue But cease of suche busynesse/in peyne of thy syue.

Thow the false Merbode complayned by a Aulfade

and Fullyn to kynge Aulfare by malyce and enuy/and was the cause of they, dethe. Ca.ri.

This wyched Alerebode the bedyll of Belyall The minister of myschef a sergeaut of sathanas Consyderynge he was despyted of them all And soze rebuked for his outragyous trespas He wenned in enuy as a man without grace tast in his mynde how he myght wroken be Apon her bretherne by some subtylte.

Guer from that tyme the lay in wayte Sekynge occasyons on them to complayne Dayly ymagyned with subtyll deceyte Them to subdue and cause to be sayne Attendynge opostunyte to take them in a trayne By the false entysement of his mayser Belyall Prompte to all myschese as dyscyple naturals.

In favour of his prynce/by crafte he hym brought (As now is in custome) with false flatery Some please they mayster/and that is ryght nought So dyd this Werehode/by subtyll polycy His vengeable mynde/was hymselse to magnyfy And utterly to lose/these prynces twayne Dr destroye hymselse/by myssortune playne.

Lyke as Archythofell/chefe counselour to absalon Sundry tymes moeued hym/buto varyaunce And with kynge Assurus/in fauour was Amon Counseylynge hym ever/buto great myschaunce In lyke cause Werbode/moeued to bengeaunce Werburge.

Was chefe counseler/to Ausfer the kynge Whiche brought hym selse to shame/and eurll endynge.

The elder prynce Aulfade/in his dysporte Ased haukynge/huntynge/for a past tyme But bnto huntynge namely/was his resorte Euery day in the morowe/longe afore pryme And as it fortuned/byon a tyme A myghty harte reysed was/coursed a longe space Alhome Aulfade pursued/with pleasure and solace.

This harte fore strayned/ranne for his focour As all deer done/of they, properte
To a well with water/after his great labour Hym to reconforte/and the more fresher be
Therby faynt Tead/had his oratorye
The wylde harte there lay/full secrete and styll And suffered this holy man/to do all his wyll.

This blessed byshop moeued with pyte Couered this sayd harte/with bowes and seues also Put a small code/aboute his necke trule And after commaunded hym spedly to go To the wylde woodes/whens he came fro His pasture to seke/fox saynt Cead knewe truly It was a sygne followinge/of some great mysery.

(As Bede wrtnesseth) this holy confessour Mas byshop of Lychefelde and Couentre Whiche for the love of our fauyour In wyldernesse dwelled all folytarye Contented with fruytes of the wylde tree

Mith rootes/herbes/water/foz his fustentacyon Endurynge penaunce/with due contemplacyon.

This benerable paynce/ensuring this great harte Approched to his cell/with great dilygence Tenderly requiringe/where and in what parte This harte escaped/so ferre out of presence This holy man answered/with all reverence Beestes/bydes/sowles/I kepe none at all But I knowe the instructour/of thy helthe eternall.

By this blute beek thou thall perceyue well The facramentes of holy chyiche euerychone To encrete thy byleue by our ghottly countell And so to be baptysed and have remyslyon By dyners blute beestes for mannes saluacyon Dur loide hath the wed secretes mystycall To his electe persones by grace supernall.

To Poe came conforte/after the great deluge By a douve/bryngynge a braunche of Olyve To the prophet Hely/a raven dyd refuge Brought hym his fustenaunce/and saved his lyve Unto saynt Eustach/full memoratyve Our lorde appered/in a hartes lykenes To whome he obeyed/gladly with mekenes.

Df whiche examples/piynce Aulfade gladde was Thankynge god and faynt Tead/that he thyder come And fayd holy father/fulfylled with grace If ye can fupply/my instaunte petycyon That the fayd harte/myght retourne hyder foone Merburge. d.ii. Whiche is now in wyldernesse, but our presence Than to your doctryne. I wyll grue fully credence.

Saynt Cead but opayer/devoutely went And the wylde harte/frome the wood came hastely Whith the coide in his necke/apperyuge eugdent And in they, presence/stode full right soberly My some than he sayd/byleue than stedfassly Understande ye may/all thyuge possyble is Co a faythfull persone/that persytely byleuys.

Aulfade conforted/and in the fayth probate fell downe to his fete/with humble deuocyon Detyrynge baptym/to be regenerate Unto our fauyour/for his soules saluacyon Saynt Cead blessed/the well that season And baptysed this prynce/in name of the trynyte Was preess and godfather/for want of companye.

This chiviten prince/tarved with hym all night In fallinge/prayer/and medytacyon And was refreshed/naturally in tyght With bodyly and ghoffly fustentacyon The next day received/the holy comunyon With lycence departed/to his father againe The harte to the forest/recoursed certains.

The thylde day after/his blother Ruffyn Followinge the same harte/by deutine plouvdence Clas well instructed/in ghostly doctryne Baptysed by saynt Cead/4 communed with reverence And as it foltuned/by playne experience

Of all the proces done to the elder brother All thynge dyd happe ryght to to the other.

Afore this feason/chartes fayth moot gracyous Thrugh this lande/was preched in ever place By bythop Fynane/and Jerumannus Whiche Jeruman of eett Englande/traft bytop was And with faynt Ermenylde/came hyder by grace yet fully converted/was not Mersee regyon Thene frome ydolatry/buto this feason.

These forsayd prynces/converted newly By blessed Cead/to chrysten relygyon Dayly to hym resorted/for counsers! ghostly To encreace in vertue/and holy perfectyon With lycence pretended/they wolde togyder come Unto his oratory/from the kynges half Ander colour of Huntynge/as they dyd it call.

And as it is wryten/in holy scrypture Thoso is a sure frende/loueth stedfastly And who is enemy/putteth dylygent cure Myschefe to accomplysshe/mooth studyously The faste Therebode suspectinge/euydently The newe conversion/of these princes twayne Prepared hym craftely/to take them in a trayne.

He watched on them/secretely every day To knowe they; resorte/and but what place Lyke as a hounde folowynge/these prynces to bytray D; a dogge dothe a dere/by sent of the chas Whan he had perceyved/how all thynge was.

He compaled in mynde / by falle invencyon To complayne to the kynge / for theyr destruccyon.

My lynguler goode loide/and moost piyncypall Sayd this Merebode/the fals traytour Pleafeth your goodnes/and grace specyall To my supplycacyon/to be a piotectour ye have two piynces/myghty in honour Whiche are my loides/and ever shalbe If they wolde be true/to your soveraynte

They have refused/the more pyte is your auncyent lawes/and sectes everychone And with your lycence/have done yet more amys for now they be subjecte/to a newe relygyon Atterly resulyinge/your decrees and olde custome followinge the counseyll/and mynde of a senyor Talled byshop Tead/theyr specyall auctor.

your strayte commaundymentes/they dayly despyce And purpose I tell you/in secretenes. Unto your persone/to do moche presudyce. To murther or poyson you/shortly doubtles. And so for to reygne/and governe your ryches. Bytwene them twayne/to dyuyde your lande. By fals conspyracy/as ye shall biderstande.

With these false tales/and many other mo
The hyinge was moeued/to malyce and yze
By his complexcyon/as he was wont to do
Moze cruell than a beek/as feruent as the fyze
Depely akkymynge/that dethe hulde be theyz hyze

If he myght take them in any place They hulde be clayne and luffer withouten grace.

In the mozowe after/whan Phebus began to clere The kynge toke Merbode/with hym fecretly To try out the truthe/and how it wolde appere Wheder his pzynces/were gone to the ozatozy If it were fo/he fende hym pzyuely To gyue them knowlege/of his entent foz to remoeue/from his halfy Judgment.

The father had pyte/bpon his chyldren naturall Wolde not have flayne them/the fothe to fay Wherfore he fende/the feruaunt of Belyall To conuay them fro thems/fome other way The kynge knewe hymfelfe/not able that day To refrayne his yre/and cruell halfynesse. Byuen to hym of nature/in suche great dystresse.

This wycked Ulerebode/came to the ozatozy And sawe these pzynces/in great devocyon Counceyled his message/by malyce and enuy Retourned to the kynge/hastely and soone Pewly complaynynge/by fals ymagynacyon A hundzeth folde wozse/than at the fyzst tyme Ulith new addycyons/to bzynge them to ruyne.

And whan the hynge/approched nygh the cell Herynge the complayntes/of this fals hnyght The chyldren perceyued/a boyce ryght well Celled of theyr prayers/and came forth full ryght On whome whan Aultere/had ones a fyght

He was fore moeued/as hote as the free Agaynst her chyldren/that loued hym entree.

But by the malyce/and wyched temptacyon Of the deuyll/mannes olde mortall enemy And what by the false crafty suggestyon Of Alyched Alerebode/fulfylled with enuy And by his owne hastynesse/and cruell sury Chese prynces were sayne/Austade and Kustyn Pow gloryous martyrs/reggnynge in heuyn.

After whan hynge Aulfer/approched his castell And bunneth was entred/into his hall Incontynently a spyryte/the salse sende of hell Entred sals Alerebode/after the people all Inwardly hym bered/with peynes contynuall That his armes and handes/he dyd horrybly tere Al hiche sodayne bengeaunce/all the courte dyd fere.

He roved and yelled/lyke a wylde bull Shewed all the mylchefe/malyce and enuy Done agaynst the martyzs/with a mynde yzefull So foze constrayned/with peynes greuously The deuyll ceased not/his dolours to multyply Cyll his fylthy soule/compelled foze was foz to expyze/foz his hydeous trespas.

Thow kynge Aulfer was converted a toke great repentaunce for his offences. And by the confeyll of faynt Ceade was a devoute man/and a good benefactour to holy chyrche/and a founder of dyners holy places relygyous.

Ca.rii.

Pan Aulfer confyderynge/with due dylcrecyon his cruell haffynes/and furyous mynde how ferre he had/abufed his reason Agaynst his chyldien/by nature and kynde he foze repented/in hystozy as we fynde his grenous trespas/and homycyde bnnaturall in conscyence greued/fozhis synnes moztall.

Pamely lamentynge in soule his apostaty After his baptyme and ghostly conversyon And for the departure of his prynces truly Contrary to ryght kynde and all reason The loss of his same though this regyon A dethe to his quene and his lovers all Brevous to his kynnesmen and frendes naturall.

All these considered/with due cycumstaunce He wayled and weped/sobbynge full soze Plonged in sozowe/heuynes/and greuaunce Lamentynge his offence/a thousande tymes thersoze His intollerable peyne/encreased moze and moze Associately he went/to his bed by and by Supposynge some dethe/withouten any remedy.

Some of his lovers/beynge there present Baue hym theyr counself to hunte in the forest Some to dysportes/and pleasures evydent Some but o melody/all thoughtes to degest But Ermenylde his quene/whiche loved hym best Counseled hym truly/to take contrycyon And mendes make/by due satysfaccyon.

Merburge.

e.i.

Of this ghoffly counteyll/the kynge was very glad and in the mozowe after/prepared befyly With mekenesse to seke/blessed saynt Cead So whan the kynge came/to his oratory The byshop was at masse/and ryght consequently fro heuen descended/to gloryous a lyght Chat of the mystery/Auster had no syght.

TUhan masse was ended/faynt Cead his bestures caste Upon the some beame/by myzacle there hangynge Supposynge on a forme/and made moche haste To mete at the doore/mekely the sayd kynge Uhiche laye there prostrate/penaunce desyrynge Uhith reverence hym elevate/and gave an exortacyon The kynge was agreable/for to do satysfaccyon.

The byshop hym eniogned/in parte of penaunce To destroye all ydolles/and sectes of ydolatry In all his realme/and the temples of paganes To translate to the honour/of god almyghty With precses and clerkes/to pray and synge deuoutly Also peas and instruct/to be kepte contynuall With the werkes of mercy/to be bled in specyall.

Forther he eniouned hum/of his charyte Monasteryes to make/of great perfeccion Endowed with landes/possessed in lyberte Therin for to fet/men of relygyon To pray to our lorde/for his faluacyon Whiche Ausser promysed/to fulfyll gladle As soone as he myght/by possybylyte.

Than the forelayd kynge/and the holy confessour Ment to they, prayers/in the oratory And as the kynge loked up/to our fauyour The fayd facrat bestures/he sawe euydently Hangynge on the sonne beame/full merueylously His gloues/his gyrdell/the kynge had byon Miche shortly to grounde/falled adowne.

Therby he perceyued/the great holynesse Of blessed saynt Cead/and interyor devocyon Despred his prayer/dayly with mekenesse Co almyghty god/for his remyslyon frome thems departed/with his benedyccyon Joyfull in his soule/towarde his place Chankynge god mekely/of his great grace.

As the kynge promyled/to our lauyour Shortly he anoyded/all ydolatry Brenned they ydolles/correcked they errour Translated they temples/but god almyghty founded monasteryes/of relygyon many Of men and women/gave them possessyons Landes/rentes/ryches/to encrese devocyons

Pamely he founded/a ryche monastery for dethe of the prynces/in satysfaccyon To the honour of god/and saynt Peter truly Called Peterborowe abbay/in all this regyon Endowed it with rentes/lybertes/possessyon A place where many/relygyous persones be Seruynge day and nyght/our lorde with charyte.

Merburge.

e.ii.

Also there was founded/at Stone a piyote In the honour of god/and the martyts twayne Possessed with landes/rentes and lyberte Cothere deuoute chanons/ben inhabyte certayne Mysacles and sygnes/have ben shewed there playne To the laude and prayse/of god omnypotent And of these holy martyts/patrones there piesent.

■ Of the feruent destrict a great devocyon ye saynt clerburge hadde to be relygyous/\* of ye dayly supply cacyōs the made to the kynge her father so, the same. Ca.rii.

Sthis myghty prynces/encreated in age So dayly encreted/her good condycyons That greatly enjoyed/her honorable lynage Confyderynge in her/fuche vertuous dyfpolycyons In bygyls/prayers/and ghostly medytacyons Set all her mynde/power/myght/and mayne To ferue our fauyour/day and nyght certayne.

She well confidered/with due dyscrecyon
Of this present lyfe/the great wretchydnesse
How dredefull it is/full of varyacyon
Deceuable/peryllous/and of no tykernesse
The tyme bucertayne/to be knowen doubtlesse
for here is no cytee/nor sure dwelyinge place
All thinge is transfitory/in short procesand space.

TTherfore this byrgyn/gladde and benyuolent folowings the counfeyll/of blessed Mathewe Thas on of fyue byrgyns/euer redy present Had her lampe replete/with oyle full of bertue

Redy for to mete/her spouse swete Thesu With charytable werkes/in her soule contynuall Therfore the was taken/to his blys eternall.

She well confedered/the wordes of the gospell Who refuses pleasures/and naturall generacyon for the love of Thesu/rewarded thalbe well with a hundreth folde grace/here for there guerdon and after this lyse/have eterne fritycyon Whiche the remembred/and ever fro that day On her father wolde call/and mekely to hym say.

Reverent myghty prynce/and lorde honorable Moost dere byloved father/my fynguler helpe a focour My trust/trefure/and folace/to me moost amyable Instauntly I befeche you/for love of our fauyoure And of his mother mary/of byrgyns the floure With all the company/that in heven be My humble petycyon/now graunt it buto me.

Mell byloued father/this is my fully mynde My instaunte detyze/and humble supplycacyon By the grace of god/maker of all mankynde And by your lysence/helpe/and tuycyon I purpose to enter/into holy relygyon And utterly resule/all pleasures transytozy To be professed/at the house of Ely.

D my dere doughter/fayd this noble kynge My pleasure/folace/and hope of my gladnesse Moost dere byloued/and my fynguler swete derlynge I well consyder/your vertue and sadnesse Alerburge. e.sii. your instaunt request/and humble gentylnesse And of your desyze/inwardly Jam gladde But yet your motyon/makes my herte full sadde.

All my fore and conforte/now resteth in the Syth thy dere bretherne/from vs ben agone Thou arte the trusty treasure/to thy mother and me Dur synguler solace/and sure consolacyon Whersore swete derlynge/as for my herre alone I wolde the mary/and a quene the make If thou wyll consent/and my counseyll take.

Tontyder and beholde / thugh all this lande
Take the a maryage / at thyne owne pleasure
A plynce moost valyaunt / moost noble to be founde
And of helpe and ayde / I shall the assure
Unith ryches / royalte / welthe / and tresure
Tlothes of golde / and royall ryche apparell
And all thynges necessary / as man can of tell.

Rememble also/how after course of kynde
Aege dothe soze greue/thy moder and me also
Thersoze natural love (swete chylde) dothe me bynde
To grue the best conserll/what thou shall do
To honour and worshyp/how thou may come to
Whiche great renowne/and hye astate certaine
To se the a quene/wyll make by yonge agayne.

Bod orderned matrymony/fyrst in Paradyse Bytwene man a woman/whan he the worlde dyd make That mankynde myght encrese/multyply and ryse Eche persone at pleasure/a spouse for them to take Now iouned by holy chyiche all other to foisake The chylde of the father to take his dyscyplyne And after that to teche his youe they doctryne.

Also man and beett/have dysposycyon naturall To byinge fouth they? lykenesse, by generacyon But man havynge reason/and fre wyll with all As lawe requireth/hath his procreacyon Ander true matrymony/by his owne eleccyon D? els to observe/and lyve in pure byzgynyte for the greater meryte/and rewarde of glorye.

And yf all maydens/thulde kepe they, chattyte As ye now do/how thulde the worlde encrete Swete louely creature/ryght forfull wolde I be To kysse a chylde of thyne/hauynge thy lykenesse And se the also coronate/as a myghty pryncesse Enclyne dere derlynge/thy mynde to myne entent And all these sayd honours/wyll folowe consequent.

**T** Of the meke answere faynt Werburge gave to her father whan the was moeued to maryage. Ca.riii.

De holi mayd/whā the knewe her fathers mynde Her foule was replete/with woo a pentyuenesse And toze began to wepe/after cours of kynde. The falte teeres dystylled/foz payne and heuynesse By her ruddy chekes thynynge/full fayze doubtelesse Pyteous to beholde/but whan the fozefayd mayde Ceased of her fozowe/thus to hym the sayde.

Moost beest byloued father/nexte to god almyght cerburge. e.iii.

your kynde gentyll mocyon/wolde moeue inwardely The mynde of any creature/to folowe you ryght Di any stony stomake/to relent and apply And resolue eche harde herte/to waylynge dolefully Consyderynge on enery parte/with good dyscrecyon Co accepte of refuse/this harde eleccyon.

father I have ben to you/meke and obedyent Ever fyth I had/yeres of dyscrecyon Bladde to observe/your hye commandyment With some interpor/and humble intencyon And so wyll contynue/with sowly submyssyon In this present lyfe/whyle I do endure Of my sove and prayer/ever ye shalbe sure.

But mooff louely father/I pray you hertfully Take no dysplesure/pardon what I shall say My soule/my herte/and mynde/is set stydfastly To serve my lorde god/nyght and also day Never to be maryed/by no maner of way for sothly I have bowed/my true byrgynyte Unto Thesu/the seconde persone in trynyte.

That is my spouse/and blessed saurour for whose love refused/in certaynte have J All worldely pleasures/welth/ryches and honour With all boyde busynesse, and cures transprozy My love on hym is sette/so sure and fervently That nothynge shall separate/my hert hym fro Sekenes nor helthe/pleasure/peyne/ne wo.

Also my full entent/was never otherwyle

Than to be handmayde/to my loide Thelu And of my foule and body/to make hym facryfyce for my ghoffly welthe/all byces to lubdue He is my dere fpouse/folace/helthe moost true On hym is all my herte/and hase ben set alway And ever shalbe/buto my endynge day.

In this weetched worlde/we can not longe endure And of this present lyfe/we are in no suerte As we have deserved/so we shalbe sure After this pylgrymage/rewarded for to be for mercy and grace/therfore mekely call we Whyle we have tyme and space/for than it is to late Whan dethe with his darte/sayth to us chekemate.

All my hole herte/defyze and entent
Thiche ever hath ben/and to thalbe certayne
for to be relygyous/chaft/and obedyent
Pamely at Ely/for theyr bertite excellent
father I require you/for chrystes love and charyte
My meke supplycacyon/now graunte it buto me.

The kynge well confedered his doughters despre Her constaunte true mynde and pure deuocyon Braunted her petycyon with synguler love entyre Trustynge by her prayer and dayly supplycacyon Unto heven blysse the rather for to come Her mother Ermenylde was gladde of this tydynge And lauded full lowly our lorde and heven kynge.

Thow faynt Werburge was made a mornes after her

desyze at the monastery of Ely buder saynt Audzy/lady and abbesse. Ca.xv.

Han the hynge remedied/with due cycustauce The excellent bertue/sadnes/and graupte Of his dere doughter/and the persyte constaunce Her humble petycyon/and pure byzgynyte He thanked our lozde/with great humplyte Of his insynyte grace/that so royall a sloure frome hym descended/to his prayse and honoure.

He fende mestages/in all goodly hast With letters myssque/thrugh his regyon Commaundynge his subjectes/they shulde full fast By a day assymed/be redy energehone In they, best maner/with hym for to gone To brynge his doughter/to the hous of Ely There to be relygyous/after her desydery.

Than the day was come of they, appoyntment The nobles of the realme and loides were redy To attende on they, fouerayne at his commandyment thinge Hulfer prepared all thinge pleasauntly And of his court had chosen a noble company In they, best aray royalte and renowne To offer saynt Merburge to god and relygyon.

The hynge on his Journey/rode forthe royally The quene hym folowed/as is the custome Merburge succeeded them consequently The peeres and his counseyll/knewe well they rowme Dukes/erles/loides/and many a worthy barowne

Unightes/squyers/gentyls/of her kynred also With ladges and gentylwomen/& seruaūtes both two.

Whan the kynge approched the fayd monastery saynt Audry than abbeste toke her holy covent And mette the fayd kynge and all his company with folempne processyon and gretynge benyuolent praysynge our lorde god omnypotent Whiche of his goodnes to that congrecacyon sende them a syster of suche perfeccyon.

Magnytyenge our lozde/of his pzouydence.

She was receyved/with moche folempuyte Into the holy older/after her entent To plove her fadnes/and humplyte (As is the custome) and to be obedyent To lyve ever after/humble/chast/and contynent Than dyd theyl Joye/merueylously encreas Consyderynge her pacyens/and perfyte holynes.

Her royall dyademe and thynynge cosonall Clas tyst refuted for love of our fauyoure. The poose bayle accepted and the symple pail. The royall ryche purpull rejected that same houre. With other clothes of golde fylkes of great honoure.

She toke lowe appareyll/bestures that were blake All her plesaunt garmentes/the clerely dyd forsake.

Also the refused/her fathers realme and royalte All ryches/rentes/pleasures/possesson With all worldely honoures/full of vanyte Lowly submyttynge her/bnder subjection Clertu to encrese/myndynge moost relygyon She resused yet more her owne proper wyll Put all to her abbesse/her order to fulfyll.

T Df the great folempnyte kynge Aulfer made at the ghostly maryage of faynt Aerburge his doughter/to al his louers/colyns/and frendes. Ca.rbi.

Inge Aulfer her father/at this ghottly spoulage Prepared great tryumphes/and solempnyte Made a royall feed/as custome is of maryage Sende for his frendes/after good humanyte kepte a noble housholde/shewed great lyberalyte Bothe to ryche and poore/that to this feed wolde come No man was denyed/euery man was well come.

Her uncles and auntes/were present there all Ethelred/and Rerwalde/and Rercelly also Thre blessed kynges/whome sayntes we do call Saint keneswyd/sait keneburg/theyr systers both two And of her noble lygnage/many other mo Chere redy that season/with reverence and honour At this noble tryumphe/to do all theyr devour.

Tho kynges mette them/with they? company

Egbryct kynge of kent/brother to the quene The feconde was Aldulphe kynge of the cest party Brother to faynt Audry/wyfe and mayde ferene With dyners of theyr progeny/and nobles as I wene Dukes/erles/barons/and lordes ferre and nere In theyr best aray/were prefent all in fere.

It were full tedyous/to make descrypcyon Of the great tryumphes/and solempne royalte Belongynge to the feet/the honour and prouysyon By playne declaracyon/byon every partye But the sothe to say/withouten ambyguyte All herbes and floures/fragraunt sayre and swete Were strawed in halles/and layd buder theyr fete.

Clothes of golde and arras/were hanged in the hall Depaynted with pyctures/and hystoryes manyfolde Caell wrought and craftely/with precyous stones all Glyterynge as Phebus/and the beten golde Lyke an erthly paradyle/pleasaunt to beholde As for the sayd moynes/was not them amonge But prayenge in her cell/as done all nouyce yonge.

The story of Adam/there was goodly wrought And of his wyfe Eue/bytwene them the serpent How they were deceyued/and to theyr peynes brought There was Cayn and Abell/offerynge theyr present The sacryfyce of Abell/accepte full euydent Cuball and Cubalcain/were purtrayed in that place The inventours of musyke/and crastes by great grace.

Poe and his thyppe/was made there curyoully

Sendynge forth a rauen/whiche never came agayne And how the douve retourned/with a braunche halfely A token of conforte and peace/to man certayne Abraham there was/standynge upon the mount playne To offer in facryfyce/Isaac his dere sone And how the shepe for hym/was offered in oblacyon.

The twelve sones of Jacob/there were in purtrayture And how into Egypt/yonge Joseph was solde There was inprysoned/by a false coniectour After in all Egypte/was ruler (as is tolde)
There was in pycture/Moyses wyse and bolde Dur loade apperynge/in butthe flammynge as tyze And nothynge therof beent/lefe/tree/nor spyze.

The ten plages of Egypte/were well embot The chyldren of Itraell/pallynge the reed fee kynge Pharoo drowned/with all his proude hoost And how the two tables/at the mounte of Synaye Where gruen to Moyles/and how soone to ydolatry The people were prone/and punyshed were therfore How Datan and Abyron/for pryde were lost full youre.

Duke Jolue was ionned/after them in pycture Ledynge the Irrehelytes/to the lande of promystyon and how the land lande/was dyuyded by meture To the people of god/by equall fundry porcyon The Judges and bysthops/were there energehone Theyr noble actes/and tryumphes Marcyall freshly were browdred/in these clothes royall.

Perte to hye boide loide/appered fazie and bigght

Kynge Saull and Dauyd/and prudent Salomon Roboas fuccedynge/whiche foone loft his myght The good kynge Efechyas/and his generacyon And to to the Machabees/and dyners other nacyon All thefe fayd floryes/fo rychely done and wrought Belögyng to kyng Aulfer/agayn y' tyme were brought

But over the hye deste/in the psyncypall place there the fayd thre hynges/fate crowned all The best hallynge hanged/as reason was therin were wrought/the.ix.ordres angelycall Dyuyded in thre Jerarchyses/not cessynge to call Sanctus/fanctus/fanctus/blesed be the trynyte Dominus deus fabaoth/thre persones in one deyte.

Derte in ordre supnge/sette in goodly purtrayture Was our blessed lady/sloure of semynyte With the twelue apostles/echeone in his sygure And the foure euangelystes/wrought moost curyously Also the dyscyples/of chryst in theyr degre Prechynge and techynge/buto euery nacyon The faythtes of holy chyrche/for theyr saluacyon.

Martyzs than folowed/ryght manyfestly The holy innocentes/whome Perode had sayne Blessed saynt Stephan/the prothomartyz truly Saynt Laurece/saynt Ayncet/sufferynge great payne With many other mo/than here ben now certayne Of whiche sayd martyzs/exsample we may take Pacyence to observe/in herte for chrystes sake.

Confessours approched ryght convenient

Freshely enbrodied in ryche tyshewe and fyne Saynt Aycholas saynt Benedycte and his couent Saynt Jerom Basylyus and saynt Augustyne Gregory the great doctour Ambrose and saynt Martyne All these were sette in goodly purtrayture Them to beholde was a heuenly pleasure.

Ayigyns them folowed/crowned with the lyly Amonge whome our lady/chefe pielydent was Some crowned with rooles/for they great byctory Saynt katheryne/laynt Margarete/laynt Agathas Saynt Cycyly/laynt Agnes/and laynt Charytas Saynt Lucye/laynt Menefryde/and laynt Apolyn All these were brothered/the clothes of golde within.

Apon the other fyde/of the hall fette were Poble auncyent flozyes/4 how the ftronge Sampson Subdued his enemyes/by his myghty power Of Pectoz of Troy/flayne by fals treason Of noble Arthur/kynge of this regyon With many other mo/whiche it is to longe Playnly to expresse/this tyme you amonge.

The tables were covered/with clothes of Dyaper Rychely enlarged/with tylver and with golde The cupbode with plate/hynynge fagge and clere Marchalles they, offices/fulfylled manyfolde Of myghty wyne plenty/bothe newe and olde All maner hynde/of meetes delycate (Whan grace was fayd) to them was preparate.

To this noble feelt there was suche ordynaunce

That nothynge wanted/that goten myght be On fee and on lande/but there was habundaunce Of all maner pleasures/to be had for monye The bordes all charged/full of meet plente And dyners subtyltes/prepared sothly were With cordyall spyces/theyr ghestes for to chere.

The Joyfull wordes and swete communycacyon Spoken at the table it were harde to tell Ethe man at lyberte without interrupcyon Bothe sadnes and myrthes also pryue counsell Some adulacyon some the truthe dyd tell But the great astates spake of theyr regyons knyghtes of theyr chyualry of crastes the comons.

Tertayne at eche cours/of serve in the hall Trumpettes blewe by shalmes and claryons Shewynge they, melody with/toynes musycall Dyuers other mynstrelles/in crafty proporcyons Made swete concordaunce/and suffy dyugsyons An heuenly pleasure/suche armony to here Reiogsynge the hertes/of the audyence full clere.

A fynguler mynstrell/all other ferre passynge Toyned his instrument/in pleasaunte armony And sange moost swetely/the company gladynge Of myghty conquerours/the samous byctory Wherwith was rauyshed/theyr spyrytes and memory Specyally he sange/of the great Alexandere Of his tryumphes and honours/endurynge.rii.yere.

Solemply he conge/the state of the Romans f.i.

Buled binder kynges/by polycy and wyfedome Df they, hye fullyce/and ryghtfull oldynauns Dayly encreafynge/in wolfhyp and renowne Cyll Carquyne y' proude kynge/with y' great cofusyon Oppressed dame Lucrece/the wyfe of Colatyne Lynges never reggned in Rome/syth that tyme.

Also how the Romayns/bnder thre dyctatours Governed all regyons/of the worlde ryght wysely Tyll Julyus Tesar/excellynge all conquerours Subdued Pompeius/and toke the hole monarchy And the rule of Rome/to hymselfe mansully But Tasius Brutus/the fals conspyratour Taused to be slayne/the sayd noble emperour.

After the fayd Julyus/fucceded his fyster sone Called Detauyanus/in the impervall see And by his precepte/was made descrypcyon To every regyon/lande/shyre/and cytee A trybute to pay/buto his dygnyte That tyme was/buyuersall peas and honour In whiche tyme was borne/our blessed sauyoure.

All these hystolyes/noble and auncyent Resoylynge the audyence/he sange with pleasuer And many other mo/of the newe testament Pleasaunt and profytable/for they, soules cure Thiche he omytted/now not put in bre The mynysters were redy/they, office to fulfyll To take by the tables/at they, lordes wyll.

Mhan this noble feed and great folempupte.

Dayly endurynge/a longe tyme and space Was royally ended/with honour and royalte Ethe kynge at other/lysence taken hace And so departed from thens/to they? place kynge Ausser Tulser retourned/with worthyp and renowne from the house of Ely/to his owne mansyon.

The holy profession a ghostly conversacyon saynt Werburge vsed at Ely in relygyon/vnder saynt Audry her abbesse and cosyn.

Ca.rvii.

D whan this byzgyn/the spouse of Ihesu Had fully contynued/in holy relygyon With mekenesse/pacyens/and all vertu fully the yere/of her pzobacyon Than the made instaunce/foz her pzofessyon Unto saynt Audzy/her lady and abbesse Whiche soone was graunted/with great gladnesse.

Dedynaunce they made and great royalte Her frendes were called agaynst that season The was professed with great humplyte The observaunce done with due devocyon The made solempne bowe of ghostly conversacyon Mekely to observe obedyence and chastyte Endurynge her lyfe and wylfull poverte.

By the exfample of her perfeccyon Many dyners perfones of her noble lynage Refused this worlde and entred relygyon Renoutynge vayne pleasures ryches and maryage Enclyned to vertue for they ghostly auauntage Accepturge

As may be specyfyed/here after folowynge They, names/they, affate/and they, good lyuynge.

Now this gloryous briggn/after her delrie Is ghostly marred/to our lorde Ihesu According to her entent/and true love entrie She darly encresed/frome vertu to vertu Thith more strayter lyse/vices to subdu The longer she endured/in relygyon The better she prepared/her herte to deuocyon.

And tho this byzgyn/clerely dyd fozfake All ryches honours/and pleatures wozldly With all possessyons/foz her lozdes sake She thought than the reygned/moost lyke a lady Cause that the lyued/in chzystes seruyce dayly And certayne it is/holy scrypture recozdynge Who serues well god/dothe reygne lyke a kynge.

In prayer/penaunce/ and/contemplacyon Clas all her busynesse/and study alway Compasynge by what maner of medytacyon She myght best please/our lorde to his pay Offerynge her persone/a true sacrysyce every day Polabour her greued/ lone was so feruent Her body boon erthe/her soule in heuen lent.

Swete/comly creatures/ladyes everychone Sekynge for pleatures/ryches and arayment Blynded by your beaute/and fynguler affeccyon Confyder this byrgyn/humble and pacyent A spectacle of bertue/ever obedyent. Beholde how the hate/clerely layde away Her royall ryche clothes/and is in meke aray.

your garmentes now be gay and gloxyous Every yere made after a new einvencyon Of tylke and belvet/costly and precyous Brothered full rychely after the beest facyon Shynynge lyke angels in your opynyon Where lesse wolde tustyse and content as well As all that great cost followinge wyse counsels.

A playne example / now ye may take Of this myghty kynges doughter dere Whiche for the love of god / dyd forfake All tuche vayne pleasures / and garmentes clere She gave herselfe / to penaunce and prayere Wherfore fayre ladyes / do way suche vanyte Prepare yourselfe / to bertue and humylyte.

Some of lowe by:the/ercellynge they; degre Done couet to have/as royall ryche besture Woodly honours/also the sufferaynte As they were ladyes/by lyne of nature Of diedefull mysery/they bere the fygure Prowde as a Pecoche/whelynge full byight All is but banyte/contentynge the syght.

Blogous byggen/replete with fynguler grace Endowed with soueragne gystes celestyall Refusings boyde pleasures/whan thou had space And honours transptogy/whiche hath brought in theall A thousande persones/in ruyne to fall Cherburge. f.iii.

A myrrour thou arte/of byrgynall clennes Of true obedyence/and perfyte mekenes.

So Werburge professed/to her rule full ryght A redolent soure/all bertue to augment As Lucyfer shynynge/a clere lampe of lyght for whome her spouse/god sone omnypotent Shewed many myracles/to every pacpent A sygne her love was/supernaturall Closed in our lorde/by grace supernall.

The excellent goodnes/of this moynes
And fame of vertue/with humylyte
Transcended all other/in perfyte holynes
So that sundry persones/approched that party
for ghostly conforte/counsell and remedy
Suche as to her came/pensyue/woo/and sadde
Departed ioysull/in soule mery and gladde.

She dayly prouyded/for ghoffly treasure To buylde her a place/a fure mansyon Euer to remayne/with sove and endure In pleasure perpetuall/without corrupcyon Cuhiche the optayned/by her devocyon After this departure/to reggne as a presydent In eterne blys/with god omnypotent

A lytell treatyfe of the lyfe of faynt Audy abbene of Ely/and of her holy coverfacyon and great devocyon/bnder whome faynt Werburge was made nonne/and professed.

Ca.xviii.

He yere of our loide. bi. T.ir. and thyity Regned faynt Anna/kynge of eest Englande Whiche maryed faynt Pereswith/of the North party They had noble yssue/as we understande Prynce Aldulph and Jurwyne/in story as is founde Saynt Serburge the quene/and blessed Audry Saynt Ethelberge/Alithburge/a holy progeny.

This bleffed Audy/called Ethelded
Of two great kyngedomes/lynyally descendynge
Clas boine in Suffolke/as sayth saynt Bede
In a lytell byllage/called Ermynge
This noble prynces/and dere derlynge
Chith many great bertues/of grace illumynate
Magnyfyed her parage/and royall affate.

This bleffed Audy/from her yonge aege Was dysposed ever/but fadnes Dbedyent lowly/but her parentage Encreasynge in vertue/and constaunt sodynes Woldely pleasures/dyspoxes/and wantonnes Lyghtnes of language/and all presumpeyon In this sayd vyrgyn/had no domynacyon.

Sad and demure/the was in countenaunce Pothynge enclyned/but fragylyte
Benynge and pacyent/without perturbaunce Meke/curteys/gentyll/full of humylyte
Byyde/statelenes/and fensualyte
Chere not in her fonde/by any condycyon
Curteyse in byhauour/buto every persone.

No man was greved/nox toke dyspleasure At this sayd mayden/in her fathers hall Every honest persone/and reasonable creature Were pleased with her/bothe one and all Pone dyscontent/pipuate nox generall She was so meke/and full of pacyence Chat people desyzed/to come to her presence.

She was beauteous/fayte and annyable Pleafaunte to beholde/in gyftes of nature Pleafaunte to beholde/in gyftes of nature Per countenaunce comily/twete/louely/and stable Pothynge dysposed/buto worldely pleafure Prozesyle an angels/by all confecture Than a fragyll mayde/of fensuall appetyte for in bayne pleafures/the had no delyte.

TThan that the came/to yeres of dyscrecyon Dyuers her moeued/in way of maryage Some offered ryches/royalte/and renowne Some other postessyons/landes and herytage And some the sufferaynte/her mynde to allwage All these the resused/for the love of Thesu To whome the anowed/her chastyte full tru.

After that Aenus/had her longe allayled To peruerte her mynde/to woildly affection And of all nettes and engynes/therof had fayled Than came to her prefence/a prynce of renowne Talled duke Tombert/of the eeft regyon Whiche longe delyred/to have her in spoulage At the laste optayned/the wyll of her parentage.

Anto whiche thynge/he wolde never enclyne for all the mocyon/of her hye parentes Tyll the was allured/by hevenly doctryne To kepe her byrgynyte/clere in conscyens Than the consented/without concupyscens And with the sayd duke/the lyved in chastyte Bothe mayden and wyse/almost yeres thre.

After whose dethethe remayned in Ely In fastynge prayer bygyls and penaunce Thiche place was gruen to her Joynt and dowry By Combert her husbande with great pleasaunce This yle of Ely by deurne purueaunce Thith muddy waters is compased aboute They enemyes to greve and strongely to holde out.

Thyder came Egbyict/kynge of the noith parte To defyze faynt Audry/in matrymony To whome the wolde neuer/confent in herte fox no maner counfeyll/that myght be done truly Tho her fyster Serburge/moeued her tenderly Tyll the angell of god/assured her to be Quene/wyfe/and mayde/kepynge byigynyte.

Than Audy graunted/maryed for to be Anto this forelayd/noble kynge Egfryde And at the maryage/was great folempnyte Tryumphes honoures/on every tyde Breat cost and royalte/they dyd prouyde Frome Ely departed/bnto his owne place In the North parte dwellynge/with great solace.

Merburge.

g.i.

By the grace of our loide god/moost of myght And helpe of his mother/blessed mayd mary By player of Audiy/and by mylacle ryght Cogyder they lyued/bothe in pure chastyte The naturall mocyon/of his lascyupte Thas shortly saked/and feruent desyle By mylacle/as water quencheth the fyle.

When he apperceyued her asured constaunce Her persyte holynes and chast contynence His herte resosed of her contynuaunce Of whome the desyted with humble reverence And synguler supplycacyon to have fre lysence At Canwod abbay to enter relygyon Whiche the hynge graunted for her devocyon.

Saynt Ebba fyster/unto saynt Dswolde Was abbeste and ruler/of that congregacyon Where blested Audy/ryght as the wolde Was reverently received/into relygyon And after the yere/of her probacyon Professed there was/by byshop Wystryde Where all worldly honours/the set on syde.

Frome thens the departed/to the yle of Ely Moze quyetly to lyue/out of bulynesse. For diede of the kynge/her husbande truly Purpolynge to take her/frome that holynesse. She toke two maydens/with her doubtlesse. And in they? Journay/our loide of his grace. Shewed dyners myzacles/at eche restynge place.

The archebysthop of yozke/Ulystryde her confesiour Ulas deplyued frome his benytyce/by the kynge cruelly Observed pacyence/laudynge our sauyour And folowed saynt Audzy/to the place of Ely Uhiche (as afoze is sayd) was her Joynt and dowzy And electe her abbeste/on that congregacyon Moost wozthy to be/foz her holy conversacyon.

Where Audy buylded/a chyiche of our lady With helpe of kynge Aldulph/her biother naturall Pythaunt a myle/frome the olde monastery founded by faynt Austyn/foz meryte spyzytuall Whiche place all desolate/the edysyed full specyall By her prougsyon/an other noble monastery The yere of grace/syre hundreth seuenty and thie.

Than the worke was ended/as her wyll was She endowed the abbay/with fraunches and lyberte And gave the hole yle of Ely/to that place With all commodytes/profettes/and yssues fre frome all exaccyons/exempte clerely to be Of kynge and bysshop/confyrmed it at Rome With all prelates a prynces/consentynge of this regyon.

In thost tyme and space/to Audsy dyd resoste Relygyous men and women/a great company Professed in that place/for they ghostly conforte Renounsynge vayne pleasures/& honours translytory Amonge whome saynt Merburge/professed solemply Promysed in audyence/to lyue a lyfe monestycall After saynt Benettes rule/for the lyfe eternall.

Merburge

g.ii.

Also the yere of grace/syre hundreth seventy and nyne In the moneth of Julii/in the nynth kalendas To heven departed/saynt Audry the quene Than reygnynge in Kent/kynge Lothary by grace Aldulph in cest Englande/her brother whiche was Kynge Offryde her husbande/ in Porthumberlande Also kynge Ethelrede/than reygnynge in Mercelande

A breue reherfal of y' lyfe of faynt Serburge/graūd mother to faynt Werburge. And of her comynge to Ely to her syster Audy from Shepay monastery. Ca.rir.

De holy matrone and quene faynt Serburge A kynges doughter a moder to kynges twayne Syster to faynt Audy a graundmother to Werburge Of noble parentage is comen certayne Of two realmes descendinge lynyally and playne By her father from the realme of eest Englande And by her mother from Poythumberlande.

Her father faynt Anna/as fayth myne auctour Mas kynge of the eest parte/fone to Egnicius Whiche Anna was maryed/with moche honour To Herefwith/doughter to kynge Herericius And fyster to faynt Hylde/the byzgyn gracyous To whome faynt Edwyn/the glozyous martyz kynge of Northumberlande/was great graundfather.

This tayd hynge Anna/lyued a longe tpace In welthe/worthyp/honour/and prosperyte With his quene Hereswith/by synguler grace Observynge Jutyce/pacyence/and equyte Kepte the preceptes of god almyghte Mercyfull and lyberall to the poore in payne Whiche kynge by Penda was murdred and Cayne.

As the ryuer passeth/oftetymes the heed fountagne The lytell graffe of ympe/transcendeth the tree Lykewyse they? chyldren/encresed certagne In mekenes/pacyence/and persyte charyte About they? parentes/in bertue and benygnyte So that they? name/lynage/and hye assate By them was magnysyed/praysed and decorate.

Hynge Anna and Herefwith/had a noble ystue Syre goodly chyldien/pleasaunt to beholde Pone favier in this lande/myndynge all bertue And to all good maners/dysposed manyfolde yet was they; favienes/not equal to be tolde To they; deuocyon/and synguler goodnes Whose names expected/ben afore doubtles.

Serburge the eldest of the cysters all Instructe by her parentes in vertuous dyscyplyne folowynge they countell in herte full specyall Prepared her soule after they doctryne for about the age of so yonge a femynyne So that every day by grace and wysdome In her dyd growe some plant of devocyon.

In all this realme/dylated was her fame That whan the approched/but lawfull aege Prynces/dukes/erles/herynge of her name Delyred to have Serburge/in maryage Werburge. g.iii. And bulyly laboured/buto her parentage This mayd was maryed/with honour full excellent Unto Ercombert/the noble kynge of Kent.

To whome kynge Ethelbyyct/graundfather was
The fysit chysten kynge/of Sarons and chefe floure
Baptyfed by faynt Austyn/thyughe heuenly grace
He was to holy chysche/a specyall benefactour
Monasteryes and pyyoses/fonded with great honoure
kynge Eadbalde his sone/eremple of hym toke
Whiche was father to Ercombert/as sayth my boke.

This lady Serburge/cyzcumfulsed with grace After her desyze/and vertuous entent Had lever the monastery/than the sayze palace The chyzche to vysyte/than with maryage ve lent But to her parentes/she was ever obedyent Folowynge theyz counseyll/and of her frendes dere In lawfull maryage/toke the sayd kynge her fere.

A noble generacyon/the hadde by the kynge Egbzyct and Lothary/two pzynces pzepotent And two holy doughters/in vertue thynynge Ermenylde and Erkengode/by lynyall descent This Ermenylde maryed/with honour equyualent Unto kynge Uulter/had a royall yssue The glozyous Werburge/replete with vertue.

Her lyster Erkengode/refused btterly Honours/wozshyp/and wozldly possesson Kyches/maryage/and pleasures transytozy Went buto Fraunce/with humble deuocyon At the Cytee of Burges/entred relygyon Tahere Ethelberge her aunt/was ruler and abbesse Togyder they lyued/in persyte holynesse.

This honozable Serburge/and blessed matrone Refusynge worldly honours/and solempnyte Preferred mekenesse/and persyte devocyon Abobe all ryches/power and dygnyte Avoyded ambycyon/observed humylyte Apon poore people/ever had compasyon And them releved/with due mynystracyon.

She made her palace/manytymes an holpytall Per prybate cubycle/a deuoute oratory As a kynde mother amyable/in courte and in hall Mekely fulfylled/ the seuen werkes of mercy Oftetymes in the chyrche/selde amonge compainy yet ever whan the myght/have tyme and space Magnysyed and praysed/our lorde in secrete place.

She instructe her husbande/in ghostly vertu To great lolynesse/and synguler perfeccyon So by her counseyll/with the grace of Jhesu Frome intydelyte/purged was that regyon Destroyed they? ydolles/they? sectes everythone Resaured temples/buto chaystes honour founded monasteryes/by her cost and labour.

The kynge by her mocyon/commaunded straytly All his people and subjectes/byon sharpe correction To observe prayer/and penaunce devoutely And truly for to fast/the holy tyme of Lenton Ulerburge.

The archbyshop Theodorus/and fathers of relygyon Confrderinge her pacyence/and benygnyte Rejoyled in her dedes/and prayled the trynyte.

Tahan the famous Ercombert/the layd kynge of Kent foure a twenty yere had reggned/in honour full royall thith blessed Serburge/his quene excellent Than he departed/frome this lyfe mortall The quene prepared/the obseques funerall with great lamentacyon/and great royalte As was convenyent/for his state and degre.

After that Serburge/refused worldely pleasure Entred relygyon/professed chastyte
At Shepay monastery/in Kent full sure
Buylded at her cost/full honorable
After electe Abbesse/and ruler of that companye
To whome she was/a myrour of mekenes
And exemple of bertue/and proued holynes.

As the was occupyed/in medytacyon
'An heuenly medanger/to her was fent
Shewynge how for fynne/and transgressyon
Englande thusde suffer/great punysment
And be subdued/with greuous torment
Utherfore the lefte/in good rule that place
And dyd electe to them/an other abbace.

Serburge toke lycence/of her cysters all Commendynge them/buto the tryuyte And so departed/fro her chyldren sprrytuall With labour attayned/to the hour of Elpe

There to be subjecte/to Her syster Audiye And to her doctryne/apply her entent Unto relygyon/euer founde obedyent.

Saynt Audip was gladde of her lysters comynge In lyke maner were all the hole congregacyon With myithes and folace in foule rejoylynge To have the pietence of to woithy a persone There lyved togyder in perfyte devocyon Tyll blessed Audiy frome this lyfe moitall Departed was to the lyfe eternals.

After whose buryall/Serburge was electe To be abbesse and ruler/over that covent Whiche to all bertue/her mynde dyd erecte And the.rbi.yere after/with labours dylygent She translate saynt Andy/that noble presydent Beynge hole incorrupte/also substancyall In body and in besture/by grace supernall.

Thow faynt Ermenylde after the dethe of hynge Aulfer her hulbāde was made a nonne at Ely/bnder her mother faynt Serburge abbesse / and Werburge her desudte doughter.

Ca.pr.

If Mercyes the kynge/whā the forelayd Aulfere Pad regned in honour/worthyp and royalte With faynt Ermenylde his quene/fully.rbii.yere Anto everlathynge blyste/departed than he And buryed was/with moche folempnyte In Lychefelde chyrche/after hym there dyd fuccede Into the kyngdome/his brother Ethelrede.

The quene for her hulbande/made great lamentacyon Polefully lamentynge/nyght and day his departure As nature enquyied/endurynge a longe feason Remayned in wydohode/and mournynge besture yet after all heuynesse/penaunce/and dysconstyture She rejoyled in soule/to be at lyberte Entendynge relygyon/by grace of the trynyte.

Soone the departed/to the hous of Ely Refutynge this worlde/pleatures possession Instauntly required/with pertyte humplyte To be a mornes/accepte in relygyon Bladde was the abbeste/of her convertyon And thanked our lorde/of his specyall grace So dyd all the systers/within the sayd place.

Her naturall mother/blessed Serburge That tyme was lady/and chefe presydent There was professed/her doughter Merburge An exemple of mekenes/to all the couent Ermenylde thanked god/and was obedyent To her mother Serburge/a myrrour of bertu Also to her doughter/the spouses of Jhesu.

It passeth mannes reason/playnly to expresse Her vertuous lyke/and ghostly conversacyon In prayer/penaunce/and proved mekenesse In perfect obedyence/and kynguler devocyon In vygyls/abstynence/and in hye perfeccyon The cotydyane labours/her body to chastyce That her soule may be/to god true facryfyce.

By cause that Werburge/in order was senyoure Her mother Ermenylde/gaue her the sufferagnte Preferrynge her doughter/with mekenes and honoure But yet her doughter/of a naturall amyte Preferred her mother/with humble senyoryte And so bytwene them/was a swete contencyon Wheder shulde more subjecte be/to other in relygyon.

Afore whan Ermenylde/was bnder maryage Unto holy matrones/the was comparable Sara/Rebecca/Rachell/and Sybell fage And faynt Elyfabeth/with other mo honorable Now in relygyon/the is mooft notable knowen by her bertues/and fadde dyfpofycyon What bnder matrymony/was her intencyon.

Ermenylde fubdued/by fynguler deuyne grace All fragyll mocyons/and fenfualyte Lyke maner as Judyth/Dlofernes slayne hace She moctyfyed all pleatures/lustes and volupte Lykewyse as Jaell/dyd the plynce Sysare A duches of vertue/as whylom was Delbora Used the oratory/in prayer as dyd Anna.

After the departure/and wofull buryall Df Serburge her mother/abbesse and lady Her doughter Ermenylde/the blessed monyall Was chosen abbesse/and ruler of Ely As sheweth dan Wyllyam/of Maluysbury How syst was Audy/than Serburge her syster Afterwarde was abbesse/Ermenylde her doughter.

The lyfe of Ermenylde/was ever vertuous Pleafaunt to god/and her fysters everychone In the fyght of god/her dethe was piecyous Playnly notyfyed/by her conversacyon She vertuously governed/her congregacyon frome this lyfe departed/to eternall glozy As sayth her legende/the Jous of february.

And buryed was/with moche lamentacyon In the holy monastery/and house of Ely Amonge her parentage/and congregacyon Where she is they ned/with her aunt saynt Audey And with her mother/saynt Serburge rychely for whome our sauyour/of his specyall grace Sheweth dayly myracles/in that sayd place.

Due of the mytacles/we thall now rehers Dur lotde for her thewed/at Ely abbay After her transacyon/the story dothe expres It fortuned in Whytson weke/byon a thursday An Englyshman was bounden/in wofull aray fetered with yrons/bothe on handes and fete Wrongfully accused/as ye may all wete.

By instaunt request/he gate hym lycence To byfyte the tombe/of faynt Grmenylde Ahome he required/with humble reuerence And meke petycyon/frome the herte full mylde To be delyuered/and fully reconsylde Alhose humble despie/and synguler supplycacyon Was fully graunted/to his consolacyon.

At this tyme/whan this holy man was prayenge Whan the Deken redoc the holy gospell By meane of Ermenylde/to our lorde and kynge frome his handes and fete/the yrons done fell By grace aboue nature/merueyloudy to tell Chat the sayd yrons/insyght of all the bretherne Sprange by sodenly/and lyght byon the aulter.

## **Aliud** miraculum.

Pother myacle/declare now may we Done at the fayd Ely/by this holy matrone In presence of the pryor/and all the fraternyte Whiche pryor of this mater/had best notycyon Ascole mayster of Innocentes/after the custome Baue lysence/byon saynt Ermenyldes day To all his chyldren/to sport them in play.

Than the feelt/and folempnyte was done The yonge tender chyldzen/wanton and neclygent Dzedynge theyz maylter/foz fere of correction To the holy they maylter/foz fembled full dylygent Trultynge therby of pardon/after theyz entent Delyzed theyz maylter/foz faynt Ermenyldes fake To pardon theyz trefpas/and no dyspleasure take.

The mayster fulfylled/with hastynes and euny Toke them frome the tombe/with great indygnacyon Without dyscrecyon/punysshed them greuously Gruynge no honour/to the saynt ne deuocyon Rebuked them soze/sayenge with insultacyon Trowe ye to be spared/from punyshment this day so saynt Ermenyldes sake/nay nay do way.

After all this done the nexte night folowinge Whan the fayd maylter to his bedde was gone his great bukindenes faynt Ermenylde remēbijinge Kewarned him Jully after his guerdon his handes and his fete prompte to perfecueyon Where fodenly fmytten made lame contracte also Po power had to rise to moeue nor to go.

This fodayne punythement/langour/confusyon Aered hym greuously in all his body Atoost terryble of all/of helthe desperacyon Inwardly hym troubled/with peynes horryble But yet by grace/he thought best remedy Sende for his chyldren/byon the other day Humble asked them pardon/in a wofull aray.

Defyzynge his fcolers/foz loue and charyte
To cary hym moost carefull/to her sepulture
To requize foz hym grace/helthe and pzosperyte
Df god and saynt Ermenylde/with all theyz cure
They toke hym tenderly/ye may me leue full sure
Amonge them all/with mynde dylygent
And brought to the shryne/this wretched impotent.

They prayed for hym/to our blessed sauyour And to saynt Ermenylde/a longe tyme and space Unelynge on theyr knees/wepynge full sore In prayer and plalmody/for his helthe and solace And so contynuynge/by our lordes great grace He that afore was lame/bothe on sote and hande Bestored to helthe/departed hole and sounde.

Thow kynge Ethelrede feynge the holy convertacyon of Werburge his nece/made her lady and abbeste at Wedon/Trentam/and Humbury. And by her confeyll and exfample was made moke at Bardeney abbay. Ca.rxi.

De famous prynce/and forelayd Ethelrede Brother to kyng Aulfer/as lawfull enherytour To the fayd kyngedome/dyd nerte hym fuccede Electe of his peeres/with worthyp and honour Permytted by his chyrche/to be theyr governour Bycause prynce Kenrede/his brother sone Was yonge and not able/to rule his kyngdome.

This fayd kynge Ethelrede/clerely confyderynge With due cyzcumstaunce/the hye perfeccyon Of Merburge his nece/and vertuous lyuynge Her great holynesse/and ghostly conversacyon Dayly encresynge/with feruent devocyon The excellent same/and myzacles full ryght Shewed by our sauyour/bothe day and nyght.

These good exsamples/grounded in vertu Moeued kynge Ethelrede/in soule and in mynde And clerely converted/theowe the grace of Jhesu To despyle this worlde/wretched and blynde Pryncypally by grace/wryten as we fynde for her great goodnes/and vertues excellent He made her lady/ruler/and presydent.

Duer all the nonnes/of every monastery Within his realme/to governe and to guyde To instructe and informe/and to exemply by To encrefe deuocyon/bpon every syde Aertue to exalte/to subdue byce and pzyde That holy relygyon/pleasaunt to chzyst Jhesu Ayght dayly encrese/frome bertu to bertu.

Also he gave Merburge/great possession Landes/and rentes/ryches withall To edyfy and repayze/places of relygyon After her detyze/with favour specyall Mherwith the buylded/famous memozyall Two fayze monasteryes/Trentam and Humbury Possessed with rentes/landes/and lyberte.

Also by sufferaunce of the sayd kynge truly She translate the kynges maner of Aledon Ahiche was in Pamptonshyze but a monastery Of holy women observing relygyon Suffycyently endowed with lybertes possesson Of whiche sayd places she had the governaunce As worthy maystres all bertue to auaunce.

The pere of grace/fyre hundreth foure score and nyen As sheweth myne auctour/a Bryton Biralous Kynge Ethelred/myndynge moost the blysse of heuen Edyfyed a collage chyrche/notable and famous In the subbarbes of Chester/pleasaunt and beauteous In the honour of god/and the Baptyst saynt Johan With helpe of byshop Austryce/and good erostacyon.

Also at the humble/and synguler supplycacyon Df blessed Egwyn/bysthop of wozcestur This kynge gaue a place/foz a fundacyon To buylde a monastery/to relygyous brethur At Eusam bpon Auen/for heuenly tresur With a large precynct/to compas all the abbay More quyetly to serue/our sauyour nyght and day.

After this tyme /Ethelrede the kynge By his counteyll maryed/a beautefull lady Called quene Oftryde/a woman of good lyuynge Boine in the Noith parte/doughter to kynge Ofwy To whome faynt Ofwalde/was bucke truly The yffue bytwene them/after to fuccede Was a noble piynce/nomynate Colrede.

Agaynst his enemyes/the kynge gate byctory fortunate in batayle/fore oppressed Kent In all this regyon/famous was his chyualry Pamely he subdued/at the water of Trent Egfryde of Porthumberlande/a kynge auncyent Pis brother in lawe/whan Egfryde agaynst reason Entred his landes/by subtyll intrusyon.

But after that Oftryde/his quene was sayne By people of the North parte/moost cruelly The kynge frome that tyme/by grace certayne Chaunged his maners/and lyuynge dayly frome temporall cures/and butynesse worldly To ghossly werkes/and contemplacyon Sekynge for heuen/with pure deuocyon.

Specyally he folowed/faynt Merburge counfell Alynge hym after/her swete ghostly doctryne The clere ersamples/as we afoze dyd tell Merburge.

Moeued his consequence/to ghostly dyscyplyne Whith suche contrycyon/by specyall grace deuyne That all vayne pleasures/and honours transytoly Were clere expulsed/and put out of memoly.

This kynge refuted/his teptre and crowne Tlothes of Tythew/and purpull full royall With ryches/lybertes/pleatures/postessyon for the love of Thefu/in herte pryncaypall And for the meryte/of his foule helthe withall So whan he had regard/nyne and twenty yere He chaunged his habyte/fayth the story clere.

At a relygyous place/nomynate Bardenay In Lyncolne there/boder his domynyon Synguler byloued/of hym alway Delyted the habyte/with meke supplycacyon And was received/professinge relygyon Ever after to observe/the essencyals thre Obedyence/chastyte/and wylsuil poverte.

He allygned his crowne and tempozall dygnyte Anto pzynce Kenrede his brother sone As true enherytour to have regalyte for in pure obedyence prayer and medytacyon Ethelrede encresed with servent devocyon And as declareth wyllyam of Maluysbury After was made abbot of the sayd monastery.

The holy conversacyon of kynge Kenred biother to saint Merburge/4 how he refused his crowne/and was made monke at Rome/4 ther departed a holy cofessour.

Ta.rrú.

Than prynce Kenrede/his fuccessour was And toke the Empyre/the septre and the crowne With moche worthyp/royalte/and renowne As nexte of inherytaunce/by law naturall To be kynge of Mercyens/by dyscent lynyall.

This noble kynge Kenrede/replete with vertu Brother to Merburge/observed truly
The commaundymentes of god/4 his lawes moost tru Dbedyent to our sauyour/and lorde almyghty
Loved holy chyrche/moost tenderly
Mynystred Justyce/to his subjectes all
Mercyfull to the poore/pyteous and lyberall.

In all his realme/was no dynertyte Malyce was subdued/rancour and debate Aertue encreased/true loue and charyte Enny was expled/and all payuy hate Chefte/murthur/roday/were founde at no gate True men myght lyne/without beracyon Pollers/promoters/had no domynacyon.

He gave to our fauyour/and bylthop Egwyn for ghostly meryte/with moche honoure Of tenementes and landes/playnely to determine Within worceturshyre.iii. score and foure To maynteyne the monastery/spoken of before Eucham byon Aven/byfore lawfull wytnes As the legende of Egwyn/truly dothe expres.

Merburge.

h.ii.

To the courte of Rome/kynge Kenred went So dyd Offa kynge/of the eek Sarons Also byshop Egwyn/by one assent Deuoutly to bysyte/all the hole sacyons Of the cytee of Rome/with humble supplycacyons Chankynge our loide/of his mercy Path them preserved/and all they company.

This holy by thop/and kynge Kenrede Offered to our holy father/pope boneface Ulith mekenes devocyon/for ghostly mede Afore his collage/wytnes in that case The foresayd monastery/and relygyous place frome that day ever after/to be clerely exempte To the popes holynes/immedyatly obedyent.

Than they had optayned/perfyte expedycyon Df all they; bulles/after they; entent They toke lycence/and had the popes benefon And towarde Englade/retourned and went Praylynge our loide/with herte and loue feruent for they; good spede/and prosperous Journay Preserved in good helthe/all to they; countray.

After all this done/Kenrede the sayd kynge Commaunded to be had/a counteyll generall By letters myslyue/his peeres and loides cytynge Shoitly to be piesent/with hym one and all As well the spyrytualte/as the temporall The Seyn was kepte/at a place called Alue And thyder assembled/his piesates of degre.

Berthtunaldus/the archebyllhop of Canturbury The archbyllhop of yoke/called Alylfryde Alith byllhops/fuffreganes/archdekens many Dukes/erles/barons/bpon every fyde Universefquyers/and comunes that tyde Anyghtes/efquyers/and comunes that tyde Alere redy to knowe/the kynges mynde and pleafure Mell ogded in place/and fcylence kepte fure.

This glowous Kenrede/crowned with golde Clothed in purpuil/role up fro his place After due falutacyon/the cause mekely he tolde Why he for them sende/and wherfore it was That they shulde testyly/with hym in this case What landes he gave/towarde the fundacyon Of the sayd monastery/with grete devocyon.

And how for that abbay/he went to Kome And made the place subjecte/immedyatly To our father boniface/and gate an exempeyon for ever to remayne/to the sayd monastery With pardons and pryuyleges/there redde openly And many other benefytes/of great commodyte Wryten in they grauntes/who lyst them to se.

Requerynge the lordes/spretuall and temporall To graunte to the same/with good entent And it to confirme/and roborate specyall With charters and dedes/and seales patent To whose petycyon/they dyd all consent Made confirmacyons/and grauntes them amonge With a terryble sentence/who dothe the place wronge.

Merburge.

h.iii.

Kynge Kenrede confyderynge/the great holynes Df his noble parentes/his bucles euerychone They? royall progeny/the fufferaunt goodnes From this lyfe transytory/to heuen agone Pamely the bertue/and feruent deuocyon Df his tyster Werburge/and his auntes all Moeued his mynde/to seke for lyfe eternall.

And as faynt Bede fayth/whan this noble kynge Had regned fyue yere/in great prosperyte He forsoke this worlde/and chaunged his lyuynge Refusynge his crowne/septre/and dygnyte All bayne honours/ryches and regalyte And made his bucles sone/prynce Coelrede To take his empyre/after hym to succede.

So with all gentylnes/and humylyte
The kynge of his fubicates/toke leve specyall
Commendings his people/to the trynyte
Them to conserve/spyrytuall and temporall
Of his departure/dolorous were they all
Thus for the love/of our sauyoure
He resused this worlde/pleasures and honoure.

And went to Rome agayne/the yere of grace Seven hundleth and eyght/by full computacyon Ayfytynge the stacyons/frome place to place There was professed/to saynt Benettes relygyon Ased bygyls/fastynges/prayer/medytacyon Where this holy monke/frome this lyfe transytory With bertu departed/to eternall glory.

• Df ye feruent a ghostly devocyon of saynt cherburge a vertuous governance of her places/a of ye great humilite she bled to her sisters/a al other creatures. Ca.xxiii.

His benerable Merburge/4 moynes gracyous for her great bertue/and perfyte holynette Electe to be governour/over the nonnes relygeous By her buck kynge Ethelrede/of his goodnette Duer dyners monasteryes (as is sayd) expresse Mas consecrate abbesse/and lady gracyous By the byshop of Lychefelde/nomynat Serwulsus.

And thus the departed/fro the hous of Ely Wherin the bled/heuenly medytacron With lycence optayned/in mynde lad and heuy So were the lytters/and all the congregacyon Of her departure/knowynge her convertacyon But as wolde charyte/they had great gladnes knowynge by her bertue/relygyon to encres.

The spouses of Thesu/and floure of benygnyte Consyderynge her selfe/a lady and presydent Didered her monasteryes: ryght well and wysele Recepted in systers/chast/humble/obedyent Duer them made rulers/bertuous/and pacyent Her subjectes to instructe/and counseyll day and nyght Aertue to eralte/and byce deprive aryght.

This noble abbelle / remembrynge her duty Mhat charge it is / to rule a congregacyon Humble requyred the grace of god almyghty And dylygently prepared / to supple her rowme.

Plyncypally the gaue/to them everychone Perfyte exfample/of vertue in her dede With vertuous doctryne/the same to procede.

A mytrour of mekenesse/she was to them all A sloure of chastyte/and well of clennes. The fruyte of obedyence/in her was specyall Refuspinge bayne pleasures/honours and ryches. Content with lytell/an exsample of lowlynes. As dothe belonge/buto wylfull pouerte. Ptyde ha no resydence/but all humylyte.

She was a mynyster/rather than a maystres Her great preemynence/caused no presumpeyon She was a handmayd/rather than a pryores Seruynge her systers/with humble subjection Subduynge her body/to penaunce and afflyccyon Subjecte to the soule/as reason wolde shulde be A true sacryfyce/offered to the trynyte.

It was no merueyll/tho all her covent Ander suche a ruler/encreased in vertu Seynge her exsample/asoze them dayly present Ever augmentynge/thzowe the helpe of Jhesu Morldly desyzes/the clerely dyd subdue She never ware lynon/by day oz by nyght All ryche bayne bestures/the set by them but lyght.

In prayer medytacyon/the tyme the dyspent Proved: for every nyght/longe afore matyns the wolde byryse/at an houre convenyent And devoutely say/afore our lordes presens

Dauyd spalter holly knelynge/with great reverence Dt that her systers/came to the otatoty To say dyuyne service/syndynge her all redy.

At after matyns/she bled contemplacyon Contynually abydynge/bnto the day lyght Prostrate on the grounde/or knelynge in deuocyon Clepynge full tenderly/with teeres downeryght Many holy oraylons/she sayd day and nyght Pyteous/mercyable/and full of charyte Co the poore people/in theyr necessyte.

This lady observed/suche tharpe abstynence That one dayly repast/wolde her well sussyste Delycate dysshe meates/were put out of her presence So nature were content/in moost humble wyse The Morde of god/was moost delycate servyse Myndynge moche more/the soule to satysfy Than please and content/her enemy the body.

These sayd exemples/with many other mo Pleasaunte buto Thesu/he taught her covent Them to preserve/frome theyr mortall so By synguler bertue/grace to augment Her precepte and synynge/were ever corespondent She never commaunded syster/do any thynge But it was fulfylled/in her owne doynge.

She exorted her chyldren/ever to devocyon With manyfolde doctrynes/ydlenes to exchewe Lyke a tender mother/had pyte and compassyon She dayly fedde them/and nouryshed in all bertue Werburge. i.i. And dylygently prayed/our fauyour Thesu Them to preserve of his insynyte grace Frome peryll of perythynge in blysse to se his face.

Also the.xii. degrees/of humylyte Pacyence/quyetnes/and great perfeccyon there well observed/with true love and charyte Amonge her tysters/the hole congregacyon And the thre essencyals/of relygyon thysfull powerte/chastyte/and obedyence were truly fulfylled/proued by the consequence.

As for a pattyme/amonge her tytters all She caused to be redde/auoydynge ydlenesse The swete legendary/for a memoryall And Aitas patrum/thewynge great swetenesse With other narracyons/of grace and goodnesse Ofttymes to her couent/the had a comyn sayenge Please god and soue hym/and doubte ye nothynge.

All reders excuse me/tho I can not expresse
for lacke of servinge/the vertues morall
The hye perfeccion/and proued holynesse
Of this pure byrgyn/and fanctymonyall
Therwith was decorate/her lyfe monestycall
Manyfest With myracles/by meryte of her mekenesse
As the true hystory/playnly dothe expresse.

The worthy myracles of this byrgen pure Pylated were thrugh all this regyon By decime fufferaunce about nature Profytable to every chrysten synguler yersone

In tekenesse/trouble/peyne of veracyon Of her they have refuge/helpe/and focoure By her merytes/and player/that every honoure.

Her merytes were/moche moze commendable Than were her myzacles/manyfest and playne for why by her merytes/famous and notable Sygnes and myzacles/were thewed full playne In the house of Ely/bythe grace of our sufferagne And in every place/where she kepte resydence Of whome parte followen/in this rude sentence.

Thow at Medon wylde gees were pynned by her commaindyment/a also releshed a put at lyberte. Ca.rriii.

Dis holy byzgyn/whan the dwelled at Wedon In Pozthamptonthyzn/with a deuoute couent Whiche place fomtyme/was the kynges mansyon Translated to an abbay/by her commaundyment A myzacle was done/by this noble pzesydent As the true legende/playnly dothe vs say And all the inhabytauntes/bnto this pzesent day.

A great multytude/somtyme of wylde gees Comunely called Bauntes/made a great descrypcyon Upon her landes/pastures/waters/and feldes Deudurynge the coines/and fruytes of Wedon Breudus to her subjectes/within that possessyon The people coude fynde/no suffycyent remedy. But the wed they; complaynte/to Werburge they; lady.

TAhan Alerburge had herde / this greuous complayne i.ii.

How the coines were walted/ye tenauntes hurte therby Her herte was mocued/with charyte than certaine To faue her fruytes/and helpe her company Therfore the commaunded a feruaunt go haltely To divue those wylde gees/a bignge home to her place There to be pynned/and punylshed softhey; trespace.

The messanger merueyled/and mused in his mynde Df this straunge message/stode styll in a study knowynge it well/it passed course of kynde talylde gees for to pynne/by any mannes polycy Syth nature hath ordeyned/suche byrdes to sty Supposynge his lady/had ben bnreasonable Commaundynge to do/a thynge bnpossyble.

With wordes of conforte/the layd to hym agayne Bo in my name/do my commaundyment The feruaunt went forth/thynkynge all but vayne Unto the foldes/where the byrdes were lent And layd his message/with mynde and good entent My lady commaundes you/byrdes everythone Afore me to go/bnto her proper mansyone.

A merueylous thynge/transcendynge nature Unto his wordes/the gees were obedyent Pot one departed/fro thens ye may befure Of all the nombre/that there were prefent Towarde her place/afore hym they went Mekely/as yf they had reason naturall Unto her presence/he brought the gauntes all.

Dredefully darynge/comen now they be

They, wynges traylynge/entred into the hall for great confulyon/after they, kynde and propryte Mournynge in they, maner/abydynge one and all Her wyll and Judgment/with mercy specyall Lamentynge all nyght/there in captyuyte Tyll the morowe after/withouten lyberte.

All that same nyght/Werburge dyd contynue In devoute prayers/and ympnes celestyall After her olde custome/bled in all bertue In the mornynge after/the byrdes that were thrall With hye boyces (as yf it were) on her dyd call for grace and pardon/of theyr offence And of departure/to have fre lycence.

Than the full pyteous/to every creature Apon these bydes having compassion Delyvered them/frome all davinger and cure frely to departe/binder this condycyon That none of them/bpon the loddhyp of Medon Shulde make destruccyon/nod lyght by any way On comes of truytes/never after that day.

Devertheles a feruaunt/one of the gees dyd take And pryuely hydde it/agaynst instruce and ryght Unknowynge to Ulerburge/suche brybry to make The brides departed/moost glad to take there slyght from there tender Judge/but whan they sawe in tyght One of there felawes/taken from there company The sayd great nombre/of gees retourned hastely.

They flewe ouer this blessed byigyns hall curburge. i.iii.

Mourngage and waylynge /after they, entent And wolde not departe /but fast on her dyd call. yet they durst not lyght /fo, diede of her comaundyment But in they, maner a kynde they sayd /o swete piesydent Tahy suffer ye suche wyckednes /done fo, to be Anendes our felawe /agaynst all ryght and charyte.

Therburge went fyit/to knowe wherfore and why There byides retourned/to hattely certaine By grace the perceyued/the cause of it truly And tryed out the truthe/of all the mater playne She restaured the byide/to his felyshyp agayne And gave them a lesson/or they went her fro How they shulde prayse/they, maker and sufferagne Sayenge (benedicite bolucres celi domino)

But as Myllyam Maluytbury/theweth expecte
The goos that was taken/and stollen afore away
Mas rosted and eten/the same nyght doubtlesse
So whan it was asked/for byon the other day
The bare bones were brough/after this lady beray
And there by the bertue/of her benedyccyon
The byrde was restaured/and slewe away full soone.

Tertaynly frome that tyme/buto this present day As all the people knowe/dwellynge about Wedon The foresayd wylde gees/attempten by no way To hurte they fruytes/ne lyght in that possessyon Po merueyll it is/remembrynge the deuocyon And true love the had/to god omnypotent for buto bertue/all thynge is obedyent.

**Thow a treaunt without pres punythinge an Innocent was punythed/& after made hole. Ca.rrb.** 

Orther to declare the pacyence and humplyte And the fynguler grace grounded in this abbas As in the true legende playnly ye may fe the shall parte rehers to augment your solas therburge had a seruaunte whiche named was Alnotus a man of meke conversacyon knowen by his merytes after due probacyon.

Also a baylyfe the had/a cruell tyzaunt Whiche pyteoutly punysthed/without reason And wounded greuoutly/Alnot her feruaunt Without any greuaunce/at the place of Wedon Werburge for pyte/and great compastyon Afoze this caytyfe/kneled on her knee Pzayenge hym to cease/foz love of the trynyte.

Savenge why does thou punyshe/this innocent Taufeles without mercy/whiche I byleve playne Is more acceptable/to our lorde omnypotent Than many other be/for his mekenesse certagne The baylyte at her prayer/wolde not refrayne But punyshed hym styll/in his fury and pryde Tyll the bengaunce of god/fell on hym that tyde.

Incontynente his heed/his necke/and his face Were tourned backwarde/lyke a persone monstruous Contrary to nature/for his great trespace Crucyate with sozowe/and peynes hyduous Contynually encreasynge/to beholde pyteous Werburge. At the last remembed of the best remedy fell prostrate to the fete of Werburge his lady.

And cryed byon her/with wofull chere Weppinge/lamentynge/his great inyquyte My louely lady/and maystres moost dere Helpe me twete abbeste/in this necessyte Thave offended god/now pray for me And Twyll never/endurynge all my lyfe Dysplease no more/man/mayde/ne wyfe.

Alhan Alerburge confidered/his great contrycyon His woofull herte/and lamentable crye Apon hym the had/tender compassyon Beholdinge his greuaunce/and tender agony Good brother the fayd/who so will have mercy Must be mercyable/as in proverbe writen is Alho is without mercy/of mercy thall mys.

Tall but omynde this pooze man without offence In punythynge this pooze man without offence To be his punythment my herte foze dyd blede I kneled afoze thy fete delyzynge indulgence Thou toke no regarde to my pzayer ne pzefence Wherfoze the Jultyce of god almyghty Upon the is fallen foz thy fynne fodayly.

Whan the had ended/her ghostly erostacyon Perceyuynge hym penytent/with great humylyte Bladde to amende/byce and transgressyon Anone buto psayer/the went with charyte Opteyned forgyuenesse/of the blessed trynyte

His fylnamy/restaured to his kynde agayne Bothe bodyly and ghostly/cured was certayne.

This forelayd Alnotus/by tynguler grace Refuted this worlde/pleasures and vanyte Went but o wyldernesse/and machoryte was Whome theues martyred/to heuen blysse went he At Stow besyde Bukbrydge/buryed was trule for whome our lorde/of his infynyte goodnes Shewed many myracles/assyrmynge his holynes.

Thow dyners prynces folowynge fensualyte intensoring to biolate this byrgyn bi power/bi myracle were put to confusyon. Ca. rrbi.

Pother lygne was thewed/by the kynge of blys Df a wanton yzynce/folowynge lentualyte And his fragyll appetyte/in doynge amys Entendynge by byolence/power/and auctozyte To depzyue Merburge/of her byzgynyte Espyed a season/to fulfyll his entent Whan the was solytary/and no man there present.

By force than he began/this mayd to assayle
But the trustynge in god/to be her protectour
Escapynge his presence/cast her sacrat bayle
for lyghtnesse and ease/to she from the traytour
The sonne beame received it/whiche haged that houre
Whiche myracle sene/the prynce stedde away
The byrgyn was preserved/by grace that day.

C Another myracle/was done in Kent

In the byllage of Poo/yet full memozous A fentuall pzynce/of wycked confent Purposed to maculate/this byzgyn glozyous Consyderynge her persone/so fayze and beauteous Caryed the feason/to fynde her solytary By power to oppzesse/this gracyous lady.

Acter her furyoully/he ranne a fast pace She knowynge his mynde/add buchast entent Seynge no remedy/by man in that place Called to our sauyoure/fox his helpe and grace Sayenge blessed loxde/fox thy endles pyte Defende me this daye/and saue my chastyte.

And as the fledde/frome this cruell persone She ranne for socour/to a great oke tree By grace the sayd tree/opened that same season Sufferynge this mayd/to have sure and fre entree Wherby the escaped his/wycked trannye Whiche tree to this day/endurynge all the yere By myracle is bernaunte/freshe/grene/and clere.

Of the fayd oke tree/is a famous opynyon That no man may entre/the sayd concaupte In deedly fynne bounden/without contrycyon But in clene perfyte lyfe/who foeuer he be May entre the fayd oke/with fre lyberte And nygh to that place/a chysche is now dedycate In the honour of god/and werburge immaculate.

C Many other mysacles/our blessed sauyour

Shewed for this bright of his goodnes Conforte to the people in tekenes and langour Chat to her well teke in they destress Her excellent vertue and great holynesse By frames and myracles were dayly manyfest Co many a creature with pernes oppress.

The fame wherof friange/so fast aboute Potyfyed playne/in all this regyon
The people approched/withouten doubte
To knowe her blested/and holy conversacyon
And of these myracles/to have probacyon
By the syght wherof/they myght all gloryfy
Unith ioy and gladnesse/our lorde god almyghty.

There was no tekenesse/nox inframpte
That mankende had/nox beracyon
But by her prayer/and humplyte
Makenge for them/to our lorde intercessyon
They were restaured/to helthe and saluacyon
All by the meryte/of this byrgyn pure
A synguler refuge/buto every creature.

To the dombe was gruen/speche and language To blynde they, syght/to defe they, herrnge To halte and lame people/helthe in enery aege By deurne grace/and her ghostly lyurnge The people approchynge/nigh to her in dwellinge By callinge to her/in the name of Thesu Had they, petycyon/by her synguler bertu.

Some other that were fully possessed

With wecked sprintes/berynge the minde Dr with sekenes incurable/myserably greued By her dayly prayer/aboue course of kynde Of theyr dyseases/they shulde remedy synde And from her departe/in soule with gladnesse Whiche to her came/sory in peyne and wretchednes.

Thow faynt Merburge gave knowledge to her systems of her departure a how she oddered  $\bar{\imath}$  bertue her sayd mo nasteryes afoze her dethe.

Ta.rpbii.

This blessed abbesse/and vertuous sloure The well of clennes/and humplyte Talled to mynde/the wordes of our sauyour Rehersed by Mathewe/in his enangely The vyctory all crowne/of eterne glory Is gruen to them/that be redy eche houre Thysely attendyinge/whan they be sende fore.

This texte was ever/in her memozyall Prompte alway redy/as a true spouses To wayte on her spouse/whan he wyll call Her lampe replete/with oyle of mekenes Synguler gystes/the had of chrystes goodnes Inspired with the sprinte/of prophecy Secrete thynges to come/knowinge therby.

She knewe the featon/was hattely comynge Dt her departure/fro this lyfe moztall Mherfoze the ozded/fadly every thynge Mithin her monasteryes/and charges spyzytuall Ayfytynge her covent/with her pzesence personall Baue knowlege to them that soone and hastely She shulde departe frome this lyfe transprozy.

Afore her were called the lysters of yche place And were apoynted who shulde succede After to be governour ruler and abbeste To the pleasure of god and they ghostly mede specyally commendinge bertue as we rede What meryte they shall have of god almyghty. In sprytuall cures that done well they duty.

All other officers/within eche monastery Were assigned by Werburge/they, presydent And binder obedyence/charged full depely They, office to execute/bertue to augment for the synguler profyte/of all the couent She gave to yche place/landes and possessyon.

Than the had orderned/eche place in chargte Pyschargynge her consequence/chargynge them all To observe relygyon/with persyte humylyte After her exemple/and doctryne pryncypall She had persyte knowlege/by grace supernaturall Her body thusde rest/in the place of Hamburgens After her departure/by deuyne prouydens.

TTherfore the commanded/the covent of Pambury Ttyfely to attende/with all theyr dylygence Thon the ende/of her lyfe transytory Ttherefoeuer it be/to come with benyuolence And incontynent take/her body with reverence

And brynge it Mortly / buto theyr monastery There to be tumylate / after her desydery.

As it pleafeth our loide / and celestyall sufferagne To sende to his feruaunte/his bysytacyon The day was apoynted/the houre incertagne Of her departure / frome worldly becaeyon The messanger of dethe/the ende of trybulacyon Oppressed this lady/moost worthy same Ryght at her monastery/nomynat Trentame.

She thanked her maker/savenge day and nyght Well come be the bysytacyon/of god almyghty She called her systems/present asore her syght Her entente rehersynge/to them tenderly Desyringe all them/to followe dylygently The lawes of god/with honour and reverence And to her counseyll/to gyue fully credence.

Savenge dere byloued lysters/in our faupour D spyzytuall chyldzen/my derlynges moost dere Thiche have resused/all wozldly honour To serve our lozde/with herte and mynde clere Suffer no synne/in your soule to apere But washe it away/by bytter contrycyon With pzayer penaunce/and true confessyon.

And trust ye well your true obedyence your chast lyuynge/and wylfull pouerte your dayly prayers/bygyls/and abstynence That ye have observed/her buder me Shalbe recompensed/a thousande folde truse

Mhan ye shalbe taken/fro this lyfe transytoly your rewarde shalbe/with immortall glozy.

As for my dethe/whiche approches nere I drede nothynge/tho nature ferefull be I knowe for certayne/who departeth well here Is newe borne agayne/to Joye and felycyte Iche chrysten man hath/a threfolde nature Frist of his parentes/by cours of nature Borne to many troubles/and sorowes sure.

By the seconde by:the/whiche is more excellent At sonte of baptym/we have regeneracyon By fayth professed/to god omnypotent And made the children/of ghostly saluacyon To avoyde by grace/all wyched temptacyon To be inherytours/of Joy perpetuall followings the counsell/of holy churche withall.

The thylde bythe/moost ferefull and to be diedde Is whan the foule/departeth fro the body To payne of blysse/and leves the corps dedde To tourne against to erthe/to wast and putrysy In this thylde bythe/by callynge aferre for mercy Dur soule shall spue in blysse/everlastynge Trowned with byctoly/for our chast lywynge.

The swete byide closed in a cage a longe season Bladly entendeth to sly at lyberte
The physoner setered and cast in depe dongeon Euer supposes to be rydde frome captyuyte
The soule of mankynde moost dygne of dutye

Paturally desyzeth/proued by reason To be desynered/frome bodyly pryson.

Of ye ghostli eroxtacyon faynt Werburge made to her tysters in her sekenesse/and how devoutely she receyved ye sacrametes of holy chysche byfoxe her deth. Ca.rrbiii.

De day knowen/to her by revelacyon Of her departure/by sygnes evident She sende for all/the hole congregacyon And in presence/of all her holy covent She called for the blessed sacrament To whome she sayd/with wordes expresse With wepynge teeres/and great mekenesse.

Mell come my loide/well come my kynge Mell come my sufferanne/and sauyour Mell come my confoite/and soy everlastynge My trust/my treasure/my helpe and socour Mell come my maker/and my redemptour The sone of god/moost in maieste Mithouten begynnynge/and endeles shalbe.

I byleve that thou/fox all mankynde frome heven descended of thy charyte and was incarnate forypture dothe mynde In the byzgynall wombe of blessed marye and suffered dethe/to make us all fre Descended to hell/roose the thyzde day Ascended to heven/and our raunson dyd pay.

And I knowlege to the / with pure entent

On Shorpthurlday/after thy pallyon Thy moot blessed body/in facrament Thou gave to vs/for our communyon To be our defence/and ghostly turcyon Now present here/ in forme of breed To Judge mankynde/bothe quycke and deed.

O fufferagne sauyour/replete with grace I the beseche/have pyte byon me And in my soule/make a dwellynge place Expulse all byce/synne and mysery Desende my soule/frome our adversary Save and protecte me/from peynes infernall And brynge thrugh thy mercy/to sove perpetuall

Thus with reverence/and great humplyte She received/the blessed sacrament
The seconde persone/in trynyte
In persyte sayth/hope/and some servent
With great contrycyon/as it was apparent
Her herte lyste bp/towarde heven on hye
Abydynge the wyll/of god almyghty.

She exorted/her lytters everythone
That were there prefent/in companye
Delyrynge them all/with supplycacyon
To remembre her/savenge with humylyte
My systers in god/now knowe may ye
My dayes ben ferre patt/comynge is the houre
Wherfore I betake you/fyrst to our sauyour.

Prayenge you tenderly/for the love of me Ari.

In deupne ferupce/loke ye contynu Dbserupnge pacyence/mekenes/and chastyte Encrespinge in relygyon/by the grace of Ihesu Thos so perceuers/in herte and mynde true Under obedyence/to the extreme day Is sure to be saued/scrypture so doth say.

Also rememble that all worldly royalte Honour ryches pleasure possession If ye consyder are but a banyte Pothynge assured to trust therupon Thhersole dyspose you to bertie alon Thyle ye endure in this lyse mortall Tyll that ye come to Joy perpetuals.

Secondly the layd/lytters I you pray Kept well the order/of pertyte charyte Peuer declynynge/fro it by no way As ye have taken/exemple of me Iche love other/and worthyp in theyr degre So that no murmure/nor dyslymulacyon Be founde amonge/this holy congregacyon.

Be ever lowly/humble/and obedyent Thith due reverence/worthyp and honoure folowe the mynde/of your prefydent Anto your heed/and ghottly governoure kepe well chastyte/that precyous floure So that no thought/of tenfualyte Borrupte your mynde/to breke byrgynyte.

Se that ye ble dyscrete temperaunce

Abstenynge frome vayne supersuyte Se that amonge you/be founde no varyaunce kepe well the degrees/of humylyte These and many other/exemples of charyte She taught her couent/of synguler deuocyon How they shulde optayne/to hye perseccyon.

Thyrdly the prayed/savenge with mynde dylygent O blessed sauyour/I desyre the Saue and desende/my hole couent And theyr monasteryes/of thy great pyte-frome peryll of perythynge/and frome enmyte That all the subjectes/of our congregacyon May well observe/theyr holy profession.

And graunt me swete loode/throwe thy goodnes talho so in thy name/bpon me dothe call In langour/mysery/in peyne/or sekenes Also women with chylde/in peynes thrall May have remedy/and helpe specyall And people in pryson/halte/blynde/and lame By me may magnysty/thy gloryous name.

Than the required/with humylyte
The sprintuall sufferage of holy buccyon
Her soule to consorte frome all adversate
She toke her leve and kyssed them yeheon
Alas what herte myght thewe the lamentacyon
The weppinge waylynge and wofull heurnes
At the departure of they; swete maystres.

Of the departure of faynt Werburge buto heue at the Werburge.

abbay of Trentam / fro this myserable lyfe / a what lamentacyon her systers made for her dethe. Ca.xxix.

All her inframpte/peyne and busynesse She bled prayer/and medytacyon Callynge for mercy/by interyor mekenesse With weppinge eyes/and great lamentacyon Remembryinge in herte/our lordes passyon Commendyinge her couent/buto our saugour To be theyr defence/ayde/and protectour.

The peynes encreased of her infrante The panges doubled her peyne to augment Pature decayed but fuch debylyte That the sygnes of dethe appered eugdent The houre approched after all Judgment Ahersore all thynges were redy preparate As was convenient for so noble a state.

Her spouse Thesus/haupuge pyte and cure Apon his spouses/in extreme dystresse Udolde not suffer her peyne/longer endure But sende his angels/with great lyghtnesse To conforte his servaunt/in peyne and sekenesse To dyssolve her wo/and great penalte And brynge by her soule/to eterne felycyte.

There derknes was tourned/all but olyght Langour and trouble/but opiciperyte The day was governour/over the nyght Whan that the passed/this lyfe transytory Bondage and thialdome/were brought to lyberte The tyme of Joye/and everlastinge pleasure Mas approchynge to Merburge euer to endure.

A multytude of angelles/thynynge moost clere the redy to gyde/with humble reverence. The soule of werburge/as truly dyd apere. And brought it to blys/buto the hye presence. Of almyghty god/moost of magnysycence. Clerely releashed/frome peynes of purgatory. To be rewarded/with everlastynge glory.

This blessed by:gyn/gloxyous and pure In stediast fayth/hope/loue/and charyte
The thy;de day of february/ye may be sure
Expyred frome this lyfe/caduce and transptory
To eterne blysse/coronate with byctory
Thaungynge her lyfe/myserable and thiall
for insynyte ioye/and glory eternals.

Conveyed the foule/above the fyrmament Pallynge the feven planettes/and all the sterres Unto the presence/of god omnypotent Syngynge full swetely/theyr songes equybalent Of pleasaunt armony/of conforte and blys Salutynge her mekely/with wordes reverent Ueni dilecta: beni coronabiris.

The the Jerarcheles/were redy present With heuenly melody/to receive this monyall The quere of byrgyns/mette her incontynent With great solempnyte/and processyon royall Presentynge her soule/with myrthes angelycall To Ihesu her spouse/to whome he sayd truly Merburge.

Mell come dere doughter/to blysse celestyall Intra in gaudium: domui tui.

In meane tyme and space this venerable body (The soule departed) lay whyte strength and colde Semynge as on sepe the had ben verely with swete odours fragrant pallynge manyfolde All spaces and herbes in erth may be tolde The place was so pleasaunt full of delyce Lyke as it had ben an erthly paradyce.

This forlayd benerable congregacyon
With wepynge teeres/and fryches lamentable
Wallhed the twete body/after the olde custome
And drested the corps/with clothes honorable
Prepared all necestarres/pleasaunt and commendable
To churche the was brought/solemply in frycht
With feruent deuocyon/to be watched all nrycht.

And as they watched/with due mynystracyon Duer the sayd copps/devoutly prayenge They made great mournynge/and lamentacyon Euerychone to other/for her departynge Alas they all sayd/with wofull waylynge Dur solace/our helthe/is clere gone away Alas for sorowe/what shall we now say.

The sterre of our conforte /is extyncte clere The lanturne of our lyght /is taken by fro The sloure of chastyte /is layd bpon a bere The myrour of mekenes / now lyeth full loo The treasure of relygyon / from us now is ago Dur sozowe encresed / wzetchednes / and misery Syth thou arte departed/alas what remedy:

Dur hertes ben plonged/in great wo and peyne Dur myndes are medled/with heur langour Pow thulde we now rest/frome moznynge certayne Beholdynge now deed/whylom our protectour Swete lady thou art gone/frome bs for evermore Dur deedly sozowe/replete with bytternes for waylynge and wepynge/can never ceas.

Mith herte mynde and boyce/to the we do call D blessed Merburge/our moost dere maystres D sufferage lady/and ruler of by all Mhy hase thou by lefte/in suche heunnesse If thy wyll had ben/it is knowen expresse Thou myght have targed/with by by petycyon Alas remedylesse/is our lamentacyon

Frome by thou arte taken/and gone is our folace
The myrour of bertue/is deed now with the
The tryed flock of truth/and the grounde of grace
Is pyteously decayed/our hope and sufferagnte
D blessed sauyour/byon by have pyte
Sende by our conforte/by thy great myght agayne
As thou hase reysed many/from dethe to lyfe certayne.

D diedefull dethe/cruell enemy to nature With dolefull heughes/on the we may complayne Takynge our heed frome bs/to our great dysconfyture Hath brought bs to thialdome/wofulnes and peyne Pother kynge ne emperour/thy fauour may optagne But he mult departe/arested with thy launce.

Thanke we god of all for it is his pleasaunce.

Dow the hamburgentes toke the blessed body of Werburge frome Trentam by myracle a brought it to Hambury/a of ye buryall of werburge/a of manyfolde myracles thewed for her merytes.ir. yere after her trasacyon. Ta.rr.

Pis glozyous byzgyn/and moost blessed abbace Departed from this lyfe/caduce and transytozy (As afoze is sayd) the yere and tyme of grace Almoost seuen hundzeth/the thyzde day of february To celestyall blysse/and infynyte glozy Her subjectes oppressed/with wylfull pensyuenesse With great trybulacyon/care and heuynesse.

But where werburge gave in commaundyment To bury her corps at place of Hambury As was the wyll of our lorde omnypotent Her tubiectes of Trentam whiche had her body Hurpofed her wyll and entent to deny Prepared to kepe the corps by stronge hande With them to remayne as ye shall buderstande.

The fayd people of Trentam/watched full dylygent Her cozps fulfyllynge/the obsequyes funerall Entendynge to auoyde/and frustrate her testament Gate a great company/by power Marcyall Closed fast theyz doozes/and gates one and all Made sure yche place/by theyz prouydens for to kepe the cozps/excludynge Thamburgens.

But as Salomon fayth/fentencyoufly

There may be no counteyll/power ne piudence Apfedome of man/noi naturall polycy To derogate of chaunge/deutne fentence Pioued euer day/by true experience Tho mankynde piepose/his mynde to fulfyll yet god dysposeth/all thynge at his wyll.

And as they watched/the same sayd nyght Moost busyly/to execute they wyll and entent By deuyne prouydence/passynge mannes myght Sodeynly on slepe/was all that couent Theyr company and mynysters/that were there lent Haupnge no power/for to waken doubtles God so prouyded/for theyr great maystres.

Than thostly refembled/but that sayd place
The people of Hamburgens/a great company
With the mynysters of god/people full of grace
And anone by the wyll/of our losde almyghty
The lockes and the barres/of that sayd monastery
fell downe to the grounde/by power supernall
Without mannes hande/that enter they myght all.

Mhiche myzacle proued/the people of Pambury Entred Trentam abbay/with mynde reverent And founde there on flepe/all the other company Man/woman/and chylde/all that were prefent They kneled all downe/and worthypped the facrament Praylynge our maker/of they good fpede They fpecyall focour/ever at they nede.

Her blessed body/from Trentam they dyd take Werburge. L.i. Bladly departynge/out of the monastery Pother man not woman/had power to wake Tyll they were passed/all greuous Jeopardy Magnytyenge our loide/of his grace deuoutly Solemply syngyng their songes celestiall With infinite gladnes/and comfort spirituals.

After all this done this holy congregacion With reverence honour and folempnite With wepynge tearis for pure affection With lamentable fonges malle and dirige Buried the corps of this blessed ladie Right in the chauncell of the sayd abbay There bodily to rest as her wyll was alway.

All obsequies ended/therto belongynge As was agreable for suche a president The systers departed/with clamour and mournynge Plonged in heuynes/and to their celles went To wepe and wayle secretly/their hartis to content Triynge alas alas/nowe buried have we The exemple of vertu/mekenes/and chastite.

And as the history of her lyfe/doth expresse
In a boke nominat/the thrid Passionary
After the buriall of this patronesse
The place was decorat/with myracles many
Manifest to the people/of every progeny
Powe god almyghty of his speciall grace
Path done for his servant/in short tyme and space.

for many people greued with infirmite

Polozous of hert/and interiour tribulacion Heuynes of mynde/oz other penalite To her grave relozityng/with fervent devocion Sekynge foz remedy/with great contricion Anon by her prayer/buto our fauyour They were released from peyne and langour.

Also by her merite suffrage and peticion Every humble creature had helpe and succour To distract persons/was yelded reason wished spirites expulsed. were that same hour Impotent and feble to helth she dyd restour Halt and same had passage/the blynde had prect syght The dombe had speche/the desse herynge ryght.

Mamely in travelyng/greved with wo and payne Mamely in travelyng/greved with wo and payne Whan they might nat come/fendyng to her opatopye Makynge true oblacion/restaured were certayne To helth and prosperite/from wo delyvered playne And if they obteyned a relique from the place The mother and childe/by it founde speciall grace.

The devout pilgrym/the perfit maryner
The true laborer/the marchant with richeste
The carefull pore man/the peynfull prisoner
Where sondry tymes delywered from wo and distress
Men/women/child/sekynge with mekenes
This glorious birgyn/with humble supplication
founde soone remedie/helpe and consolacion.

A litle beute reherfall of her lyfe/and howe for her Ulerburge. L.ii.

myracles shewed y' couent of Hambury purposed to trā sate her body / by the helpe of Mercyens. Ca.rrxi.

Dis gloryous lady/and gemme of holynesse Df tyue myghty hynges/descended lynyally a prynces/an enherytryce/replete with mekenes Refused all pleasures/pompe/and bayne glory Entred relygyon/professed at Ely A spectacle of bertue/dwellynge in that place And a floure of chastyte/electe by synguler grace.

Her honozable bucle/kynge Ethelrede Confyderynge her bertue/and hye deuocyon Made her gouernour/foz ghossly helthe and mede Duer all the monasteryes/within his regyon foz the sure encresement/of persyte relygyon foure of these monasteryes/we have in memozy As Wedon/Trentam/Kepton/and Hambury.

Althan the was ruler/and chefe prefydent Df thefe fayd places/buder god almyghty Than bertue and goodnes/dayly dyd augment By heuenly grace/to the foule helthe of many And by her eremple/and doctryne ghottly thynges/lordes/barons/refufynge theyr royalte Entred relygyon/with great humylyte.

Her lyfe and doctryne/agreed bothe in one Housed in effecte/by specyall gystes of grace Many the converted/buto contemplacyon To prayer and penaunce/whyle they had here space Her covent and subjectes/within every place By her excellent bertue/and hye dyscrecyon Were gratiously governed for they, faluacion.

Her dwellynge was most at the place of Aledon Albere many myacles were shewed openly And at Trentam abbay of her foundacion From peyne she departed to eternall glozy After her entent was buried at Hambury Of whom it may be sayd here lyeth nowe present A princesse a birgin a nonne and a president.

The devout covent of her congregacion Thicke hath long wayled/with folowfull payne Nowe have great cause to make consolacion And grue due honour to our loide and sufferagne knowings that Therburge/in dirst is nowe certagne for them all dayly a true mediatrice. In the heurnly trone/asore the hie Justice.

Dur sausour Jesus/graunter of all goodnes Consydering the mekenes/and pure virginite Df Merburge his spouse/and proued holynes By speciall grace/preserved her body Co his saude and honour/his name to magnifye Both hole and sounde/from naturall resolucion As her soule was clere from vice and corruption.

This immaculat mayde then yng moze byght
Than radiant phebus in the triumphant trone
With the quere of virgins prayleth day and nyght
The blessed trinite with due adoxacion
Of perpetuall pleasure hauyng the fruycion
A singular intercessour for her servauntes all
Werburge.
Liss.

That here in erth mekely to her wyll call

And though her body do rest nowe in grave yet notable signes contynually be done Some warned in their slepe comfort to have By bisityng her place/callynge her byon Which contrite hert making true obsacion. Which thynge contynued by space of ix yere With meruaisous myracles euydent and clere

The couent confydering suche great company from divers partes/resolvinge to they; place In pylgrimage to Aerburge/foz helpe and remedy Entended to translate this glozious abbasse To exalte her body replet with great grace To her great honour/comfozt to eche creature Pite that suche a relique shulde lye in sepulture

To the prayes and honour of god omnipotent And of faint Merburge laude and reverence The covent and the people by one affent Defired Coelrede than kynge of merciens for aide in this case/helpe and diligence (Mhiche thynge graunted) the day appointed was The clergy and the comons reioised with solace

Of the folempne translation of this gloxious virgyn faint Merburge and of the great myzacles done at the fayd feason by the myght of god and merite of this gracious lady.

Cap.rrxii.

At the day appoynted of her transacion

Hynge Toelred and his counfell were redy prefent With byshops and the clergy men of deuccion Her tysters and subjectes a religious couent The comon people from eche place thider went with great gladnes/the hole for pleasure gostly. The seke and impotent for helth and remedy

The byllhops and clergy stode byon one parte Of her holy grave/and her lysters echone Syngynge and praylynge the blessed trinite The kyng and his connsell with great devocion Stode on the other parte in contemplacion The grave was opened elevat was the chest Wherin her holy corps.ir.yere fully dyd rest

Whan this fayd monument discovered was Suche a suavite and fragrant odoure Ascended from the corps by singular grace Passyng all worldly swetnes and sauour Chat all there present that day and hour Supposed they had ben in the felicite Of erthely paradise/without ambiguite.

And as eche man thaught by naturall reason Pothynge thulde remayn of that blessed body But the bare boones/all els to resolucion The couerture removed by the sayd clergy The copps hole and sounde was sunde berely Apperyng to them/on slepe as the had ben Pothyng depaired/that ther coude be seen.

Per besture appered hole clere and white Merburge.

Po parte consumed/fox all the longe space fragrant in odoure/repleit with delite As at the fyrst season whan she buried was But whan discouered was her swete face Beautye appered more white than the life Mixt with rose colour/moost faire for to se

Her louely countenannee/fo comly to beholde And her swete kinomy/with fairenes decorat As freshely apparant/moost pleasant to be tolde As at the fyrst day/whan she was tuniulat No doubt therof/for she with synne nat maculat Using all her lyfe in clennes and virginite from bodily corruption/by grace must saued be.

The clergy yet ferchyng moze diligently Her precious body and interiour besture Eleuat the corps full reverently With moche worthip honour and cure founde nothynge perished in thap nor sigure for all the long space tyme and contynuaunce She lay in sepulture by divine ordynaunce.

Thiche famous myacle/notified to clere The clergy with her tysters in ioy and honour The kyng and his countell all therat prefent were With voice melodious made a great clamour Praylyng and magnifyng our blessed sauiour With celestiall tonges/and hymnes full of blys Deuoutly rehersyng/with all their deuour Mirabilis deus in sanctis suis.

In the fayd churche yarde standing without Heryng the clergy syng with suche deuocion Towarde heuen they cried/and busely dyd shout The space of.iii.houres/or nere there about Udothipping our lorde/with boice shill and loude In hert will and mynde/as well as they coude.

After all this done ther blessed body Washed and reclothed with besture precious By the sayd covent of the place of Hambury The byshops were revesshed in pontificalibus And all the clergy syngyng with boice melodious kneled all downe and gave due reverence Honour and worthip to her corporall presence.

Thus they rescepted with perfit humilite
This facrat resique hole and substanciall
And layd it in a thyne with great solemenite
Enowined with riches sumptuous and roiall
Prepared by the kyng/and orderned inspeciall
Entending that this resique and gostly treasure
Perpetually with them sould remayne and endure

People opplessed with greuous insirmite Distract persons/halt blynde and same Resolvinge to her thyne with humilite Shoutly were cured by callynge of her name Impotent creatures (the legende sayth the same) Touchyng her tumbe/were cured from payne Whiche tumbe remayneth at Pambury certayne

After the was translate/knowen it is well The clergy to procession/went after to mas Ponoryng and praysyng/the kyng of Israell And blested Werburge/with moche folace Whan divine fervice duely ended was The bishops gave they holy benedictions The people departed glad to their mansions

This holy layd fest of her translacion class orderned and celebrate with folemnite As fayeth Kanulphus in his policronicon About the yere of grace. vii. hundreth and. viii. fothle The. ri. Kalendas of the moneth Julii Kegnyng in mercelande the faid Kyng Coelrede Than byshop of Lichefeld was Pedda/as we rede

Dowe the body of faynt Aerburge contynued hole/ and substanciall at Pambury after the tradacion by the space of two hundreth yeres/tyll the danes were comon to this lande/or it felle and was resolved but o powder The.rrxii. Chapitre.

This rutilant gemme and specious floure Hole and substanciall remayned at Hambury Two hundreth yeres in beaute and colour By singular grace and angelicall custodye Tyll the danes were comon of malice and misery Of ire and myschief as we binderstande The meane the company of pagans to this lande

Whiche danes by fufferaunce and dispensacion

Df almyghty god/for synne and iniquite Punyshed bupiteously all this region with a wofull plage of great crudelite. The sharpe swerde of deth/hauyuge no pite Spared no creature/press nor religious. Long tyme duryug in their malice odious

Than this vitall gleve by divine ordinaunce Aduntary permytted naturall resolution Lest the cruell gentils/and wiked myscreauntes With pollute handes full of corrupcion Shulde touche her body/by indignation Whiche pagans were enemyes to our lorde Jesu Revels to holy churche unfeithfull and untrue

Howe be it the power of our twete fauyour Myght have continued the body of his fyruant All that longe featon in worthyp and honour As he preferred of his grace abundaunt Many fayntes of this realme hole freshe and vernant biii. hundreth yeres agon/to this prefent day And like so to endure/hole and clere alway.

Sothely to consider four loade omnipotent Bloxious in his sayntes/scripture doth specifie Of his divine providence/pleasure and intent Some have resolved/for the greatter gloxie Of their resurrection for the tyme truly Some other to continue without corruption To the true example of his promission

Many holy martyis/for Thist have byn sayne

The hie pressis of god murdred cruelly Some with wylde bestes devoured in certagne Some cast in siers on cooles to broyle and fry Apon many other byrdes fedyng openly Of whom the prophet clerely doth reherce The more peyne here and wo the more glory doubtles.

The gloxious marty? Stephan (as is red) In this present lyfe dyd myracles many Pewertherles/he raised no people that were deed But after the resolutinge of his blessed body He raised deed men to lyfe agayne truely That the great power of lyfe myght sprynge from iniurie of deth/by our heuen kynge.

Great was the respect of diugne grace
In the body of Merburge/without resolution
Shewed by her myzacles/for mannes helth and solace
But great was the hope of the eterne reuouacion
In her body resolued to naturall consumption
Whiche for her merites to this present day
Helpeth all her servauntes that to her well praye

The holy lyuynge of this virgin gratious The holy lyuynge of this virgin gratious for why/all the halowynge of her convertacion Belongeth to the honour of our lorde Jefus Whiche of his grace hath made her to glorious And graunteth his mercy/and of tynne remyllion To all them/for whom/the maketh intercession.

Blessed pure virgin/moines and abbasse

O benerable werburge/mekely we the pray Make thou supplycacyon/to the graunter of grace After this lyfe present/that all we may Come to heuen blysse/whiche lasteth for ay Chere to beholde/the gloryous trynyte Co whom be saude/worthyp/honour/a endles glorye.

The table of the seconde boke of ye gloryous bygyn saynt Werburge.



of the comynge to this lande of paganes/and of the trouble of this lande/and how ye hynge of Mercyens for diede departed out of this lande/and how longe saynt Merburge contynued incorrupte and hole at the abbay of Ta.i.

Thow the people of Hambury brought the thryne to Chester/and of the solempne receyvynge of it/by all the inhabytauntes of the countre.

Ca.ii.

A lytell descrypcyon of the fundacyon of Chester/and of y° abbay churche within the sayd cytee/where the holy shape remayneth. Ca.iii.

T A breve reherfall/of the fyrst fundacyon of the mynster of Cherster/4 of the instytucyon of seculer chanons/in the tyme of kynge Edwarde senyor. Ca.iiii.

Of the notable myzacle of faynt Werburge in ye tyme of chanons and fyrst how she faued Chester from the destruccyon of Walshe men.

Ca.b.

- Dowe faynte Merburge cured and healed a woman thre tymes whiche was halt and lame to helthe and profescite agayne.

  Cap.bi.
- Thowe faynt Merburge saued and defended Chester from innumerable barbarik nacions purposynge to de stroye and spoyle the same cite betterly. Cap.bis.
- Thome saynt Werburge by her merite sent fruyte to a barayne Woman by synguler player made but her. Cap.viii.
- Dowe a woman with childe by peyne brought out of her invnde a reason by saynt Werburge was restaured to prosperite and helthe agayne. Cap.ix.
- Of a nother woman bulaufully wurking was made blynde and foze punysshed/and by saint Werburge was restozed to styght againe. Cap.x.
- Thome saint Merburge restozed to helth a prosperite vi. same a halt persons by singular grace. Ca.xi.
- Of a yonge man burrghtfully hanged was thies de lyuered from deth by faynt Werburge to helth and prosperite. Cap.rii.
- Powe at the maner of Aptō faynt Aerburge refrayened wilde hoxles from distruction of her comes. ca.xiii.
- Of a chanō of Chester hauving his leg broke was restored to helth by faint Werburge his prones. Ca.riii.

- A breue reherfall or cronicle of certagne kyngis/and howe kyng Edgar came to Chester/also howe erle Lesofrice repared divers churches.

  Ca.xv.
- Of the comyng of Millyam coquerour to this lande/ a how Lupe was fonder of Cheffer monastery. ca.rbi.
- Powe faint Merburge taught her monke to kepe pacience for the greatter merite and glori to come. ca.xvii.
- Thowe fandes rose by within the salt see agenst Hilburghde by saint Werburge at the peticion of William constable of Chestre. Ca.rbiii.
- Dowe Matild: / countesse of Chestre consellynge her husband agaynst the monasterie was downed at Bart flowe with many other mo. Cap.rix.
- Thowe a great fire like to destroye all Chestre by my-racle ceased whan the holy shyne was boine about the towne by the monkes.

  Ca.xx.
- A were reherfall of the myacles of faynt Werburge after her transacion to Chestre. Ca.xxi.
- A charitable moció / coûfel / A desire to al thinhabitātz Win the coûtie palatin of Chest for ye monastoxi. ca.xxii.
- A litle oxison or prayer to ye blessed virgin saint Alerburge by the transatour of this warke. Ca.xxiii.
- A thost conclusion of this litle werke to the reders by the translatour. Ca.xxiii.

The prologe of the transatour of this lytell treatyse in the seconde boke.

Dw whan we confeder/with mynde dylygent The merueylous maners/a fynguler conduction Of the comyn people/fymple and neclygent Whiche without lytterature/and good informacyon Ben lyke to Brute beetles/as in comparyson Rude/wylde/and boystous/by a proverbe certan Good maners and conynge/maken a man.

Saynt Paule sayth/thewynge to the Romans How all thynge wryten/in holy scrypture Is wryten for our doctryne/and ghostly ordynans for our great conforte/and endeles pleasure All thynge is knowen playnly/by lytterature Morall bertues/be noted by it full playne frome byce and neclygence/to abstayne certayne.

That were mankynde/without lytterature full lytell worthy/blynded by ignoraunce The way to heuen/it declareth ryght fure Thrugh perfyte lyuynge/and good perfeueraunce By it we may be taught/for to do penaunce Than we transgresse/our lordes commaundyment It is a swete cordyall/for mannes entent.

How thulde the feuen/scrences lyberall Haue ben preferued/buto this day The wyldome/of the phylosophers all But alone by lernynge/it is no nay The notable actes/of our fathers I say

(yf litterature were nat) myght nat nowe be tolde Poz auncient histoxies and cronycles olde

The lawe of civile/and of holy canon
By study be preferred with moche honour
To execute instice/and for due reformacion
The most blessed doctrine of our sautour
The actis of the apostoles/with the doctours four
Be preserved by wrytyng/and put in memorie
With the lyves of saintes many a noble storie

De whiche histories we purpose speciall To speke of saint Werburge/buder your protection Delaryng the ende of her lyfe historiall As we have begon/and made playne mencion In the fresh volume by breve compilacion There playnly descriving her liniall discens De.iiii.myghty kyngdomes by true experience

Also we have thewed in the sayd littel boke Her goodly maners/and vertuous disposicion Df her yonge age/who so lyst theron to loke And howe her bretherne suffred martyrdome Df her fathers realme a litell discripcion Howe the was professed in the place of Ely Df her conversacion within the sayd monastery

After for her vertue/howe the was made abbasse. Df divers monasteries slouring in vertue. And of the great miracles whiche there done was for her great charite/by the grace of Jesu Powe divers of her kynrede dyd clerely erchewe Werburge.

All woildly pleasures and honours transetory Professinge obedience at the place of Ely

Also we have shewed buder your licence Of her departure from this lyfe mortall And of her sepulture at the place of Hamburgence The manyfolde myracles shewed by grace supernall The wofull lamentacion of her systems all And howe after ir yere of her transacion By divine ordinaunce miracles were done

The humble require you of your charite
To this feconde abstract to graunt pardon
Confyderinge we omytte whilom the historie
And speke of cronicles/making a digression
It is of no ignoraunce/nor presumption
But to enlarge the mater and sentence
Co gladde the auditours/and move their diligence

In our feconde boke expresse nowe wyll we Ander your licence and speciall tuicion Of this blessed birgin/sourynge in chastite Why and wherfore the came to Chestre towne Principally by miracle/and divine provision And howe for synne/bice/and wykednes Danes oppressed this lande with wretchednes

And howe the was received at Cheffre citie Of the fyift foundacion of towns and the place Of the great mytacles there thewed openice Co chanons and monkes/by fingular grace Unto every creature in extreme case

Howe Werburge delywered the towne from enmite from deedfull fire / and plages of miserye

Also encronicled foloweth here expresse
A brefe compilation of kynge Edwarde seniour
Of kyng Ethelstam/the great worthynes
Of humble kyng Ergare regnyng as emperour
Of his comyng to Chestre/of his great honour
And howe Erle Leotrice repared of his charite
The mynstre of Werburge gyuyng therto liberte

Of the seconde foundacion of the sayd monastery from secular chanons to monkes religious Soone after the conquest sayth the historye By the erle of Chestre nominat Hug. Lupus With counsell and helpe of blessed Anselmus And of the great compas of the sayd abbay Envired with walles myghty to assay

Howe Ric erle of Cheftre by myracle ryght Clas preferued from daunger of Chalchemen And howe he was drowned about mydnyght Hurpolyng to distroye the monastery certen Celestiall signes were thewed to men and women To children and innocentes by singular grace Of blessed Cherburge patronesse of the place

These miracles specified and many other mo This virgin shewed within Chestre cite Whiche at this tyme we let over go Lest to the reders tedious it shulde be Almyghty god both one two and the Werburge. m.ii. Sende vs they, grace to make a good ende Helpe lady Werburge this warke to amende

Of the comynge of cruell pagans to this lande / and howe faint Werburge longe lyinge hole and incorrupt at Hambury than was resolved to pouder. And howe the kynge of merciens was chased from his lade. Ca.i.

Afore the compng of danes to this lande Merueilous lignes were thewed in lyght To convert the people (as we undestande) Sterres in the heuen thynyng full bryght Dyuersty mournge apperring day and night Renninge in the agre dredfull to beholde By longe continuaunce sayth the story olde

Flamping fire diagons in the agie fleginge Thondiging and layth erth quake moot terrible With many other fignes as cometis blackinge Were feen in the agie to nature horrible Apon clothyinge of people bloddy diopes odible Eugdently appered: the yere of grace bii. hundieth. Irrrbi in many a place

By whiche fayd signes wonderfull to se Two plages of petitience followed incontinent The first was great derthes hungre and pouerte The seconde was the greuous and soze punyshement Dt the cruell danes cursed and fraudulent Alhiche trouble began the .iii. yere of Britticus Kyng of west saron/saith maister Alfridus.

The thylde pere folowing these signes in certen Danes and Nolwaies enterplied this lande In the north partie, an hoost of armed men Whiche cruelly spoiled and distroied holy Jlande With Tynmouth abbay and all that myght be fonde Drowned and slewe the people enerythone Brenned churches/townes/spared no religion

In thost tyme after the psenominate pagans At tamysmouth reentred this realme agayne Destroyed many cites by their myghty ordynaunce Oppsessed London/Canturbury by power certayne The kynge of Merciens to escape was fayne kyng Adoustus made the danes a batell To whiche kyng by grace the victorye befell

pf ye wyll confydie the cause wherfore and why Dur loide suffred pagans to punylihe this region The treuth was this: for synne specially for in the primative churche/with great perfection kynges/quienes/dukes entred religion Professed obedient chaste without propurte Uertue to encrease/true loue and charite

That tyme was instice ministred with mercy True love and amite founde in every place Dissimulation/pride and fals enure Durst nat appere in halle not in palace Extocion pollynge opteyned no grace The commaundementes of god were observed a ryght Charite was fervent/encreasynge day and nyght Cherburge. m.iii. By ploces of tyme / as fayth myn auctour Through great pollestion / power / and liberte Mertue decreased in holy churche day and hour Holy religion decayed pitiouse Tharite was colde / instice and equite Troccion discepte were bled every day Couetise / pride / lechery were ryued alway

Therfore our lorde of his great ryghtwifnes Suffred cruell people to entre this region A fcourge to correct fynne and wykednes Like a fwarme of bees from dyners nacion Whiche had no pite mercy nor compassion Danes Gotes Norwayes and scottes also Pictes and the wandeles with mony other mo

These foresayd fearfull and cruell nacions Moost cruell pagans dyd great persecucion from the begynning of Adelwst, kyng of westsarons. Tyll the compuge of normans but this region. The space enduryng by full computation. Two hundreth yeres complet.rr. also. With the swerde of bengeaunce sire and moche mo

The yere of our loide. D. CCC. fyfty and one At Camplmouth arrived a great hooft of pagans With .iii. hundleth thips and .I. men of armes echone Whiche destroied Douer / and put the land, to greuans Agayne Bernulphus the kyng of Mercians The paynyms pieuayled / and caused his hooft to ste Whiche foitune ensoied them more bolder to be.

But the yere of grace .D. CCC. live and lixtie The greattest noumbre of the pagans all viii. hynges entred this realme by victorie Porwaies/gootes/Wandels/danes in especiall With many other nacions within in generall kyng Pingwar and Pubba than came to this lande Whiche se we saint Comunde kyng of Estenglande

The cruell paynyms and trauntes moot furious Repleit with malice/pride/and enuye Servauntes to fatan and ministres malicious Purposed to desolate holy churche wychedly Brenned monasteries and spoiled beterly Many churches chapels of a mortall hate Slewe religious men and nonnes dyd biolate

The people were punylithed in every place
To olde licke and impotent they thewed no mercy
yonge fouthing children coude fynde no grace
Whyddowes and wives were put to bilany
Maydens were corrupt/and flayne chamfully
So all this realme endured confusion
Put to greuous peyne/deth/and affliction

After these insidels had ben at London And there accomplished they; cruell entent They soone proceded towards Lincoln region from thens directly with halfy iugement To the realme of Merciens noble and auncient Right buto Repton where the hynge lay Robbyng and spoilyngs all in they; way

This kynge of Mercelande called Burdedus Regnyng.rrii. yere byon the merciens Ulas clerely expulled by the pagans furious And went buto rome with pure confcience Where he is buried by divine providence Whiche kyng was colyn by difcent liniall To blessed Werburge so glorious and pudicall

This gracious virgin and preelect abbasse Buried at Hambury (as is sayd before) Continued incorrupt and hole in that place In besture and body .ii. hundreth yere and more But whan the danes came With suche rigour To Repton abbay/than she was resolved And of devocion full richely shryned

Thowe the people of Hambury brought the thryne to Chestre/and of the solemne receyvinge of it by all the in habitauntes of Chesshyre. Cap.ii.

A meane tyme the danes pitoutly destroyed The monasteries of Werburge/Crentā a Wedō As they many other places had eugli oppressed In the north and eest part of this region The kyngdome of Kent fustred lyke punicion The Jie of Wyght endured moche turment So dyd the Westmarches/for punysthement

The people of Hambury Wysely consydering The comynge of danes buto Repton And of the departure of Burdsed theys kyng Howe all Englande was in great affliction And howe they were next to endure punicion Whiche forfayd Repton was distaunt from Hambury The space of .b. mile sayth the history

The Pamburgent With all the comons and clergy Predynge full fore the pagans flagellacions Of their lyues desperate but for the thryne specially To our bleffed fautour made dayly invocacions With bigils prayers and feruent meditacions To preserve the country/the relique/the thryne from daunger of enmite and miserable rupne

As they continued in cotidian prayer
The best remedie tekyng for to fynde
To avoide beracion and all grevous daunger
Of theyr great ennemies cursed and bukynde
The holy goost inspired theyr mynde
To take the shryne with great humilite
And brynge it to Thestre from perist and enmyte

They toke this riall relique of reverence With great mekenes devocion and feruour Through the grace of god they; helpe and defence Tame towarde Thefter with diligence and honour A place preoidinat by our faviour There her body thulde rest and worthipped be Magnified with miracles nert our ladie

TUhan the clergie of Cheftre and the citezens Perde tell of the comynge of this noble abbasse Chey made preparacion and great diligence In they best maner worthip and tolace Uterburge.

To mete this relique of lingular grace The great estates and rulers of the countray Were redy to honour faint Werburge that day

first was orderned a solemne procession With crosses and baners and surges clere lyght The belles were tolled for ione and deuocion The ministres of god in coopes redy dight With censours of silver to encense her body right All pressis and clerkes redy to say and synge Proceded in ordre this holy birgin praysyng

Pert to the clergie approched in degree
The lordes of the three knyghtes barons all With feruent devocion/praylyng the trinite
Thiche fent to them suche comfort spirituall
The citezens ensued with gladnes cordiall
With bokes and beades/magnificing our maker
for this great treasure to kepe them from daunger

Aenerable virgins next fette in odde clere With lilies in they handes/colonate with chaltite Bood widowes and whues appointed well were Bruynge true thankes but this virgin fre Per them assemble all the commonte In all goodly maner dynifed by discrecion Playsynge saynt Aerburge with humiliacion

Whan they approched to her hie presence And comon were afore this relique most riall They kneled all downe with mycle reverence Salutynge the thryne with honour victoriall

Magnifyng With melodye and tunys musicall This gloxious birgin/nothyng done amis Syngynge Te deum to the kyng of blyste

The lordes/the citezins/and all the commons Archely submytted themselfe to the shryne With manyfolde prayses and humble supplications With interiour love/and morall discipline Trustyng all in her to save them from ruyne from grevous davinger/and cruell enmite By her entercession buto the trinite

They gave due thankes but this abbasse Devoutly saying knelving byon kne Welcome swete lady replet with grace The sloure of mekenes/and of chastite The cristall of clennes and birginite Welcome thou art to be everychone A speciall comfort for be to trust byon

Melcome swete princesse/kynges doughter dere Melcome faire creature/and rose of merciens The diamonde of dignite/and geme of shenyng clere Airgin and moinials of mycle excellence Melcome holy abbasse of hie preeminence The rutilant saphire of syncerite Melcome swete patronesse to Thestre cite

Thou art our refuge/and singular succour Dur sure tuicion next to the trinite Dur speciall defence at every hour To releve thy servauntes in all necessite Merburge. Thou art our folace and helpe in eche degre Dur ioye/truft/and comfort/and gooftly treasure Melcome to this towne for ever to endure

Agaynst her comynge into Thestre cite
The stretes were strawed with flours fragrant
The mancions and halles edised rialle
Chere hanged with arras precious and pleasaunt
Toxches were caried on eche syde stagrant
Also over the shryne was prepared a canaby
Df cloth of golde and tissewe riche and costly

Thus with great worthip decour and dignite Of all the clergie lordis and citezens She was recepued with great humilite Into the cite with humble reverence The clergie lyngyng with mycle diligence The comons prayeng with love fervent followynge this relique after their entent

In procession they passed all in to the towne With ione and great gladnes he may befure In order togyther in charite and devocion Praylyng our fautour and this birgin pure They brought full solemple with gostly peasure This riall relique to the moost noble place Within all the cite as our lordes wyll was

This feconde transacion of this birgin hight from Hambury abbay buto Thestre cite Ulas celebrate with love and gladnes full right The yere of our faucour in his humanite viii. hundreth complet .v. and seuentie Alured regned than kyng of this region Aictorious and liberall/coronate at London

This kyng deuyded in .iiii. partes his richeste One parte to the poose the feconde to religion One thysde part to scholers/the fourth to bild churches And of a day naturall/he made trin division biii. houres to rede and praye with feruent deuocion biii. houres occupied with businesse naturall And other .biii. houres to rule his realme riall

henric".lio.b.

Pobilitas innata tibi probitas honorem Armipotens Alurede dedit/probitalaz laborem: Perpetuumaz labor nomen: cui mirta dolori Baudia lemper erant: spes lemper mirta timori. Si modo bictus erat/ad crastina bella parabat Si modo bictor erat/ad crastina bella pauebat Jam post transactos regni biteaz labores/ Christe ei sit bera quies/sceptrumaz perenne.

A litel descripcion of the foundacion of Chestre/and of the abbay churche within the fayd cite/where ye holy thyne by grace remayneth.

Cap.iii.

Two cites of legions in cronicles we fynde Due in fouth Wales/in the tyme of Claudius Called Caeruska/by britons had in mynde Drels Caerleon/buylded by kyng Belinus Where somtyme was a legion of knyghtes chivalrous Chis cite of legions was whilom the byshops se Unto all south wales/nominat Wenedocie Unerburge.

n.iii. Another cite of legions we may fynde also In the west part of Englande/by the water of Dee Talled Taerlleon of byitons longe ago After named Chestre by great auctoxite Julius the emperour sende to this sayd cite A legion of knyghtes for to subdue Irelande Like wyse dyd Claudius (as we bnderstande)

The founder of Chestre/as sayth Policronicon Was Lleon Gauer/a myghty stronge graunt Whiche buylded caues and dongions many one Po goodly buyldyng/propre ne pleasaunt But the Kynge Leil a briton sure and valiaunt Was founder of Chestre by pleasaunt buyldyng And of Caerleil also/named by the kynge

Ranulphus in his cronicle yet doth expresse.

The cite of Chestre edised for to be

By the noble romans prudence and richesse.

Chan a legion of knyghtes was sende to the cite.

Rather than by the wysdome of Britons or policie.

Objecting clere against the britons fundacion.

An aratie. Irb.

Hyng Marius a byton regnyng in pyolperite In the Well partie of this noble region Ampliat and walled frongly Chefre cite And myghtyly foxtified the layd foundacion Chus eche auctour holdeth a lingular opinion Chis Marius flewe Reodic kyng of pictis lande Callyng the place of his name Westmarilande This cite of legions to called by the Romans Nowe is nominat in latine of his proprete Testria qualicastria of honour and pleasance Proued by the buyldynge of olde antiquite In cellers and lowe boultes and halles of realte Lyke a comly castell myghty stronge and sure Eche house like a toure somtyme of great pleasure

Anto the sayd Chestre all north wales subject were for reformacion Justice and sugement They byshops see also it was many a yere Enduryng the governaunce of brutes auncient To sarons and britons a place indifferent The inhabitauntes of it manfull and liberall Constant sad and bertuous and gentyll continuall

Of frutes and coines there is great habundaunce Woddes/parkes/foieses/and beestis of benare Pastures/feeldes/comons/the cite to auaunce Waters/pooles/pondes/of fysshe great plente Most swete holsome agie by the water of dee There is great marchandise/shyps/and wynes strang With all thyng of pleasure the citezens amonge

The yere of our loade a hundreth fire and fyfty Reigned byon this lande a bitton kyng Lucius Whiche with great desire required instantly His realme to be baptized of pope Elentherius Whose charitable motion was harde full gratius. The pope enjoyed graunted his petition and sende it. doctours to converte this region Werburge.

The doctours by prechyng and lingular grace In thost tyme converted the greatter Britagne The people confessed their synne and trespase Baptized all were sozgyvenes dyd attagne Idolatrie cessed through out this lande certagne With grace circumfusced and syghtned was England By faith to god professed was all Wales and scotlande

kynge Lucius orderned/by the doctours mocion rrbiii. billhops in this realme for to be And .iii. archebillhops for gollly exhortacion To reduce the people to bertue and humilite At London was fet the chieft archebillhops fe The feconde in fouth Wales at cite of legions The thyrde was at yorke all subject to the britons

Thurches were edified in many a place Here in the moze Britayne with diligent labour Christis faith encreased by speciall grace Faithfull religion delated every hour Divine service was songon a sayd with great honour Crue faith and devocion were dayly encreasynge Namely in Chestre by grace continuall abidynge.

Certaynly lith baptym came to Cheffre cite Soone after Lucius and afore kynge Arthure By the grace of god and their humilite The faith of holy churche dyd ever there endure Without recidiuacion and infection/fure Wherfore it is worthy a lingular commendacion Above all the citees and townes of this region

The perfect begynnyng and fyilt foundacion Df the monasterie within the sayd cite Ulas at the same tyme by famus opinion That baptym began within this countre The great loides of Chestre of landes and auncetre first edified the churche for comfort spirituall In honour of the apostels Peter and Paule

Minishe churche was principall to all the citie and the mouther churche called withouten doubt It was their buriall by great auctorite To all this fayd cite/and.bii. myle without The cemiterie was large to compate it about But what by sufferaunce and processe of tyme Many olde customes ben brought now to ruyne

In whiche mother churche of Peter and Paule All holy facramentes ministred dayly were With great encreasement of vertues all Continuall endurynge more than .CCC. yere In the britons tyme of blodde noble and clere Afore the comyng of sarons to this lande Whiche with apostatic enfected all Englande

So after that the Angles/Jutes/and farons
By fortune of batell/power and policie
Had clerely fubdued all the olde britons
And them expulsed to wales and wylde countre
The faith of holy churche remayned at chestre cite
In the sayd churche truely by singular grace alone
Like as the faith of Peter neuer sayled at Rome

Mad baptized Ethelbrut kynge of Kent And by relacion dyd fully binderstande That the faith of Christ most digne and excellent In the citie of legions was truely remanent In the churche of the apostoles Peter and Paule De magnified our lorde with thanke speciall

That feason there was a noble monasterie rii. myles from Chestre nominate Bangour Where religious monkes lyued bertuouslye Almost.iii. thousande obedient euery hour Without possessions/lyuyng by they, labour Unto whiche place he sende so, helpe at nede To conuert the sarons (sayth benerable Bede)

Saynt Austin approched the cite of legions Where the sayd covent afore hym were present Whom he required to preche to the sarons The faith of holy churche and baptym disigent To whose humble prayer they were disobedient Observing no charite yet for they great pride Many of them were sayne by kyng Ethelfride

That season the britons remayned buder licence Df Angles and sarous within the sayd cite Tyll the dayes of Offa kynge of merciens Begnyng in the west marche with great bictorie Whiche kynge expulsed by power and chivalrie All brutes and walshemen clere out of his londe In peyne of punyshement none there to be fonde

Mhan the faid churche hauginge great liberte Dayly augmented in vertue and holynes Piettis and clerkes prayled the holy trinite And the fayd apostoles with great mekenes The cite encreased in worthyp and ryches Churches were edified with feruent deuocion In sondrie places within the sayd towne

This noble kyng Offa agaynst the pagans Of .rbii. batels has ever the victorye Confederate was with great Charles kyng of frauce/And edified saint Albans monasterye Of Englande first toke the hole monarchie Gaue Peter pens but the court of Rome Cranslate to Lichefeld, the se of Canturbury rrix, yere regned fully in this region.

A brefe reherfall of the first foudacion of the mynstre of Chestre, and of the institucion of secular chanons in the tyme of kyng Edwardsfenior.

Cap.iiii.

The yere of grace. D.CCC. feuynte and fyue kyng Alured regned bupon this region. The relique the theyne full memoratyue was brought to Chestre for our consolacion. Reuerently recepued set with deuocion. In the mouther churche of saint Peter and Paule (As afore is sayd) a place mooth principals.

In whiche holy place but this prefent day she bodily eresteth by divine providence and so by his grace shall continue alway In honour worshyp and mycle reverence

A descout opatopie of vertue and excellence Prepared by our lorde/where speciall remedy Is agayne all greuans in soule and in body

The primatrue gretes gruen to the place Immediatly were after her compange Of deuout people replet with grace In the dayes of the forlayd Alured kyng Of landes and libertes they made moche offerynge To god and faint Merburge/after theyr possession Tristyng to her prayer and sure protection

The people with deuocion and mynde feruent Gaue divers enormentes but this place Some gave a coope / and some a bestement Some other a chalice / and some a corporace Many albest and other clothes offred ther was Some crosses of golde / some bokes / some belles The pore solke gave surges / torches / and towelles

The citezens offered to the layd virgine for the great miracles amonge them wrought Many riall gyftes of Jewels to the thrine Thankinge our lorde that hath vs all bought And blessed Aerburge in worde dede and thought Ulomen and children the mynded full gracious As testifieth the archebisshop Antoninus

Divine service was observed devoutly Every day encreasing with fervent adoxacion As the feelt required and the solemnite To the honour of our lozde and hie gloxificacion

Preistis and clerkes with pure meditacion Observinge their dutie gave vertuous example Of great perfection to the comon people

After kyng Alured/regned his son Edward, senior by liniall discence Crowned the yere of grace.ir. hundreth and one with worldly glorie and great preeminence Buylded castels townes of myghty defence Subdued the danes.bii. tymes in batell Encreased his realme mankully and well.

That tyme the realme of merciens was translate By the kynge and gruen to duke Ethelrede A noble man of auncetre politicke and fortunate Whiche maried his tyster lady Elstede Doughter to the forsaid valiant kynge Alurede The sayd gentilman was wyte and vertuous Sad and discrete pacient and famous

This lady Elflede duchesse of merciens Had special love and singular affection To blessed Werburge and true considence Wherfore the mynded with great disectacion To edific a mynstre a place of devocion To this holy virgin for proste of her soule Enlargunge the churche of Peter and of Paule

She moved her hulbande with great mekenes To supplie the same dede of his charite And divers other nobles of they goodnes So, aide in that cause after their degree Joyfull was the duke of the motion gottle Glad were the nobles within all the thire To founde a myntre after her defire

Afore the holy roode in a table writen is At faint Johans churche without the fayd cite Howe that prince Edmund, the thyrde fon ewis Of Gdwarde fenior true foundour hulde be To whom lady Elstede was aunt by auncetre So betwir twayne was founded in short space An holy mynstre of vertue full and grace

They fende for malons by on every fyde Counnynge in geometrie the foundation to take for a large mynstre longe hie and wyde Substancially wrought the best that they can make To the honour of god for faynt Merburge sake At the est ende taken they sure foundation Df the apostoles churche livnynge both as one

And all thying ended in goodly proportion
Than riche enormentes were offred and brought
Of the faid nobles with great devotion
Temporall landes rentes possession
There gruen for ever to mayntayne the place
Of blessed Aerburge by singular grace

Spirituall ministres were electalso Secular chanons of great humilite To lynge and psalmodise our sautour buto Within the sayd mynstre hauynge a perpetuite Prebendes were assigned to that fraternite with townes/borowes/and fredomes manifest Continually encreasing but the conquest

And the olde churche of Peter and of Paule By a generall contell of the chiritualte With helpe of the duke moost principall Was translate to the myddes of the layd cite Where a paresshe churche was edised truele In honour of the aforesayd apostoles twayne Whiche shall for ever by grace divine remayne

Also we may note holding none opinion This lady Elstede of her charite Of the sayd mother churche translate the patron Caused the sayd opatopic reconciled to be In the honour of the most blessed trinite And of saynt Oswalde marty, and kyng for the love the had to hym continuynge

The yere of our loide .ir. hundreth and .viii. This noble duchesse with mycle royalte Reedissed Chestre/and fortissed it full ryght Churche/house/and wall decayed piteousle Thus brought but orugne was Chestre cite first by Ethelfride kyng of Porthumberlande And by danes/norwaies veryng all Englande

Also the enlarged this sayd olde cite With newe myghty walles stronge all about Almost by proporcion double in quantite To the forther byldynge brought without dout She compassed in the castell enemies to hold out thirthin the sayd Walles to defend, the towne Agaynst danes and walsheme to dryue them all downe

After the deth of her hulband Ethelrede She ruled the realme of mercelande manfully Buylded churches/and townes repared in dede As Staford;/Charwike/Thomwort/and Shirifbury Of newe the edified Kunconā and Edifbury The body of faynt Ofwald; also the translate From Bardeney to Bloucetur there to be tumulate

TThere the edified a noble monastery
Thith licence of her byother afore nominate
In honour of faint Peter/over the blessed body
Of the fayd faint Oswald, kying and marty; coronate
In wiche monastery this lady was tumulate
The yere of our lorde ir, hundreth and nyntene
Thom myn auctour prayseth in this wordes serene
Henric .ii. b.

D Elsteda potens/o terror virgo virorum: Aictrix nature nomine digna viri.

Te quoq3 splendidioz fecit natura puellam Te probitas fecit nomen habere viri.

Te mutare docet fed folum nomina ferus Tu regina potens/rergz trophea parans Jam nec cefarei tant meruere triumphi Taefare splendidioz virgo virago. Hale.

Of the notable myracles of faynt Merburge thewed in the tyme of chanons/and fyilt howe the faued Chest from distruction of walthemen Cap. b. His gloxious Werburge and virgin pure
By fingular grace of god omnipotent
Shewed many myzacles to every creature
To blynde/dombe/halt/lame/and impotent
In the cite of Chestre/whan her shyne was present
Like wyse as in her lyfe at Wedon/at Hambury
Witneseth the same her true legende and history

Where to the honour/playle/and laudacion Df Jefu/the seconde persone in trinite And of this virgin a special commendacion Whe purpose to reherse nowe with charite Under the protection of you that shall the reders be Parte of the myracles/with mynde diligent In this humble stile/and sentence consequent

The first myacle/that our blessed sausour shewed for his spouses/after her transacion To Chestre: was nye the tyme of Edwarde sensour son to kyng Alured samous of renowne The Pame of bistons was chaunged that season Were named walthemen in the montaynes segregate Euer to the sarons haupnge inwarde hate

The Walthemen that tyme had over them a kyng Called Briffinus/to be they; governour Electe by the comons their appetite folowing Endurate with malice/covetife and rancour Ennemies to englishemen/as is faid before This kyng entended by mortall enuy The cite of Chestre to spoyle and distributge.

O.i.

A myghty holf discended from the mountans Well armed and strongely approching the cite Prepared for batell with them great ordinaunce The sayd Briffinus and all his company With his power passed over the water of Dee Whiche ryver adjourneth to the sayd towne Betwene Englande and Wales a sure division

This kynge layd siege buto Thestre cite Whith all his great host there honour to wyn By policie of warre encreasynge myghtyle for whiche the citezens remaynyng within were soze disconsolate like for to twyn With wofull heur hartes they dyd call and crye Upon blessed Merburge for helpe and remedye

The charitable chanons with great devocion Toke the holy thyne of they, patrones Set it on the towne walles for helpe and tuicion Truttynge on her to be faued from distres. But one of the ennemyes with great wyckednes. Smot the sayd thyne in castyng of a stone And it empaired/piteous to loke byon

Anone great punyshement byon them all lyght
The kyng and his host were smytten with blyndnes
That of the cite/they had no manner of syght
And he that smote the holy shyne doubtles
Was greuously bered with a sprite of darkenes
And with hidous payne expired miserably
The kynge was soze adjed/and all his company

Shortly the kynge removed his great holt Departed from the cite without any praye and gave in commaundement in every coolt Saynt Werburge landes to meynteyne alway Aligned her pollellions ever after that day With the ligne of the cross a token evident In pleasing this birgin/for drede of punyshement.

C. Howe faynt Merburge cured and healed a woman thre tymes (whiche was halte and lame) to helth and perfectle agayne.

Cap. bi.

An honest matrone dwelled/Eagida nominat Thiche by continuaunce/and payne of sickenes Was made halt and lame/of helth all desperate yet to saynt Werburge her hart was elevate Instantly required with humble supplication This holy birgin for helth/and preservation

Anone by the merite of this lady clere The pacient restored to helth and prosperite Baue honour and thankes to Werburge and prayer Entendyng euer after her true servaunt to be And truely continue lywyng in pure chastite But shortly she brake her promesse made insyght following her appetite and carnall lustes full right

She had great riches welth and prosperite And maried with pleasure after her entencion Where thries the endured her olde infirmite And thries was cured by meke intercession Werburge. To helth of body from peynfull contraction Thus by the merite of this virgin pure She was delivered from peyne thies to pleasure

This forlayd Eadgide prudently ponderring These notable miracles with her gostly eye Baue great comendacion and special thanking To almyghty god/with servent humilite And to saynt Werburge knelvinge on kne Tame to her oratorie and gave an oblacion To the holy stryne with singular devocion

T. Howe faynt Merburge faued Chestre from innumerable barbarike nacions / purpolynge to distroye and spoyle the sayd cite betterly Cap.bii.

Another tyme inumerable barbarike nacions Tame to spoyle Chestre to robbe it and distry (Sayth the historye) from divers regions Harolde kyng of danes/the kynge of gotes a galwedy Maucolyn of Scotlande and all they, company With baners displayed well armed to fyght They, tentes rially in hoose heth were pyght

They let they ordinaunce agaynst the towne Apon every side timorous for to se Namely at the northgate they were redy bowne By myght police to have entred the cite The citezens dredyng to be in captivite Made intercession but this holy abbase for they deliveraunce in such extreme case

The devout chanons lette the holy thyne Agapult they, enemies at the layd northgate Trultynge to Ulerburge to lave them from ruyne And thewe some myracle to them disconsolate for the citezens were of their lynes desperate Pallynge mannes mynde to escape they, daunger But all only by merite of this birgin clere

As the kynges were fautynge this forfayd cite Truffyng for a praye to have it every hour One of the fayd ennemies replet with iniquite Nat worthyppyng y virgin/nor dredyng our fautour Smote this riall relique with a stone in his rancour Brake therof a corner curiously wrought Tast all to the grounde: than forowe came busought

The layd malefactour nat pallynge the place Aered with the deuill for his greuous offence Rozyng and yellyng his outragious trespace Toze his tonge a sonder in wodely violence Aiserable exspired afoze them in presence Satan ceased nat to thewe great punyshement Apon his soule and body by signes evident

These kynges considerynge this soden bengeaunce Amonge them all lyght so soone and hastely Shortly removed they, great ordinaunce Departed from the cite with they, company Callyng on this birgin salt so, grace and mercy Promyttynge never after to retourne agayne Codisquiete her servauntes and cite in certayne Uterburge o.iii.

C. Howe faynt Merburge by her merite sent frute to a barrayne woman by syngular prayer made buto her The .viii. chapitre.

Poble gentilman/a conful in office Descending of the hie and riall blodde of cofty Elected a spouses at his owne device A swete faire gentilwoman curtes and comly Pominat Judith/ioynned to hym in matrimony With whom this lady lyved a longe season Barrayn and fruteles of generacion

She daily lamented her great weetchednes As woman infortunate full of miferye Peayed to faynt cuerburge with interiour mekenes for remedy and helpe agaynst that woful infamye Desired to have issue and frute of her bodye If it pleased god/and this virgin also Most greattest comfort to brynge her hert from wo

Saynt Werburge appered to her in vision In white bright vesture/clere as the cristall Expressiving wordes of great consolacion Most ioysull to Judith to make rehersall Commaunding her by the effect specials Co go to her churche with singular deuocion And praye our sautour with humble supplicacion

Also for to compasse her holy aulter thich a linen cloth/knelyng on her kne And after for to take the same cloth in fer and compas her wombe about reverentle

This Judith was joyfull and role by yerle and truely fulfylled this golfly vision from thems departed to her propre mancion

Soone after this wyfe afore reherfed Conceyued a childe and had fuccession Praylyng this virgin in hart worde and dede And after the tyme of her purificacion Of the same faire cloth the made oblacion Richely set in sylver/well wrought in compas With many riche enormentes the sende to this place

After came herfelfe but othe monastery With many of her neyghbours/ther' nive dwelling Praylyng and laudyng this glorious lady With cordiall thankinges making theyr offering Of this great myracles true witnes bearing Peparted from the place with ioy and deuccion All the layd company/eche to theyr mancion.

C. Of a woman great with childe with peyne brought out of her wytterby faynt Merburge was restoured to reason agayne. Cap.ir.

A the province of Chestre/knowen it is of olde A certayne man dwelled/of great honeste Thicke had a doughter disposed manyfolde To sondrye vertues/clennes/and humilite This humble mayde ioyned was in matrimonye To an honest yong man/of whom the conceyued And was great with childe/openly perceyued

Taken the tyme approched of her deliveraunce alexed the was with mycle wo and payne Continually enduryng/with suche hidous grevaunce That out of her mynde the went incertayne all philike and medicyns were founde to her in bayne Po comfort in erth helpe nor remedye for her myght be founde in suche extremite

Her father and mother/and her frendes all Brought they dere doughter with great deuccion To faynt Werburge churche/requiryng speciall This blessed birgin/with humble incercession To helpe the pacient from all veracion Promyttynge an oblacion to this lady bryght Whan she buto reason were comen a ryght

And as the depped at the aulter ende Motully cruciat with peynes hiduous Pallyng mannes cure it for to amende Anone by the merite of this virgin glorious She was releated from all payne greuous And fully restored to her reason agayne Pad good deliveraunce / and speede well in certayne

And all the good matrons of the fayd cite And all the good matrons of the fayd cite Came holly togyther with they, oblacion To the holy theyne thanking with hart fre Chis blessed virgin of her benignite Alhiche is to redy a mediatrice alway To helpe her true feruauntes both nyght and day C. Howe an other woman valuatelly wurkynge was made blynde / and by faynt Werburge restozed was to her fyght agayne. Cap.r.

Within the fame cite afore the abbay gate Wwelled a woman/which brake the comaundement Of god and holy churche/hye fabbot day dyd violate Unlaufully wurkynge: wherfore great punysthement fell boon this woman with peynes equivalent Sodaynly fmytten/wurkynge full bufely With greuous blyndnes/and mycle miserye

This woman confyderynge her fyght was gone The pleasure of this worlde her helpe and succour Pauynge to lyue by/small riches or none Tried maynly out out alas every hour Wo is me wretche fulfylled with dolour Alas I was borne to abyde this wofull day My maker to displease/alas what shall I say:

She called to memorie with hye discrecion The myracles that Merburge thewed to mankinde By grace the repented/with suche contricion That water distilled from her eyes blynde Dolefully lamentynge/that the was so bukynde Ruthfully was brought to Merburge oratory Trustyng in this birgin to have remedy

As the continued in her supplicacion Wobully wepynge/abidyng the great grace Of blessed Werburge/with singular inuocacion Anone the was cured to helth and solace Wierburge p.i.

Restored to her eyesight/she passed the place Prayled our lorde and this virgin pure Was a holy woman after ye may be sure.

C. How faint Merburge restored to helth and psperite vi. lame and halt psons by singular grace. Cap.ri.

Dilated was through all this region Manifest by myracles full honorably Therfore from divers partes came many a person for helth of body and gostly convertacion Some to be cured from payne intollerable And some of oldesores that were incurable

Amonge whom there came but her place Sire wofull persones/cured for to be Palt blynde and same besekying her of grace thith humble supplication by them have pite thith wepyinge treares sayinge/o souerayuladie D imperiall princesse/and kyinges doughter dere Peele our disease by thy instant prayer

D blessed virgin and holy moiniall D glozious abbasse/and worthy governour D pereles parens and ministre spirituall D celestials gemme resplendent with honour Praye for vs wretches unto our sauiour That we may opterne here mercy and grace Cured of our sekenes/after to se thy face

Thy name transcendeth this realme swete lady

Thy myracles magnifien thy great goodnes
Thy worthyp encreateth with honour and glorie
Daily evermore through thy great holynes
Shewe nowe thy power/cure vs from fehenes
That by the we may prayfe the kyng of blis
As thou half cured manyone or this

By these meke prayers/in hert full penitent And many other oxions sayd privatly Callyng on this virgin with devocion fervent for certayne/or they passed the monastery Chey were all cured from peyne and malady In wytnes wherof/and triall as it was Cheyr saves remayned longe after in the place

Thowe a yonge man thies hanged bulaufully Mas thies delywered by faynt Merburge from dethe to lyfe and lyberte. Cap.rii.

Lmyghty god gave in commaundement
By moifes lawe/to his people echone
Po innocent to see by wrongfull judgement
Por causeles to punyshe by greuous oppression
Also to beware of lyght suspection
Therof a myracle we shall nowe expresse
Pone in Chestre cite by Werburge they, patronesse

A certagne youge man dwelled in the cite Honelt in maners/and of good convertacion Disposed to bertue and humilite Was arrest and taken of a lyght suspicion By the officers and rules of the sayd towne Werburge.

Gyltles accused most innocently Condemned and judged to deth chamfully

After fentence gruen/ministres were all redy Apon the judgement to do execucion He was fettred and brought to the gebbet by and by And as a stronge these hanged therbpon His frendes and colons so hym made great mone Alas what tongue myght expresse the wo They made that tyme departings hym fro

And as this innocent hang in his payne He called to mynd the manyfolde goodnes The myracles of Merburge thewed her certayne Howe the had faued many in great diffres So whan he myght no wordes expresse In mynde he required her/and humblie dyd pray from thamfull deth to faue hym that day

Althan all the officers departed were thens Suppolynge the soule seperate from the body A white doue descended afoze them in presence And lyght byon the gebbet immediatly The byzde with his byll brake the rope truely The prisoner escaped that tyme from deth Shortly reminynge toke naturall breth

Athiche thynge notified so meruailous in syght The ministers returned/they? labour in bayne Toke this innocent by power and myght Apon the sayd gebbet hanged hym agayne Thus he was delyuered by myzacle from payne

The tostuous turmentours cessed their tysanny Permytted the prisoner to go at liberte

Whiche myacle knowen/his frendes and colyns all Keturned agayne with glad mynde and chere The pissoner mette them louyng god in speciall And blessed Werburge in his best manere The devout citezens approched them nere Went all to the shipne the birgin thankyng The belies were tolled for ioy of this thyng

Thowe at the maner place of Apton faint Werburge restrayned wyld; hoxses from distruction of comes put in by they, ennemyes. Cap.xiii.

At Lio the thyzde feason approched to Thestre cite Many cruell ennemyes in the part of Wirall Purposyng to spoyle and distroy all the countre The people and theyz frutes theyz come and catall The citezens deedyng to be captyue and theall soutised the cite with men of armes bright Hauynge sure artillarie for to defende and sight

The husbandes of the countrey about there dwellyng Agaynit the sayd ennemyes making soze proughon Brought their corne a cattell/their husold remaininge In allurance to be/to the parke of Apton Saynt Werburge landes from all distruction Whiche parke from Apton was distaunt a myle space A prebende to a chanon of her mynstre and place

These Thycked ennemies fulfylled with malice p.iii.

Agaynst all conscience and orde of charite In no maner wife dredynge the hie instice Entred the sayd parke with mycle crueste Pulled downe the paale at pleasure and liberte Put in they, horses made great distruction Of cornes and catell of a hie presumption

Therburge rememblyings they great wychednes
They malice and myschief agaynst her possession
By mylacle shewed her power and goodnes
Pleferuynge her servauntes from all veracion
And punyshying her ennemies with great affliction
As the hath done many seasons of this
By mean to her spouse our loade king of blis

Mhan the come theurs lay broken afore them playne The hortes had no power any part to take for why? by myracle/theyr heedes all in certayne Mere beholde in the arre/theyr bodyes fore dyd quake They touched no frutes/wall they dyd none make Of the principall doers/some raged out of mynde Some smetyn with palsy/some lepre halt and blynde

Thiche punysshement knowen buto all the host The rulers and captens without any delaye knyt agayne the sheuys/that none shulde be lost thith tremblynge hartes humbly began to praye This holy birgin to saue them that daye Apon a condicion/escapynge from payne Endurynge theyr lyfe neuer to turne agayne

from that tyme furth ther dar" no nacion

Confydering the power of this virgin pure Approching Cheffre cite to make derogacion Denmarke Goet nor Galway foot he may be fure Cruell danes nor walthemen dare nat procure Wherfore the citezens have cause to love the place And thanke this virgin for her helpe and grace

Thowe a chanon of Chestre haupng his leg and thie byoken was restaured to helth by faynt Werburge hys patronesse.

Cap.riii.

Mithin Chestre mynstre that holy place Dwelled a chanon nominate Alminus Sad of disposicion by syngular grace Humble and pacient/discrete and vertuous Liberall and honest/gentyll and piteous And for a pastyme this was his pleasure Co hunt and to hauke to confort nature

And as this chanon rode for his folace On huntyng with other honest company By fortune unfrendly/the more pite was Both horse and man fell to grounde sodendly In perill of theyr lyues standinge in icoperdye The horse downe lyinge oppressed the chanon Brake his leg a sondre/with blod great essusion

TAhan by his company the chanon was by take He fell in a fwowne for anguisshe wo and payne All worldly riches redy to forsake for one hour of quietnes to be had agayne Anto his mancion they brought him certayne Therburge.

p.iiii.

There he continued in mycle wo and langour Abydyng allonly the mercy of our fautour

Council furgeans were fought byon every syde To cure this gentylman from penalite But none of them/by wystome coude proughe Clerely to heele hym/and do hym remedye Thus he remediles/in extreme ieopardye Played to saynt Merburge his patronesse for helth and remedye/of her great goodnesse

Mhose humble prayer with inward love fervent Was graciously harde of her charite for right soone after appered evident. A byrde like a done most clere for to see Into the chanons chambre the byrde flow trule Among the company and anone doubtles. The place was repleit with odour and swetnes

Soone after the company everichone There fadly on sepe a thynge meruapious and afore the pacient by playne vision Saynt Merburge appered in his tyght full glorious Sayeng: my chaplayne and feruaunt vertuous Thy be ye absent from divine service Pat doynge your dutie according to instice

Ma dame he layd/and swete president It is well knowen to all the cite Of my mysfortune and harmes eurdent Howe my horse almost had oppressed me Wherfore an impotent I endure mysere It is no feyned cause that I do expresse I beseke you of helpe nowe swete maistres

Saynt Merburge ever piteous and merciable Apon her fervantes in great distresse. Conforted her chaplayne with wordes delectable Proved in effect by her excellent goodnes. To his fight and felynge as he dyd expresse. She touched the foote that fore and broken was Cured it holly from payne by singular grace.

Anone the departed out of his fyght
Anone the departed out of his fyght
The chanon gave honour to god omnipotent
And to this virgin and lady byght
Of this goffly vision comfort and lyght
All peyne was past sehenes beracion
Helth was come by playne probacion

The chanon role by the fame mydnyght And went to mattens as custome was His wetherne were glad with all they myght Hayled our lodge of his singular grace And Merburge patrones of the fayd place Also with honour reverence and humilite The byetherne sange te deum solemle

T A brefe reherfall of certayne hynges/and how kyng Edgar' came to Chestre. Also howe Leofrice Erle of Chestre repared divers churches. Cap.xb.

After the decesse of kynge Edwarde sensour Ethelstan his sonne was coronate at London

Hyng of this lande regnyng in honour which power regalite by true succession Waleant in chivalry and actes everychone Subdued danes/scottes/norwayes/britons all Opterned triumphe/and dignite imperiall

The fourth yere of his reigne and the yere of grace bill. hundreth.il. and fewenty by full computation Buy erle of Marwike by fortune clayne hase Colbrond the graunt floure of danes nation The sayd kying Ethelstan by power and renowne Three subdued danes and slewe the kying of Frelade Nominat prince Anlast as we biderstande

This noble Ethelstan was good and gracious
To all holy churche/namely to religion
Ryghtfull in iudgement/liberall and piteous
To his true subjectes through his dominion
To mynstres and holy places had great affection
Consirmed they, foundacions with libertes clere
Uhose noble actes be touched a lytell here

Regia progenies produrit nobile stemma. Cum tenebris nostris illurit fplendida gemma Magnus Ethelstanus patrie decus, orbita recti Illustris probitas a vero nescia stecti.

After Ethelstan regned Edmunde his brothur fyue yeres in honour/haupng great victory Princis Elred and Edwyn tuccided eytherothur In great busines with scottes and danes truly Next whom meke Edgar'/fayth the history rvi. yere of age/coronate at Hyngston With peace and quietnes sirst ruled this region.

In whose nativite the blessed Dunstan Perde angels singe with mycle melody Peace is now come to Englande certan Duietnes/and rest/honour/and victory Of cornes and frutes that tyme was plentie Danes/norwaies/scottes/britons in every place Submytted them selfe to the kynges grace

Science encreased true love and amite Aertue was exalted in all this region Monasteries were edified of his benignite Endowed with riches/and riall possession rl. religious places by famous opinion Were newly buylded by the sayd noble hyng In sondry places of this realme standing

Secular prestes expulsed sothely were from divers monasteries with great discrecion Religious persones repleit with bertue clere Entred their places cause of devocion Charite was fervent and holy religion The lyves of sayntes were soth in eche place And written in legendes for our comfort and grace

Many thyps were made byon the kynges cost To ferche by the se all his lande about That no alian entre in no maner cost By policie and manhod to holde all his ennemies out Danes/norwaies/scottes durst nat ones loke out Suche drede all nacions had ensuying the tyme That kyng Edgar regned by providence divine In progresse he passed ones in the yere Eche quarter of the realme with his company

To se that his subjectes well ordred were And the lawe observed suffice with mercy Than was none oppression wronges nor injury Debate malice rancour myght nat be founde True love and charite was in all the londe

Kynge Edgar' approched the cite of legions Nowe called Cheftre/specified afore Where .viii. kynges mette of divers nacions Redy to gyve Edgare reverence and honour Legiance and fidelite depely sworne full sore At the same cite: after to be obedient Promyt at his callyng to come to his parliament

From the Castell he went to the water of Dee By a prive posturne through walles of the towne The kyng toke his barge with mycle rialte Rowyng bywarde to the churche of saynt John The forsayd. biii. kynges with hym went alone kynge Edgar kept the storne as most principall Ethe prince had an ore to labour withall

And to the holy roode made oblacion
And to the holy roode made oblacion
They entred agayne into the fayd barge
Pallynge to his place with great renowne
Than Edgare spake in playlyng of the crowne
All my successours may glad and ioyfull be
To have suche homage honour and dignite

Also it is to be had in memory That this sayd Edgar" and his princis all Came with great reverence but the monastery To worthy p taynt Merburge with mynde liberall Mhere he gave fredoms and privileges speciall With singular possessions of his charite Consirminge the olde grauntes by hye auctorite

This Edgar' was nominate in cronicles expressed The slower of Englade/regnyng as emperour Lyke wife as Romulus to romains was of prowes Tyrus to the persis/to the grekes their conquerour Breat Charles to frenchemen/to troians Pectour Famous in victorye preignant in wysdome Aertuous and pacient/feruent in deuocion Penric'. 160, b.

Auctor opum bindir scelerum/largitoz honozum Sceptriger Edgarus regna superna petit. Hic alter Solomon/legum pater/ozbita pacis

Duod claruit bellis/claruit inde magis.

Templa deo/teplis monachos/monachis dedit agros: Pequitie laptum/iusticieq? locum.

Also from the bythe of our blessed sausour A thousande fysty yere and seugh expesse In the tyme of saynt Edwarde kyng and confessour As William Maluesbury beareth wytnes Than Leofricus a man of great mekenes Was erle of Chestre and duke of merciens Son to duke Leofswin by liniall discence

This noble Leofric fayth policronicon Of his devocion and beningne grace

Pamely by the countell and vertues mocion De his lady Bodith countes whiche was Reedified churches decayed in many a place Also he founded the monastery of Leonence By the towne of Persond / and the place of Mensecence

This erle repareled a noble olde monastery Eucham byon Auen/gave them great riches Also founder was of the abbay in coventre Made the cite free for love of his countesse At the cite of Chestre of his great goodnes He repared the College churche of faynt John Endowed it with riches and enormentes many one

This erle of Thestre the sayd Leofricus Df his charite/and feruent devocion To the honour of god/reedised full gracious The mynstre of Werburge within the sayd towne Bave unto it riches and singular possession Endowed the sayd place with fredoms and liberte And speciall privileges consumed by auctorite

So the fayd place encreased in honour In great postessions/fredoms/and richesse Utith singular devocion but our faviour And prayse to faynt Werburge they, patronesse Che chanous observed bertue and clemes Daily augmenting by divine sufferaunce Unto the coming to this lande of normans

• Of the comyng of Willyam conquerour to this lade and howe Hug. Lupe his tyster some was founder of

The yere of grace. At. fire and the scour The .rifi. day of the moneth of october The duke of Normandy/Afilliam conquerour Pight a stronge batell/displayed his baner Of normans and frenchemen hauynge great power Subdued kyng Harold, opteyned all the londe Was coronate at London/made sarons all bonde

for diverte great causes he came to this countre first for deth of Alured his nere kynsman. The proscripcion of Robert archebisshop of Cantbury. The periury of Harolde agaynst conscience playne. The promys of saynt Edwarde made to hym certayne. That the sayd Upiliam shulde enione the crowne. If the kyng departed without succession.

A generall counsell was celebrate at London That all bythops sees by helpe of the conquerour from borowes thulde be translate to a famous towne Within their diocels/to the greatter honour Ryght so they all were / sayth myn auctour Also the see of Licheseld, was translate to Thester By helpe and sufferaunce of the bythop Peter.

Manfull in batell/liberall and vertuous

To whom the kyng gave for his enheritaunce

The counte of Chesshire with the appurtinaunce

By victorie to wynne the forlayd Erledom frely to governe it as by conquest right Made a sure chartre to hym and his succession By the swerde of dignite to holde it with myght And to calle a parlement to his wyll and syght To orde his subjectes after true justice As a prepotent prince/and statutes to device

This valeant knyght with a myghty host Descended from London to wynne the sayd counte But the loxdes of Chesshire rose from every cost Agaynst hym made vatell and had the victorie Thries they prevayled agaynst the erle trulie After he optayned to his same and honour The erledom of Chestre entred as a conquerour

De gaue to his knyghtes after they, desire Lordhyps and franches/and great possession With riche mariages within all Cheshire Eralted his servauntes to hye promocion Unto holy churche had special devocion Maynteynge suffice/commendyng bertue Deposyng vice by the helpe of Jesu

After the departure of his bucle the conquerour Than William Ruff. toke the regalite Than blessed Ancelme the famous doctour Dyd bifet this lande oft tymes of his charite Blad to refourme and byinge buto buite Where was debate and mycle division

By diligent labour and good exhortacion

This fortand erle of his benignite Interiously lounge holy religion Repleit with vertue and feruent charite Sende for faynt Anselme unto London To come to Chestre at his peticion And there for to founde a religious place In honour of Werburge by divine grace

Blessed Anselme at the erles supplication Came but Thestre with gladde there shortly suffere he founded an abbaye of holy religion A pleasaunt place and a noble monasterye. In worthyp of god/and saynt sure surge sothely The yere of grace by full computation A thousande .iiii. score .riii. yere alon

All fecular prestes and chanons also Within the sayd place asore tyme dwelling Were clerely dismyssed and letten go Religious monkes perfect in lyuynge Received were gladly their rule professing Saynt Anselme orderned Rico of Beccens To be their abbot with great preeminence

Landes/rentes/libertes/and great possession franches/fredoms/and privileges riall Were gruen mekely to that foundacion Maners/bozowes/townes/with the people thall And many faire churches/chapels withall Wardes and mariages were gruen that season Werburge.

To god and faynt Werburge cause of devocion

Kyng Wyllyam Kuff. son to the conquerour Confirmed the foundacion/with great auctoxite Endowed the monastery with mycle honour Of fredoms/franches/also liberte
The place that tyme was made as fre
As the sayd erle was in his castell
Or as hert myght thynke/or tonge myght tell

Saynt Anfelme departed thence buto London And was made archebilthop of Canturbury To the place he gave a fure confirmacion With lingular privileges to be had in memory Df whom it is written here following truly Hic bir dum virit ertirpantes maledirit Werburge iura presentia line futura.

This noble prince gave of his charite Kiall riche enormentes buto the fayd place Toopes/crosses/Jewels of great rialte Thales/censures/bestures/and landes dyd purchace A librarie of vokes to rede and synge there was Of whiche riall sewels and vokes some remayne Within the sayd monastery to this day certayne

The founder also buylded within the monasterie Many myghty places/convenient for religion Compased with stronge walles on the west partie And on the other syde with Walles of the towne Closed at every ende with a sure postron In south part the cimiteric invironed rounde about

Hoz a sure defence ennemies to holde out

The .ir. yere aftre this riall foundacion This noble founder the .rrbii. day of July Departed towards the heuenly mancion Pert whom his fon Kichards fucceded truly Than regnyng in honour the first kyng Henry Also the place had their fraunches and fredom Afoze the sayd cite a hundzeth yere and one

Dowe faynt Merburge taught her monke and chaplayne to kepe paciens for his greatter merite and glorye to come. Cap. rbii.

After the transacion of Thestre monasterye from secular chanons to monkes religious By helpe of Anselme archebisthop of Canturburye Supporting therto the founder Hug. Lupus As afore is specified full memorous A monke there dwelled of vertuous disposicion Ander obedience / nominate dan Symon

This brother Simon his tyme well virug Nowe in vertuous study/nowe in contemplacion Nowe in deuout prayer/nowe busely writtynge Somtyme in solace/and honest recreacion Observed devoutly his holy religion Obedience/pacience/and wylfull powerte Mekenes/meditacion/with pure chastite

For whiche examples and tignes of vertue Divers of his bretherne repleit with enuy Ulere fully confederate entending to subdue This honest prest by malice and policy Ulerburge.

They layd to his charge open wronges and iniury They punyshed a oppressed hym with great affliction Dayly augmenting by subtyll collusion

Dan Symon offending no brother at all Observed pacience/ever callynge for grace Mepyng lamentyng with styches cordiall His fortune infrendly remediles/in that case Entended to depart to some other place Of a scrupulous conscience/seyng no redresse Was redy to procede plonged in heurnes

Werburge appered to this monke in vision Bryghter than Phebus in his meridian spere My servaunt the sayd callyng hym voon Why be ye so sad and heur of there? Wheder entende ye? thewe the mater clere Alas he sayd madame and patronesse for solowe I can not my peynes expresse

Divers of my bretherne ben greved at me Cleryng me dayly with great tribulacion Causeles on my part deserved truse In worde or en dede gruyng none occasion I can nat be quiet amonge that congregacion Chhersore swete lady buder your licence I purpose to departe in savynge my conscience

Saynt Werburge pacified his mynde and entent With wordes of comfort and holy fcripture Made hym be humble in hert and pacient Thy fufferaunce Halbe great joye and pleasure

And for thy pacience thou mail be sure To have rewarde in blis perpetuall At thy departure from this lyfe mortall

Talherwith faynt Alerburge departed sodeinl To the blys of heuyn euer endurynge
The monke was meke in hert and mery
Observed her doctrine this lyfe continuyng
Baue good example of perfect lyuynge
Anto his bretherne and at his departure
For his pacience passed to eternall pleasure

Thowe sondes rose by within the salt see agaynst Hilburghee by saynt Werburge at the peticion of the constable of Chestre.

Ca.rviii.

He seconde erie of Chestre after the conquest Mas erie Richard/son to Hug. Lupus Whiche Richarde entended all thyng to the best To visite saynt Ministride in hert desirous Apon his sourney went/myn auctour sayth thus Deuoutly to holy well in pylgrimage for his great merite and gostly advantage

After a meke maner but that party
They made infurrection inwardly gladdyng
Descended from the mountagnes most furiously
Agaynst the erle raised a cruell company
Bytwet hym and Chestre lettynge the kyngis way
Purposynge to see of take hym for a praye
Therburge.

q.iii.

The erle fon perceyued they malicious entent In all half possible sende to Chestre secretly To warne his constable by some and commaundemt Applyant the son of Nigell/to rayle a great army To mete hym at Basyngwerke right sone and spedely for his deliveraunce from deth and captivite Of the wyld walshemen/without humanite

The constable congregate in all goodly hast A myghty stronge host in they, best arraye Cowarde Hilburghee on iourney ridyng fast Trustyng bpon thippes all them to conuave Whiche was a riall rode that tyme nyght and daye And whan they theder came shyppyng none there was To carie all them over in convenient space

Alas what hert may thynke/or tonge well expressed the dolorous greuaunce/and great lamentacion. That the host made/for love and tendernes knowings their great maister in suche persecucion. Some wept and wayled without consolacion. Some sighed and sobbed/some were in extasy. Whithout perfect reason/alas what remedy?

Allyllyam the constable most carefull man on lyue Df his mystoxtune in suche extreme necessite Talled to hym a monke there dwellyng contemplatyue Required hym fox countayle and prayer for his charite. The monke exhorted hym to knele byon his kne Humblie to beseke Werburge his patronesse for helpe and remedy in suche great distresse.

The constable content anone began to praye D blessed Merburge and virgin pure I beselve the mekely belpe me this day That we may transcende this ryuer safe and sure To save and defende my lorde from discommiture And here I promytte to god and the alone To offre to the a gyste at my comyng whome

Whiche prayer ended with wepying and langour Beholde and confydre well with your goffly ee The infinite goodnes of our fautour for like as to Moifes devided the redde fee And the water of Jordan obeyed to Joffle Ryght fo the deperiver of Dee made division The fondes drye appered in fyght of them echone

The constable consyderinge and all the company This great mytacle transcending nature Ptaysed and magnified our lotde god almyghty And blessed Alerburge the virgin pure They went into wates byon the sondes sure Pelivered their lotde from diede and enmite Brought hym in safe garde againe to Chestre cite

The fayd Alyllyam constable came to the monasterye Thanked faynt Alerburge with meke supplication fulfylled his promes made in extremite Offred to the place the village of Neuton Afterwarde he founded the abbay of Norton And where the host passed/over betwir bondes To this day ben called the constable sondes

Thowe Matild, counteste of Chestre counsellyng her husband, agaynst the monastery of Chestre was drowned at Barslewe with many other mo. Cap.ric.

After the decesse of Hug. Lupe prenominate Richard, his son .vii. yeres of age Mas elect Erle by the kyng and creat With countaile governed his landes and heritage At yeres of discrecion he toke in mariage The lady Matild/nece to the first kynge Henry Doughter to erle Stephan (sayth the history)

At his begynnyng he was a benefactour A founder to the place by landes and possession By franches and libertes/ayde/helpe/and succour Gynen to the abbay/augmentyng the foundacion Proued by his actes of singular devocion Enduryng long tyme/tyll that his lady By wycked counsaile moved hym the contrarye

It is red in scripture howe quene Jesabell Ambicious of honour agaynst all ryghtousnes Peruerted her loode Achas/kyng of Israell To de Nabath for his vineyard doubtles Also Athalia/the vible sheweth expresse Commaunded to see the kynges children all That she myght regne sole princesse imperial

Ryght to this Matild, clerely refutyng The steppes of Sara/Rebecca/and Rachell And other good matrons: but mutacion takyng Of these wycked women Athali and Jesabell Peruerted her husbande by her subtyll counsell To aske of the abbot the maner place of Salton With the appurtinaunce by famous opinion

Thabbot by counfell of his bretherne all Wenyed to graunt their propre possession. The patrimony of Thrist and their landes severall To the sayd erle Richarde and his succession. Byuen by his father at the sirst foundation. Hor whiche thrng the erle and Matild, his lady. Wated thabbot his bretherne and the monastery.

The erle and his countesse went to Normandy To viset their frendes and colyns naturall So dyd the princis/their father kyng Henry With many estates of the blodde riall These princis fauored no saron at all The erle conominat in malice and hate Agaynst the monasterie/as a man endurate

Satan sende forth his servauntes in halt To enfect the erles hert with benomous poison The bedyls of Belial attempted full falt The erle and his countesse/to kepe they opinion Detractours flaterers cause of promocion Trustyng therby to opteyne favour and grace Excited their myndes agaynst the sayd place

The erle foze attempted by his goffly ennemy By wycked people callyng hym byon Pamely by the counfell of Matild, his lady Entended to alter and chaunge the foundacion Werburge r.i Df the fayd abbay to a nother religion Confirmed the fame fwerying most depely At his whom comying to Englande from Poimandy

Thabbot and covent knowing this great perell By special lovers and frendes secretly Were pensive and solowfull (it was no meruell) Their hertes plonged in wo and misery By natural reason having no remedy Considering his malice encreased more and more Against the monastery/with wordes of rigour

They had their hope trust and considence In blessed Werburge their patronesse With wepyng eies clere in conscience They called her byon in all their distresse D glozious birgin lady and swete maistres Metigate the malice by thy benignite Of Richarde our lozde/mekely we praye the

Suffre hym never to distroye thy place
By wycked confell malice and enuy
founded and dedicate by hevenly grace
In honour of god/and the specially
Protect/defende/and save thy monastery
Thy landes/thy libertes/and thy servauntes all
As thou afore tyme hast done continuals

In meane tyme the erle entended spedely from thems to depart and retourne agayne To fulfyll his entent agaynst the monasterye By the subtyll motion of his countesse playne

A thip was prepared all thyng redy certagne The prince of England the erle and his lady Toke thippyng at Bartlewe and all their comp

Tertaynly they fayled but a lytell space Than against them roofe a contrarie wynde The mariners to gyde the thip had no grace The stormes so great hiduous against hynde On a rocke they ranne/no remedy myght synde Incontinently the thip barst all in sondre The erle and his feliship were turned all undre

Po man ne childe scaped from deth that tyme But one poze servaunt whiche swamme to the sonde Suche was theyz foztune by sufferaunce divyne Many of theyz bedis were never sonde Thus was their power made theall and bonde Theyz lyves were soft within a sozt space Whiche were cruell ennemies but o her place

On faynt katharins day at after mydnyght Whan matens were ended/and bretherne gon Some mournyng waylyng for drede full ryght Some busie in prayer and contemplacion Werburge appered to the secristan alone Sayenge: ye may be soyfull in god and mery Erle Richarde is drowned your mortall ennemy

The same glad tidying the wed an honest woman Tollying at the churche doze the sayd day and hour As the was commaunded by Merburge incertan To thabbot and covent plonged in great langour Merburge.

r.ii.

(TUhiche myracle herde) they prayed our fautour And blessed Werburge/with hert devoutly Syngyng Te deum full solemply

Dowe a great fire like to distroye all Chestre by myracle ceased/whan the holy shape was boine about the towns by the monkes. Cap.rr.

Rom the incarnacion of our fautour A thousand/a hundreth yere Arr. also On sonday in mydlenton/the .bisi. hour Than every paresthen they, churche went to As all chisten people of dutie shulde do A fyre by infortune rose up sodeinly All samying servent of the people dyd espy

This fearefull fire encreased more and more Piteoutly waltying hous/chambre/and hall The citezens were redy their cite to succour Shewed all their diligence/and labour continuall Some cried for water/and some for hookes dyd call Some bled other engins by craste and policy Some pulled downe howses afore the fire truly

Dther that were impotent/mekely gan playe Dur blessed loide/on them to have pite Women and children cried out and waite away Beholding the daunger and perill of the cite Plesses made hast divine service to supple Redy for to succour their neighbours in distres (As charite required) and helpe their heurnes

The fire contynued without any cellynge feruently flamyng ever contynuall from place to place meruayloudly rennyng As it were tynder confumyng toure and wall The citezens fadly laboured in vayne all By the policie of man was founde no remedy To celle the fire to feruent and myghty

Alas great heurnes it was to beholde The cite of Trope all flamying as fire More pite of Rome cite was manyfolde Feruently flagrant/empeiring the empire As to the quantite the cite of Chestire Myght be assembled this tyme in like case To the sayd citees remedeles alas

Many riall places fell adowne that day Riche marchauntes houses brought to distruction Thurches and chapels went to great decay That tyme was brent the more part of the towne And to this present day is a famous opinion Howe a myghty churche a mynstre of saynt Michaell That season was brent and to ruyne fell

All han the people sawe their power insufficient By diligent labour/wyldome and policye To subdue the sire/but styll dyd augment To almyghty god they dyd call and crye And to saynt Merburge the gracious lady for helpe and succour in suche wretchednes Merburge and waylyng for woo and heurnes Merburge.

Therburge.

r.iii.

Thabbot and covent of the fayd monasterie Religiously lyugng in holy conversacion Repleit with mekenes and fervent charite Toke the holy shyne in prayer and devocion Syngyng the letanic bare it in procession Compasying the fyre in every strete and place Trustyng in Werburge for helpe aide and grace.

Minan they had ended the holy letanye from place to place procedying in Aacion Anone a Aremying Aerre appered sodayilye A white done descended afore the congregacion Approchying as to helpe them/a signe of consolacion The people rejoyled of that gostly syght And prayled saynt Werburge with power and myght

So by the merite of this blessed virgin
The fire began to cesse/a myracle clere
Pat passying the place/where the holy shyne
Was boine by the bietherne/as playnly dyd appere
The citezens dyd helpe in their best manere
The feruent great fire ertincted was in dede
By grace aboue nature/in story we may rede

The clergie the burges/and the comons all Confydering the goodnes of this virgin bright With tendernes of hert and love in speciall Magnified and prayled our lorde god almyght And blessed Werburge by day also nyght Whiche hath preserved of her great charite Thesre from distruction in extreme necessite

Anto her theyne the people all went
The clergie before in maner of procession
Thanking this virgin with love fervent
for her mercy and grace thewed them byon
Devoutly knelynge there made oblacion
Sayeng full sadly/we thall never able be
The place to recompence for this dede of charite

**A** breue reherfall of the myracles of faynt Werburge after her transacion to Theffre. **Cap.rxi.** 

Defe forelayd myracles and tignes celetiall by divine sufferaunce thewed manifestly Magnissen this virgin and blessed moiniall with mycle worthyp honour and victory Playnly declaryng but o your memory with tingular grace/worthyp/and excellence Dur sautour shewed for his spouse openly As is rehersed at masse in her sequens

To expresse all myracles written in the place In a boke nominate the thrid passionarye It wolde require a longe tyme and space To the reders tedious (no meruayle sothly) Where we omytte to writte of them specially But touched in generall but your audience To rejoyle and comfort your hertes inwardly As ye may conside in her sequens

Certaynly it is knowen by bokes expresse Sith that saynt Merburge came to Chestre cite By the power of god and myracle doutles Merburge. r.iii. She hath defended the towne from ennemite from varbarike nacions full of crudelite Of whom we have thewed with diligence Preferuyng her feruauntes and the monastery As is declared in her true sequence

Also of her goodnes preserved the hase The sayd towns from fire in extreme necessite Many divers tymes to their ioye and solace Reserving the citezens in wo and penalite for it is well knowen by olde antiquite Sith the holy thryne came to their presence It hath ben their comfort and gladnes truly As playnly appereth in her sequens

Also to blynde men she hath gyuen syght To dombe men speche right perfectly To desse men their heryng pleasaunt and right And helth to sicke men repleit with debilite Delynered prisoners from captinite Passage to same men/to mad men intelligence Suche myracles shewed this blessed lady As ye may buderstande in her sequens

Ciomen with childe by her had good delyueraunce Cirgins defended from thame and vilany Her feruauntes were cured from wofull greuaunce Marchantes and mariners delyuered from ieopardye Other were faued from hangyng thamfully A speciall comfost succour and defence To all carefull creatures sekyng for remedy By singular grace/as sayth the sequens Po wofull person in payne and wretchednes Man woman childe/who so ever they be Comynge to the abbay with persit mekenes Makyng supplication to this ladge free But they departed toyful and merie Co they dwellyng place by her beniuolence And for their lywng had all thyng necessarie As written is playnly in her sequens

For whiche great myracles and fignes continuall This bleffed Merburge floure of humilite Of the people is called for grace supernall Patrones of Chestre/protectrice of the countre Mhere next our saufour and his mother Marie She hath great honour prayle and preeminence As most condigne to beare the principalite In witnes wherof recordeth her sequens

This holy abbasse and lady imperiall Hath ben president in Thestre monasterie They, trust/they, treasure/and defence speciall In mycle reverence. bis. hundreth yere trusse And so shall continue by grace of god almyghty To the worldes ende in hie magnissence To whom be honour worship and glorie Ever to endure/as sayth her sequens

A charitable mocion and a desyze to all the inhabytauntes within the countie palatine of Chestre for the monasterie. Cap.rxii. pe worthye nobles of the west partye Considre in your mynde with hye discrecion The persite goodnes of this swete ladge We mean saynt Werburge nowe at this season Whiche hath ben your helpe and singular tuicion And so ever wylbe have this in your mynde Whan ye to her call with humble supplicacion Wherfore to the monasterye be never bukynde

Remembre/at the foundacion of the fayd place your predecessours and forefathers redy were To grue for their soule helth by singular grace Parcell of their landes and possessions mere To our fautour and to faynt Werburge clere Redy to offre them with humble hert and mynde In persit oblacion with Hug. Lupe their soundere Wherfore to the monasterie be never busynde

Many helde their landes of the fayd monasterie By tenure grand feriant/and some by homage By tenur franke almoigne/other by fealtie With service de chivaler and some by escuage Some by petit feriant and by tenur burgage As in their evidentes and grauntes they may fynde Tres maners de rentes/with tenur billenage Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

The place hath speciall franches and liberte Haupnge certayne wardes of landes and mariage Of divers gentilmen within the sayd counte All theyr tenauntes and servauntes have fre passage Within all cheshire without tolle and pillage

Suche auncient fredoms in their dedes they fynde Gynen by theyr founders for gostly auauntage Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

The erle gave the place many great fredoms Within Cheftre cite/whiche ben knowen of olde With fingular privileges and auncient customs Saynt Werburge faire/with profites manyfolde That no marchandife shulde be bought ne folde Enduryng the faire days (in writyng as we fynde) But afore thabbay gate/to have and to holde Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

Therfore lordes barons/ye rulers of the countre The you now erhorte in our fautour Discretly considre with your gostlie eie The myght of this mayden and chaste floure Shewed by myracles every day and hour Than she was required with true hert and mynde In all busines she hath ben their protectour Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

Than your forefathers have ben in great perell In icoperdic of lyfe on fee and on londe Dr like to be sayne by ennemies in batell Dr taken by warr in prison fast bonde Anto this birgin/as we understonde Than they called and cryed with contrite mynde They escaped all daunger/cam whom safe and sonde Therefore to the monasterie be never bukynde

Marchauntes passynge with marchaundise

From lande to lande truly entending
If they were taken with cruell ennemyle
Diels were put in perill of perillying
If they to this birgin devoutly praying
Made supplication with humble hert and mynde
Anone they opterned they humble asking
Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

If any of you bered with insirmite With sekenes incurable of other beracion As wronges iniuries and other maladie Anto saynt Werburge making intercession And to her place promysyng an oblacion With contrite hert and penitent mynde They were soone cured from all affliction Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

And you honest matrons remembre you all The goodnes of this virgin full of grace Alhan ye in travelyng byon her do call Dr have any relique sende from the place ye fortune and spede well in short tyme and space And divers maydens louyng a chaste mynde from vilany ben saved by her purchase Alhersore to the monasterie be never wakynde

But eche contray/thire/and congregacion Some be disposed to vertues generall And some to the contrarie proved by reason following their mynde and appetite sensuall Have thewed unkyndnes to the place spirituall And have ben sore punythed/take this in mynde

To all other followinge and example speciall Wherfore to the monastery be never bukynde

Ther was never man of high nox lowe degree Lorde/baron/knyght/marchaunt/and burges Attemptyng to infringe their rightes and liberte Remaynyng in the same malice and wyckednes But if they repent shortly they, busynes Athyng absolucion to they, conscience blynde Aengeance on them doth lyght doutles Asheriore to the monastery be never bukynd

Divers malefactours agayne good confcience Attemptyng to take there severall possession By subtell policy and wrong seyned evidens By proved periury and fals collusion Whiche in theyr inivry and wronge mesprision Whithout repentauns in theyr confciens blynde Sodenly have ben drowed a tharpe punycion Wherfore to the monastery be never bukynde

Other have be glad to alienat the patronage Of certagne churches by malice and enuy By a fals enquest for theyr owne auauntage Defraudyng the right of the holy monastery Suche ewill doers remaynynge in theyr tyranny Without satisfaction in their consciens blynde Lyke wretches expired most myserably Whrsore to the monastery be never bukynde

Other have ben bely ferching day and nyght Co infringe they, fraunchis and fridome auncient

By fals recordes oppugnant to ryght
As hath ben proued by perfones indifferent
yet they have procured and fought wronge iugement
Agaynt their libertes in confcience blynde
Sodayne and euyll deth folowed them confequent
Wherfore to the monasterye be never bukynde

Some other have be paraventure on late Studious to disquiet the place the company And divers libertes have alienate Also tolled their franchis fraudulently from the sayd place well knowen in memozy Suche mysdoers we move in conscience blynde To maende their wronges lest payne come sodeynly Whersoze to the monasterie be never bukynde

Suche malefactours conside nat discretly Howe all suche landes libertes and fredoms Mere gruen to Chist and ben his patrimonye And nat allonly to religious persons for all suche fraunches privileges possessions. Of charite were gruen of pure conscience and mynde To god and saynt Merburge with great devocions Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukynde

Powe for to make a finall conclusion
The well percepte in auncient bokes olde
All fuche transgressours/holding their opinion
Obstinate in malice indurate and bolde
Some have ben sayne/some drowned in water colde
Some hamfully hanged rebuking their kinde
Some wretchedly departed/some cruciat manyfolde
Wherfore to the monasterie be never bukinde

A litell oxison of prayer to the blessed virgine saynte Werburge by the translatour of this werke. Ca.xxiii.

Blessed Merburge and virgin glozious Pescended by auncetric of blod victoziall Doughter to kynge Auster / and Dymenild, vertuous O sufferagne lady and famous moinials With hert and true mynde on the J call Thou art my succour/my helpe in all distres Pesende and saue me from peynes infernall By thy meke payer swete patrones

D rutilant gemme clerer than the cristall D redolent rose repleit with suauite Whiche so, the love of thy spouse eternall Resuled hast all vayne pleasures transetoze Ponours/riches/and secular dignite Powe regnyng in heuyn as a quene doutles Praye so, thy servaunt to the lorde of mercy Mekely I beseke the swete patronesse

D fufferagne lady full of singular vertue Myndyng most religion from thy infancy Elect to the a spouse our sausour Jesu Professed obedience at the house of Ely Where thou observed the sensuals thre By grace aboue nature playn to expresse Opteyne me power to have victory Ageynst myn ennemyes swete patrones

O floure of virgins and comly creature Syngyng with angels in the heuenly toure

Transcending the saphir and diamounde pure In worthip praising beaute and decur subject that tong can reherse thy for and honour subjects is inestable for man to expresse Beseke thy spouse our blestyd saufour To graunte me mercy sweet patrones

For thy great vertu and hie discrecion Thosen thou was a pyler here to be Of divers monasteryes to encrease religion By thy gostly doctryne and humilite Ersample thou gave of persit charite Anto thi subgettis as a kynde maistres Helpe me thy servaunt of thy benignite To please my maker swete patrones

Po maruell it was thought thy subgettis all Were vertuous and perfect in contemplacion Ander suche a ruler a hed and principall Whose gottly example and exortation Were corespondent according in one Thy precept and deed were buit with mekenes In this vale misery be my protection humble the require sweet patrones

Glozious abbasse and floure of chastite Carboncle thenyng bothe day and nyght All this region by thy noble progenie And hy the is decorat under god almyght The presens of thy blessyd body right Reioisith thy seruauntis in all distres Thou art our refuge and lanterne of light

# Succour thy feruauntes swete patrones

D pereles princes lady imperiall
D gemme of holynes and noble president
Comfort to all creatures in paynes thrall
Releuyng all secke feble and impotent
A myrour of mekenes to every pacient
Whose myracles magnisen thy great goodnes
Defende thy servaunt from grevous turment
By thy supplication sweet patronesse

D noble fufferagne and fingular protectrice
Df thy true fubiectes by speciall grace
In all necessite a sure mediatrice
From greuous oppression preserving thy place
A lanterne of lyght in eche wofull case
To illumine thy people plonged in heurnes
With great consolacion and gostly solace
Powe lyghten our conscience sweet patronesse

Swete louely lady mekely I the praye for thy great mekenes and perfect charite Make thou intercession both nyght and day for thy true feruauntes but the trinite Chat we may opteyne here grace and mercy And of our synne to have forguenes Afterwarde to come to eternall glorie Pelpe nowe and ever swete patronesse

T A breue coclusion of this litell werke buto the reders by the transatour.
Therburge Cap.rriffi.

Mith tremblynge penne and hand full of diede In termes rude translate nowe have we The noble histoire of faint Merburge in dede Beseking all them for their good humanite Whiche this litell process that beholde and se for to adde and ministe and cause reformacion Where nede requireth after your discrecion

At her lyfe histoxiall example may take Every great estate/quene/duches/and lady To encreace in vertue/and synne to foxfake To observe mekenes and prayer devoutly With pacience of hert/and almesdede truly If thou be widowe/her lyfe well folowing Thou mayst be sure in blis to have a wonning

If thou be religious/wearing blacke betwee Take good example at this holy abbatte Her lyfe will teche the how thou thult endure In holy religion/opteyning mycle grace Thith mekenes/meditacion/meture in eche place And howe thou thalt kepe thy tentuals thre Confidering in heuen thy rewarde to be

If thou be a virgin of hie or low degre Takyng imitacion of this virgin bright Thou mayst well observe the floure of chastite And thy spouse that be lorde most of myght Dn whom if thou attende redy day and nyght Thou thalt have merite as recordeth scripture With .b. wise virgins after thy departure

The cause mouyng by this werke to begyn It was to auoyde south and idelnes And most for the love of this holy virgin Whiche is our sufferayn lady and patrones As for baudy balades full of wretchednes And wanton wylde gestis/we purpose none to make for drede of losyng tyme/clothed in besture blake

Go forth litell boke/Jefu be thy spede
And faue the alway from mysreportyng
Whiche art compiled for no clerke in dede
But for marchaunt men/haugng litell lernyng
And that rude people therby may haue knowyng
Of this holy birgin/and redolent rose
Which hath ben kept full longe tyme in close

To all auncient poetes litell boke submytte the Whistom flouring in eloquence facundious And to all other/whiche present nowe be frust to maister Chaucer/and Ludgate sentencious Also to preignaunt Barkley/nowe being religious To inventive Skelton and poet laureate Praye them all of pardon both erly and late

If there be any thynge within this litell boke Pleafaunt to the audience contenting the mynde The praye all reders whan they theron do loke To give thankes to god maker of mankinde Pat to the transatour ignozaunt and blynde for every good dede done in any cost It cometh allonly of the holy gost.

Therburge.

C.ii.

Almyghty god both one two and thre the with humble supplication Saue holy churche of thy benignite And all ministres in holy religion Preserve the kyngis grace the Peeris the region Defende our monasteric and thy servantes all And graunt by by grace to come to blis eternall finis.

A balade to the auctour.

D thou disciple of Tully most famous

Nowe flourishing in the floures of glozious eloquece

Like as appereth by your stile facundius

full worthe laude prayse and preeminence

Put forth your werkes full sure of sentence

Uhose auctour/what though bucertaine be his name

Df all the reders exalted shalle in same

Alas why shulde this delicious werke Thus surely sette by pured science To be examined by my rudenes all derke subjects knowe full well myn insufficience with I have lerned by longe experience That dulled age in werkes of poetry Must nedes gyve to poetes place and bictory

Bloxious god and kynge eternall
The magnitie thy name as is but ryght
Sith thou gave to be a floure most riall
Redolent in cronicles with histoxicall syght
Thiche nowe is departed from this temporall lyght
The present yere of this translation
M.D.riii. of Christis incarnation
Tuius anime propicietur deus.

An other balade.

D frutefull hiltoge to digne memogiall
Enbawmed with doctrine of vertues infinite
With termes exquifed and fence retogiall
To spirituall hertes a fingular delite
fragrant and facunde to englishe exquisite
Holsome in doctrine tog those that it desire
Auaunce you to rede it fog it is exquisite
folowynge theffect to kepe you from hell sire

Reioyle Chestre/reioyle ye religious
And thanke your maker of his beniuolence
That hath you gruen suche treasure preciouse
Advocatrice/in your most indigence
D birgin werburge/of double excellence
Conserve thy servauntes dayly familier
Preserving them from inconvenience
The for tensue/that art they lode sterre

Amonges the whiche to thyn honour Due of thy clientes/with mozall retoxique Hath chaunged newly/o mayde most swete flour Thy legende latine/to our language publique Preserve his soule/and make hym domestique Within the heurns/in whiche that thou art sonke With deth prevent/he myght nothyng replique Harry Braddeshaa of Chetre abbay monke

D cruell deth/o theffe vindicatyfe To perfons vertuous ennemy mostall Df this good clerke thou half abbreged the lyfe Preventyng hym with thy dede stronge fatall yet in dispite of thy most benomus gall He hath translate this legende prositable And left it for holsome memoriall To all his sequaces/a gyft most covenable

Mith polyshed termes and good sence litterall Po place there boyde but bertue abundeth Cheffect is manifest: for science over all Rethorically thy sentence groundeth All bices surely it confoundeth Shewynge the legende of this mayde pure Her shenyng lyfe eche where redoundeth Suche steppes folowyng/we hope in them tendure

An other balade to faynt werburge With hert contrite accepte my fupplicacion Aydynge my fraylete and lyfe bacillaunt Renegate and contumace in all oblinacion Bewzapt with all synne/detestable and recreaunt Couchfafe to supplie Jesu and geat graunt Remyslion to have of my synnes generall Greuous and theall/that I may the auaunt A gentill Clerburge/to thy doctrine me call

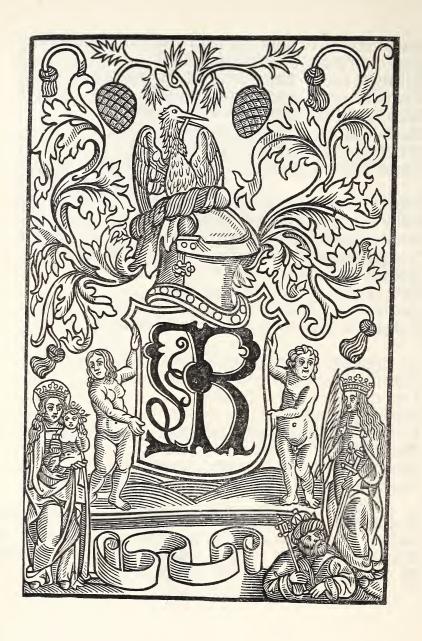
And gentill Aerburge to thy poctrine me call

Which faithfull clennes thy soule was sure preserved Ever contynuynge in doctrine celicall Resulyng vanite from vertue never swarved But in all grace remayning principall Anto thy deth exhorting great and small Ruled to be to the preceptes divine Bouerned by grace were thy disciples all A gentill Werburge call me to suche doctrine

Modely felicite abject from my courage Enuy and pride / with luftes voluptuous Rancozous cupidite myn hert fore do aswage Bryng oyntmentes sanative for my fores dolorous Anclose thy succours/and be benivolous Redy to be preserving me from pyne Bouerne my lyfe from all actes davingerous And gentill Merburge call me to thy doctrine

Be nowe beniuolent/whan I shall on the call Anto thy saue/as my trust hath ben sure Leue buto me for a memoriall knowlege effectuall of thy lyfe pure Lyuynge ther after/and to tendure Euer in purite my lyfe to contynue yeldyng thankes for thy most holsome sure This ouer by holde his hande/al vices teschue. Amē.

And thus endeth the lyfe and historye of faynt Clerburge. Imprinted by Richarde Pynson / printer to the kynges noble grace / Clith privilege to hym graunted by our soveragne lorde the kynge. A. M D.rri.



# GLOSSARY.

INDEX.



# GLOSSARY.

This Glossary is not intended so much to explain, as to exhibit in a tabular form those words now nearly obsolete which were in use at the time the poem was written.

#### A.

Accepte, accepted, 80.
Adred, alarmed, 160.
Ago, agone, gone, 116.
Albe, (tunic?) a white vesture ordered to be worn by the clergy in administering the eucharist, 154.
Alienat, alienated, 203, 204.
Allonly, all only, only, 174, 204, 209.
Ampliat, enlarged, 148.
Anendes, anent, in reference to, 100.
At after, after, 95, 193.
Attempted, tempted, 191.
Attempten, plural of attempt, 100.

#### В.

Ben, be, are, 1, 75, 111, 117, 134, 151,

AUDACITY, courage, 2.

Befound, found, 8.

186, 189, 202, 204.
Beneson, benediction, 90.
Beseke, beseech, 189.
Besely, busily, 1.
Besynes, business, 2.
Borde, "high board lord," those seated at the upper table at a feast, 60.
Both two, both the one and the other, 15, 57, 58.
Bowne, bent, prepared, 162.
Brenned, burned, 34, 39, 49, 139, 141.

Brent, burnt, 60, Brutes, uncivilised people, 149, 152. Browdred, embroidered, 60. Buxum, obedient, 1. Byforne, before, 38.

#### C.

Caduce, frail, feeble, 115, 118. Canaby, canopy, 146. Carle, churl, clown, 38. Celebrate, celebrated, 146, 181. Celicall, heavenly, 213. CEMETERIE, 151, 184. Cesse, to stop, verb act. 195. CHERE, countenance, 102. Chest, coffin, 125. CIRCUMFULCED, surrounded by brightness,  $76,\ 150,\ circumfulgeo.$ Clerke, educated persons, 4, 209. CLYPPED, called, 32. Comen, plur. of come, 128, 144. Computation, 5. Condigne, worthy, 199. Congregated, 188. Conominat, akin, 191. Consecrate, consecrated, 93. Conynge, skill, 134. CORONATE, crowned, 115, 144, 147, 158, 175, 176, 181. Corporace, corporate, a linen cloth spread under the chalice and paten at the eucharist, 154.

Cost, charge, also, side, 177, 182. Costy, a son coté, on his side, 164. Cosyns, kinsmen generally, 25, 170, 171, 191. Cotidian, daily, 80, 143. Counceyled, concealed, 45. Countered, encountered, 9. Covetyse, covetousness, 2. CREATE, created, 2, 190. CREATURE, creator, 1, &c. &c. CRUCIATE, tormented, 101, 166, 204. CRUDELITY, cruelty, 198. Cubicle, bedchamber, 1, 77. Cup, "to sit between the cup and the wall," probably a common term for a drunkard, 2. Cure, a care or charge; as of a parish, &c. 54, 87, 107.

#### D.

DAN. master. 185, 186, from Dominus. Daring, suffering pain, 98, from dare, pain. Bailey's Dict.

Dredefully daringe, i. e. slinking along for fear, as if they would hide them-

"The dere, in the dellun,
They droupen and daren."

Anturs of Arthur at the Tarnewathelan.
"In this dale I droupe and dare.
For dern dedes that done me dere."—Minst.

"Now or that darend all for drede, That war before so stout and gay."—Ibid.

"Blotir," to squat, skowke, ly close to the ground like a daring larke, or affrighted fowle.—Cotgrave.

DECORATE, decorated, 75, 96, 120, 126, 206

DECAUR, 146, decur, 206, honour. Dedicate, dedicated, 104.

Depayred, decayed, 125, deperir, Fr. disperdere, Lat.

Derogation, damage, 173. Descryben, plur. of describe, 8. Descrypcyon, for destruction, 97. Desidery, desire, 56, 108. Desse, high desse, seat of state, 61. Devoyre, devoir, respect, 25, 58, 126. Dight, clothed, 144. Dolour, grief, 167. Do way, begone, put aside, 67, 83. Done, plur. of do, 67. Dyfferre, defer, delay, 30. Dygne, worthy, 109, 152, 211. DYLATED, magnified, published, 9, 75, 96, 150, 168. Dylectacyon, delight, 27, 155. Dyspent, spent, 94. Dyversity, dissension, 89. DYVYDENT, dividing, 8, 10.

## E.

Edified, built, from edifier, Fr. 151, 153, 158, 177. Electe, elected, 85, 93, 159, 190. ELEVATE, raised up, 48, 125, 126, 161. Empaired, injured, 160. Emperryng, inflaming? 195. Endurate, hardened, cruel, 159, 191. Enforce, strengthen, 34. Enormentes, ornaments, 154, 156, 165, 180, 184. Enowrned, inurned, environed, 127. ENQUIRED, for required, 80. Ensuing, pursuing, 41; during, 177. EQUIPOLENT, of equal power, 11. Equivalent, proportional, 167. Expulse, expel, 6, 88, 111, 121, 142, 151, 152, 177. Extincted, extinguished, 196.

#### F.

FACUNDE, 211. FACUNDIOUS, eloquent, 209, 210.

FEMINITY, womanhood, 61.

Fere, 76; in fere, 11, 59, 164, together in company. See Chaucer, Cant. Tales, v. 4748, 4814. Ang. S. fœra, fera, socius.

Ferre, far, 63.

FISNAMY, physiognomy, 103, 126.

FLOURES OF EXPERIENCE, of approved worth, 5.

FLOURYNGE, flourishing, 9, 23, 34, 135, 181, 209.

FOLLOWEN, follow, 97.
FRAGYLL, light, vain, 81, 103.
FRAGYLYTE, light conduct, 69.
FRAYLTE, inconstancy of mind, 3.

#### G.

GALWAY Scot, Scotch from Galloway, 173.

Galwedy, Galloway, from mediæval Latin word, Gallovidia, 162.

GATE, road, at no gate, no where, by no means, 89.

— got, begot, 11, 12, 13, 14, 91, 118. GAUNTES, Gannets, or any geese, 97, 98. GEAF, perhaps from gavel, progenies mascula; vide Skinner in voc. forens. Geaf therefore seems here to mean male descendant; of his eldest son Shem descending plain, i. e. in Saxon's tongue,

geaf, 14. Gеат, get, 212.

GLEBE, earth, soil, 9; vital glebe, mortal body, 129.

GOET, Goths, 173.

Gotes, Goths, 140, 162. Goets and Gotes, being used in connection with Danes, probably means Goths; but as they are also used with Galway and Galwedy, they may refer to the Manxmen, who at one time possessed Galloway.

Graffe, graft, shoot, 75.

GUERDON, recompence, deserts, 84.

#### H.

HAD UPON, placed upon, 49.

Hallynge, aulæum, hangings, 61; "An hallynge, auleum, anabatrum, Versus. Vela vel aulæa cortinæ sunt anabatra." Catholicon anglicanum MS. Dict. inedited, dated 1483.

Hall, usually a large tent for warlike uses, seems to mean the complete set of hangings for a chamber. Thus Margery Argentein in 1427 bequeaths "a steyned hall."—Rokewode's Suffolk, p. 290.

HARNEYS, armour, 9.
HASE, have or hast, 117, &c.
HE, for she, 23.
HOLLY, holily, 95.
HUMANYTE, courtesy, 25.
HYGHT, named, 15, 16.
HISTORIALL, historical, 10, 15, 208.

#### I.

ICHE, each, 112.
IERARCHYSES, Hierarchies, 61, 115.
INFORTUNE, misfortune, 194.
INSTRUCTE, instructed, 75.
IN SYGHT, in presence, 83, 161.
INTERIOUSLY, internally, 183.
JUTES, people of Jutland, 6.

#### K.

Kynde, course of Kynde, course of nature, 98, 106, 193.

#### L.

Lap, one of low condition. Lad to wed a lady is inconvenient, 38.

Layth, probably lightening, akin to laye, or lowe, a flame, 138.

Leed, laid, buried, 19.
Lent, dwelling, abiding, Sax. word, Lenge, to dwell, 98, 119.
Letten, let, permitted, 183.
Lettynge, obstructing, 187.
Leve ye me, believe me, 32, 84.
Lever, rather, preferred, 76.
Lose, destroy, 39.
Lovers, friends, 47.
Lusty eloquence, vigorous, 37.
Lycense, leave, farewell, 65, 78, permission, 6, 36, 43, 99; 136, 152, 158, 186.
Lyghtnesse, nimble, quick, 114.
Lyst, like, desire, 135.
Lyen, plur. of lye, 11.

M. Machoryte, anchorite, 103. MACULATE, defiled, 104, 126. Magnifien, magnify, 169, 197, 207. Maken, make, 134. Margaryte, pearl, or flower, daisy, 16. May, maiden, young woman, 27. Mean, intercession, 172. "Meene, or medyatowre, mediator."-Prompt. Parv. "Woman that is meane for any man. advocatte.—Palsgrave. Mede, reward, 13, 17, 18. Medled, mingled inconveniently, 117. Memorall, memorable, 8. Memorative, memorable, 41, 153. Memorous, memorable, 6, 11, 104, 185. Mendes, amends, 47. Mercyable, pitiful, 95, 102, 175. Minisshe, diminish, 208. Monyall, recluse, nun. 4, 81, 115, 145, 168, 197, 205; monialis, *Lat.* moniale, Moynes, nun, 55, 59, 68, 80, 93, 130; moinesse, old Fr. Mutation, taking the contrary course, 190. Mycle, much, great, 144, 145, 146, 153, 157, 172, 174, &c. Mynysters, servants, waiters, 64, 94.

N.

Nat, not, 135, &c. &c.

Nay, it is no nay, there is no denying it, 134.

Ne, nor, 54, 83, 100, 102, 117, 148.

Nominate, named, 20, 22, 87, 88, 93, &c. &c.

Nomynyon, nomination, mention, 7.

## Ο.

OBSERVEN, plur. of observe, 1.
ODIBLE, odious, 138.
OR, before, 95, 169, 172, 194.
ORDINANCE, direction, preparation, 62.
ORELS, or else, 36, 38, 147, 202.
OUT OF PRESENCE, out of sight, 41.

## P.

Parage, parentage, 69. Paresshen, parishioners, 194. Passing, surpassing, 23, 27. Paynyms, pagans, 140, 141. Paynt, flatter, 2. Penality, punishment, 174, 198. Pollers, plunderers, 89. Pollute, defiled, 129. Pollynge, pillaging, 139. Polytyke, sagacious, 20. Prenominate, forenamed, 139, 190. Preordinate, predestined, 143. Preparat, prepared, 1, 62, 114. Preparent, very powerful, 14, 76, 182. Pretended, foreshewed, portended, 28. Progeny, progenitors, 38. Prolonging, postponing, 33. Promission, permission, 129. Promytte or promyt, promise, 178, 189. Promyttynge, 163, 166. Promoters, informers, 89. Pryce, prize, preeminence, 9.

PRYME, daybreak, 40.
PRYMATE, supreme governor, 1, 4.
PUDICALL, chaste, modest, 142.
PULCHRYTUDE, 30.
PYGHT, pitched, set up, 162, 181.
PYNE, sorrow, 213.
PYNNE, confine, 98. "Pynnynne, or put yn a pynfold, intrudo, detrudo." Prompt.

parv. Ang. Sax. pyndan, includere.
R.

RECIDIVATION, relapse, 150. RECOURSED, ran back again, 42. Redact, 212, from redactus, collected; gathered into the general body. Refuted, rejected, cast aside, 57. Regaly, regality, royalty, 16. Relique, 121, 124, 127, 143, 144, 146, 153, 202. Remanent, remaining, 152. Repareled, repaired, 180. RESEMBLED, reassembled, 119. Resolution, decay, resolving to original state, 123, 125, 129. Resolve, dissolve, melt, 54, 129, 130, 142. Revesshed, revested, clothed again, 127. Rewarned, rewarded, 84. Roborate, corroborate, confirm, 91. Rowme, place, rank, 56. Rude, uneducated, 127. RUTILANT, glittering, brilliant, 128, 145, 205.RYVED, rife, frequent, 140. RYDDE, quit, relieved from, 109.

S.

SAD, saad, sayd. Sedate, discrete, 2, 23, 24, 27, 29, 38, 69, 81, 149, 155, 173. SADNESS, discretion, 51, 57, 69. SANCTYMONYAL, holy person, 96. SAPYENTLY, wisely, 37.

Sautynge, assaulting, 163.
Sayne, plur. of say, 14.
Segregate, separated, 159.
Sende for sent, 10, 148, 149, 152, 156, 165, 183, 188, 202.
Sensuals, essentials, 205, 208.
Sequaces, successors, 212.
Sequentials, 197. The name of a particular kind of service book. Lat. med. Sequentiarius, sequentialis. "Seqences."

"Fist mainte sequance et mainte hymne."

were chanted between the lessons at

SEYN, Sitting, Synod, 90. SHALMES, musical instrument, 63. SOTHE, truth, 2.

Spyre, spike, tendril, 60. Corn spires when the flowers are forming. "Spyre of corne or herbe, hastula."—Prompt. Parv. "Spyre of corne, barbe du ble."

-Palsgrave.

mass.

In the Wickliffe version, Isaiah 35 7. "Grenenesse of rehed and Spier schal growe in dennes in whiche dwelliden dragouns bifor" and Isai. 18. 2. "Papirus is a kynde of spier so great that bokis mowen be maid thereof." In a curious treatise on herbs, &c. Arund. MS. 42. "Pliny says, c. 81. ther is calamus scriptoris, swuche a stable as scryueners writen with, and that is a reed spere; for by olde tyme, ar us of penne were fowndyn men wryten with reedspyre, &c. p. 55. 6.

STABLE, steady, firm, 27, 32.

Streets, the milky way, 28: In German it is termed "die Milch-strasse"—as Phœbus surpassed other planets or stars, so doth, &c. perhaps, however, the word is a misprint for "starres."

STUDY, "stode styll in a study," mused in perplexity, was in a brown study, 98.

Sufferaunt, suffering, patient, 92.

## GLOSSARY.

Suing, ensuing, following, 61.
Supernall, from above, 41.
Supple her rowme, supply her place, 93.
Supplie, supplicate, 212.
Surges, wax tapers, 144, 154, Fr. cierges, "cereus cereolus, serge." Vocab. Lat. Eng. Roy. MS. ix. c. xvii. "Ceroferarius, a bearer of serge." Harl. MS. 2257.

SYKERNESS, security, 50. SYTH, since, 4.

#### T.

Tamysmouth, mouth of Thames, 139. THRALL, bondage, 99, 113, 115, 117, 193, 207, 212. --- v. imprisoned, 115, 183. Tho, those, 25, 58. Timorous, occasioning alarm, 162. Tollyng, knocking, pulling, 193. Torruous, torturing, 171. Toynes, tunes, (Prologe of J. T.) Transcend, pass over, 189. Translacyon, removal, 124, 128, 146, 159, 185. Translated, removed, 11, 79, 124, 128, 153, 157, 181. converted, changed, 48, 49, 86, 97. TRAYNE, trap, 39, 43. Trow ye, think ye, 83. Tuycyon, government, 5, 51. protection, 111, 136, 145. Tumylate, buried, 26, 108, 126, 158. Twyn, tine, loss, sorrow, 160.

U.

Uknowinge, unknown, 99.

UNKYNDE, unnatural, unhealthy, 167.
UNNETH, scarcely, 46. Saxon adv.
URE, use, 64; Ure for use occurs in writers about the age of Bradshaw.
USING HIM, conducting himself, 87.

#### V.

Valeaunce, valour, 9.
Varnaunt, verdant, 23, 104, 129.
Venare, Venery, hunting, 8, 149.
Vengeable, revengeful, 39.
Veray, verily, 100.
Virginall, virginlike, 23, 68, 110.
Volupte, voluptuousness, 81.
Vylayne people, of no rank, 36, 38.

## W.

Wandeles, Vandals, 140.
Wete, know, 82.
Wis, e wis, I know, 156.
Whome, home, 189, 192, 201.
Whylom, formerly, 3, 4, 20,21,117,136, 147, 209. Idleness whylom, former idleness, 3.
Wodely, madly, 163.
Woo, woe begone, sorrowful, 68.

## Y.

Wroken, from wreke, revengeful, 39.

YCHEON, each one, 113. YERLE, early, 165. YLNES, evil, or idleness, 28. YMPE, graft, scion, 75. YOURE, yore, long ago, 60.

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Alfrydus, 5, 138. Alfredus, Alredus, Aluredus, see Alredus, Biog. Dict. born at Beverley in Yorkshire, a secular priest, canon and treasurer of St. John's, Beverley. Wrote a History of Britain from the settlement of Brutus! to the year 1126, in which year he died. Hearne published an edition of his History, at Oxford, 1716, with a preface.

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Alve, 90, Alvechurch in the diocese of

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Hambury situated in the northern division of Offlow in the county of Staf-Monastery built and endowed by Werburge, 86: her residence, 159: under her rule, 122: burial place of Werburge, 107, 120, 123, 131: the recluses ordered to attend at her death and take charge of her body, 107. remove the body from Trentham, where she died, during a miraculous stupor inflicted on the residents there, 119. The tomb there, 127. The shrine of Werburge removed thence to Chester to escape the Danes, 131, 142. cles performed there, 159.

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Hengist, fourth in descent from Woden, 14: accompanied by Saxons, Angles and Jutes, i.e. people of Jutland, came to England, A. D. 449, to the assistance and at the invitation of Vortiger, 6: became first King of Kent, 6, 14.

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Helburghee, Island, 188. William Constable of Chester by help of Werburge passes his army dryshod from thence to Wales to rescue Richard Earl of Chester from the Welsh, 189.

Hingwur, a northern King invades Eng-

land in 866, 141.

Holy Island, spoiled by the Danes, 139.

Hoo, a village in Kent: miracles performed there, 104: an oak-tree opens and receives Werburge to protect her from violence, and remains to this day vernaunt, fresh, green and clere, and a test of purity, 104. Hoo a parish in the ecclesiastical jurisdiction of the diocese and deanery of Rochester is distinguished from others by the name of Hoo St. Werburgh, as the church was dedicated to that saint. Laurence, Bishop of Rochester, appopriated this church, with the chapel of All Saints, to the prior and convent of Rochester.

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Humber, North of Mercia, 8: with the Mersey divides Mercia from Northum-

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Hylda, Abbess and foundress of the Abbey of Whitby, 12, 74: daughter of Hereric of Northumberland and Beorswyde, 12. Joshua leading the Israelites in pycture on arras, 60.

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Jerumannus, Bishop of Lichfield, 21: baptizes Wulfer, 20. He was made Bishop of Lichfield, 664: and died 669: first bishop of East England, 43: preaches Christianity in England, 43.

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Jurwyne of East England, great uncle to Werburge, martyr, 13, 69.

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Katherine, St. in arras, 62.

Keneburge, daughter of Penda, 11, 17: Aunt to Werburge, 17: buried at Peterborough, enshrined, 11: married Alfryde of Northumberland, 17: at feast of Werburge's profession, 58.

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Kenrede, brother of Werburge, 12, 26, 85: confessor, 26: buried at Rome, 26: King of Mercia, 88, 89: character of him, and his engagements, 89: endows Evesham with eighty-four tenements, 89: visits Rome, 90: calls a general council to confirm the obedience of Evesham to the Popedom, 90: resigns his crown to his nephew Coelrede, 92: revisits Rome, A.D. 708: becomes Monk, professes the order of St. Benedict, 92: dies 92.

Kent, Kingdom of, earliest of the heptarchy, their first King, Hengist, A.D. 455, 6: account of, 14: united to Mercia by Wulfer, 25: oppressed by Ethelred of Mercia, 87: oppressed by the Danes, 142.

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Leofric, Earl of Chester, 179: repairs and endows the Minster at Chester, 137, 180: and several churches, 180: founded Leonence monastery, 180: and Wenlecence, 180: repaired Evesham, 180: founded Abbey at Coventry, 180: made the city free, 180: repaired college of St. Johns, Chester, 180.

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Matilda, niece to King Henry I. Countess of Chester, 190: wife of Earl Richard, son of Hugh Lupus, 190: compared to Jezabel, and Athaliah, 190: incenses her husband against the monastery of St. Werburge, for refusing to give him the Manor of Sallon, 191. For this iniquity she and her husband were shipwrecked and drowned, at the same time with William, son of Henry I. 193.

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Minstrels engaged at high Festivals, 63. Minster at Chester, originally a Church dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, receives the shrine of St. Werburge, enriched with great offerings and then enlarged and converted into a minster, a new church being built instead in the midst of the city and dedicated to the two above named Saints, 156, 157: reedified and endowed by Earl Leofric, 180.

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Myldred, virgin, cousin to Werburge, 11. Mylgyde, virgin, cousin to Werburge, 11. Nicholas, St. in arras, 62.

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Norfolk, subject to Offa, 7.

Northumberland, 7th Kingdom of Heptarchy under Ida and Alle, previously two kingdoms, chief city York, 7. Account of its princes, 12.

Norton Abbey, founded by William, Constable of Chester, in memory of his miraculous passage dryshod from Hilbree

Island to Wales, 189.

Oak at Hoo, 104: preserves St. Werburge,

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Offa, first King of East Anglia. Norfolk and Suffolk, 7: subdued the West Saxons, Northumberland and Kent, 9: drove the Britons into Wales and made the Dyke, named after him, to restrain them, 10: removed the See of Canterbury to Lichfield, 10, 153; founded St. Alban's monastery, 10, 153: gave Peter's Pence to Rome, 10, 153: visits

Rome, 90: expels Brutes and Welshmen out of Chester, 152: gains 17 battles against the Pagans, 153: alliance with Charlemagne, 153: first took the whole monarchy, 153: reigned 39 years, 153.

Offryde, son of Edwyn, King of Northumberland, 12, 74: slain in battle, 12: husband of St. Audry? 74: Offryde is probably a mistake for Egfryde.

Ossava, wife of Ermenred of Kent, 15.

Ostryde, daughter of Oswy King of Northumberland, wife of Ethelred, King of Mercia. 87: murdered 87: by the people of the north parte, or, by her own people, that is, by the nobility of Mercia, A.D. 697, vide Bede B. v. ch. 42.

Oswald, King of Northumberland, martyr, 16: subdued by Penda, 16: and slain, 18 Oratorie at Chester, i. e. south transept of the cathedral, dedicated to him by Elflede, daughter of Alfred, 157: she translates his body from Bardenay to Gloucester, and builds over it a church dedicated to St. Peter, 158. She founded the priory of St. Oswald, introducing into it secular priests; it was accounted a free chapel royal, exempt from the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Canterbury or Bishop of Worcester.

Oswolde, Saint, 72: brother of Ebba

Abbess of Canwood, 72.

Oswy, King of Northumberland, 17, 87: invaded by Penda, 18: offers him presents to avoid war, 18: defeats Penda who is slain, 19, 33: offers his daughter Edelfled "to god omnypotent," 19: sends her for instruction to St. Hylda at Whitby, and gives 12 possessions to build a monastery there, 19: rebelled against by the Mercians, 19.

Pagans, viz. Danes, Goths, Norwegians,

Scots, Picts, Vandals, 140, 141: invade England in 851, with 300 shippes,

140: again in 866, 141.

Passyonary. A boke wherein her holy lyfe wryten is, whiche boke remayneth in Chester monastery, 26: The third

Passionary, 120, 197.

Peada, son of Penda, 11, 17: introduced baptism into Mercia, 17: married Elflede, daughter of Oswy, King of Northumberland, 17: brought four priests, Ced, Beccy, Adda and Duyna to preach in Mercia, 18: reigned three years, 19: murdered by his Queen Elflede, 19.

Peers, elect a King, or Regent, 85.

Penda, King of Mercia. 8: enlarged it, 8, 17: subdued five kings, 11, 16: Edwyn and Oswald of Northumberland, Sygebert, Egnicius and Anna of East England, 16: married Keneswith, 11, 17: was grandfather to Werburge, 11: history, 16: begun to reign, A.D. 626 aged 50, 16: tenth in descent from Woden, 16: reigned 30 years, 11, 16: permitted introduction of baptism, 17, 18: and the preaching of Christianity, 18: invades Oswy King of Northumberland, 18: slays St. Oswalde, 18: and Anna, 75: slain in battle near York with 30 dukes, 19, 33.

Peter, Bishop of Lichfield, consecrated 1067, removed his See to Chester, 1075, 181: died 1086: buried at

Chester.

Peterborough Abbey. Saints Keneburge and Keneswyde buried there, 11: founded by Wulfer, in satisfaction for the death of his sons Wulfade and Ruffyn, 49.

Peter's Pence first paid to Rome by Offa,

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Polycronycon, 5, 7, 128, 148, 179, by Ralph Higden, 128. This is an early chronicle consisting of seven books, comprising a history from the creation to the year 1357. The six first books were compiled by Ralph Higden, with great judgement, and are more relied upon as an authority than most works treating of times so long anterior to those of the author. The seventh book is entirely original and may be consulted with safety. The folio edition of 1642 is generally considered the best.

Portents of Danish Invasion, 138. Profession of St. Werburge, 65.

Proverbs. Please God and love him and doubt ye nothing, 96. Man proposeth and God disposeth, 119. Good maners and conynge maken a man, 134.

Purgatory, Werburge exempt from, 115.
Quadriburge, daughter of Cryda, 11. Wife
of Edwyn, King of Northumberland,

ancestress to Werburge, 12.

Ranulphus or Radulphus Higden, author of the Polychronicon, 128, 148. He was an early and faithful chronicler, he died in 1363.

Redwald, of East England, a chrysten prince, 13.

prince, 15.

Regeneration by Baptism, 42.

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Repton monastery under the rule of St. Werburge, 122: attacked by the Danes, 141, 142. Burdred, King of Mercia residing there, 141.

Richard a Monk of Bec in Normandy, first Abbot of St. Werburghe Abbey,

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Richard, 2d Earl of Chester, 137. Son of Hugh Lupus, 185, 187, 190: miraculously preserved from Welshmen, 137. 187: drowned, 137: pilgrimage to St. Winifrede, 187: waylaid by the Welsh, 188: resscued by his constable

William and brought safe to Chester, 189: married Matilda, niece of Henry I. 190: succeeds to the earldom at seven years of age, 190: benefactor to religious establishments, 190: perverted by his wife, asks for the manor of Salton from St. Werburge's Abbey, 191: enraged at the Abbot's refusal, meditates the destruction of the Abbey, 192. wrecked and drowned off Barfleur for evil intentions against the Abbey, 193, 203. His death announced to the Sacristan by a vision of St. Werburge, 193: and by a woman to the Abbot and convent by command of St. Werburge, 193.

Ricula of Kent, sister to Ethelbryct, first Christian king, married to Fledde, King of Essex and Middlesex, 14.

Roboas, wrought in arras, 61.

Roman History, or Lays of Rome sung by

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Runcorn, built by Elflede, daughter of

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St. John, v. Churches.

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Saints represented in arras, 61, 62.

Salisbury, a principal city of the West Saxons, 6.

Sampson subduing his enemies, in arras, 62.

Saul, worked in arras, 61.

Saxons, infect all Britain with apostacy, 151. Their first realm was Kent, A.D.

455, 6: their second, Sussex, 6: their third, Wessex, 6: their fourth, Essex, 6: their fifth, East Anglia, 7: their sixth, Mercia, 7: their seventh, Northumberland, 7.

Schoolmaster, miraculously punished with lameness, for maltreating his scholars, and healed at the tomb of St. Erme-

nylde at Ely, 84.

Sciences. The seven, 134. There were formerly supposed to be seven liberal sciences. Grammar, Logic, Rhetoric, Arithmetic, Geometry, Astronomy, Music.

Sea, Red, passage of, worked in arras, 60. Secular priests expelled from monasteries, 177: from Chester monastery, 183, 185.

Sees removed from boroughs to the chief town of the Diocese, 181.

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Sexwulfus or Saxulf, Bp. of Lichfield, 676, 93.

Shepay monastery, built by Sexburge, 78.

Shorpthursday, Maundy Thursday, in passion week, 111. This day was also called Shere Thursday because "people would that day shere their hedes." Shorp may therefore perhaps be a misprint of Shorn.

Shrewsbury, 7: repaired by Elflede,

daughter of Alfred, 518.

Shrine of St. Werburge, 143: brought to Chester, 143 A.D. 875, 153: ceremony of its reception, 144: placed in the mother church of St. Peter and St. Paul, 153. Cures performed at it, 154. Offerings made there, 154: visited by King Edgar, 179: brought upon the walls to defeat besiegers, 160: strikes them with blindness, 160: brought to the north gate to defeat the Danes and Scots, 163: smites with madness and death a soldier who struck it with a stone, 163. Extinguishes a great fire at Chester, 196.

Simon, monk of Chester, 185: high character, 185: oppressed by his brethren, taught patience by a vision of St. Wer-

burge, 185.

Skelton, poet laureate, 209.

Solomon, pourtrayed in arras, 61.

Southsex, Kingdom of, the second of the Heptarchy, established by Adla and Ella, 6: endured but short time, 6.

Stafford repaired by Elflede, daughter of Alfred, 158.

Star, a streming sterre and a dove appeared at Chester to put out a great fire, 196.

Stations, appointed places or chapels to

pray at, 90, 92.

Stephen, St. performed miracles when alive, but raised no dead, till after the resolving of his blessed body, 130: in-

ferior to St. Werburge, 130.

Stone in Staffordshire, sometime residence of Wulfer King of Mercia, and probable birth-place of Werburge, 26. Priory founded by Wulfer in honour of his murdered sons, Wulfade and Ruffyn, 50. A mercate towne which having the beginning in the Saxons' time, tooke that of the stones that our ancestors after a solemn sort had cast

on a heape to notifie the place where Wolphar that heathenish King of the Mercians most cruelly slew his two sonnes Wulfald and Ruffin, because they had taken upon them the profession of Christianity in which place when Posterity in memorial of them had consecrated a little church, straight wayes there came and grew up a towne, which of those stones had the name of Stone given unto it. Camden.

Stow, 103. Stowe-nine-churches, near Bugbrook in the deanery of Daventry, Northamptonshire; the name is accounted for by the supposition of its having had so many churches belonging to it.

Strenyshalt, original name of Whitby, 19.

Suffolk, subject to Offa, 7.

Sussex, second kingdom of the Heptarchy, endured but short time, 6.

Sygebert, of East England, subdued by Penda, 17.

Tamysmouth, or, Mouth of the Thames, Danish invasion there, A.D. 851, 139,

Tenures, statement of various tenures by which land was held under the Abbey of St. Werburge, 200.

Tapestry, or Arras, pictures upon, described, 59, & seq.

Thames River. South of Mercia, 8.

Theodorus, Archbishop, 21, 78: recommends Cedda to Bishopric of Lichfield, 21.

Thomwort, repaired by Elflede daughter of Alfred, 158.

Thursday before Easter called Shorpthursday, 111.

Tombert of East England, 70: marries Audry, 71: gives Ely as dower, 71.

Translation of body of St. Werburge, 11, 124: ceremony of, 125.

Trentam monastery, 86, 108, 114: built and endowed by Werburge, 86: under

her rule, 122: she dies there, 108, 123: destroyed by the Danes, 142. It was of the order of St. Augustin and dedicated to St. Mary and All Saints. The convent watch the body of St. Werburge, and close fast their doors to prevent it being carried as she had desired to Hambury: they are struck with deep sleep while those of Hambury carry away the body, 118, 119.

Tubal and Tubalcain, inventors of Music,

pourtrayed on arras, 59.

Tynmouth Abbey destroyed by the Danes, 139.

Tytylus, King of East England, 13: an-

cestor to Werburge, 13.

Ulminus, canon of Chester, miraculously cured of a broken leg by St. Werburge, 173.

Unction, extreme, administered to Wer-

burge, 113.

Upton, a parke, a prebend of Chester, 171: horses miraculously prevented from destroying crops there, 172. Upton is a township in that part of St. Mary on the Hill, Chester, which is in the lower division of the hundred of Broxton, and is about two miles from that city.

Vanity, exhortation against, 67.

Vecta, see Isle of Wight, subdued by Wulfer, 20.

Vincent, St., in arras, 61.

Virgin Mary, in arras, 61: floure of femynyte, 61: chief president of virgins, 62.

Virgins represented in arras, crowned with lilies, 62: or roses, for their great victory, 62.

Vita patrum, read by Werburge, 96.

Vortiger invites Hengist to assist him in his defence, 6.

Wales, Britons driven thither, A. D. 689,

6: divided from England by Offa's Dyke, 10.

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Weest party of Mercia, i. e. Cheshire, 9. Westmarches oppressed by the Danes,

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Wenedocie, name of Caerleon, Bishopric of all South Wales, 147.

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Werbode, 32, 33: chief steward of Wulfer, 33: beguiles Wulfer, 33: sues him for Werburge, 34: severely reproved by Ermenylde, 35: by Werburge, 37: by Wulfade and Ruffyn, 38, 39: plots against them and betrays their conversion to Christianity, 43, 44: and procures their death, 46: tormented by remorse his armes and handes he did horribly tere; till his filthy soul compelled sore was for to expire, 46.

Werburge, account of, 4: called, but rather incorrectly, Prioress of Chester Abbey, 4: protectress of city and Abby of Chester, 4: shrine of, at Chester, 4: parentage, 7, 26: genealogy, 10: descended from four kings, 10, 135: her body translated to a shrine, 11: Mercian descent, 10: Northumbrian descent, 12: East An-

glian descent 12: Kentish descent, 14: born probably near Stone in Staffordshire, 26: character in youth, 26, 135: piety and devotions, 28, 29: attendance on the daily service, 28: sought in marriage, 29: description, 29, 30: sued by Prince of West Saxons, 30: refuses him, declaring her preference for a recluse life, 32: by Werbode, 34: religious character, 50: desires permission from her father to become a recluse at Ely, 51, 55,: declines marriage, 32, 51, 54: proceeds in great state to Ely, 56: reception there, 57: full account of the solemn festival upon her "ghostly spousage," 58: profession at Ely, 65, 73, 122: miraculous powers, 68, 135: professes after St. Benettes rule, 73: miraculous testimonies of her piety, 85: made president of all monasteries in the realm, 85, 93, 135: builds and endows Trentam and Hambury monasteries, 86: converts Wedon Manor into a nunnery, 86: consecrated Abbess, 93: quits Ely, 93: description of her government, 93: never wore linnen, 94: daily devotions, 95: abstinence, 95: miracles, 96, 97, 105, 130: impounds wild geese, 97: restores to life one already roasted and eaten, 100: punishes her bailiff for maltreating a servant, but finally recovers him, 101, 102: hangs her veil on a sunbeam to preserve herself from offered violence, 103: saves herself in an oak tree, 104: cures all manner of diseases, 105: gifted with prophecy, 106: foreknows her death, 106: and place of burial, 107: orders all her monasteries, 107: directs her body to be buried at Hambury, 108: prays for miraculous powers after death, 113: dies at Trentham, 108: 3 Feb., A. D. 700, 115, 118: exhorts her sisterhood, 109, 111: last sacrament and

prayer, 110: extreme unction, 113: transported by angels to heaven, 115: exempt from purgatory, 115: sweet odours arise from her body, 116, 125, 126: funeral ceremonies, 116, 118: lamentations over, 117: body removed from Trentham to Hambury during miraculous sleep of the watchers, 119: buried in chancel of Hambury, 120, 138, 142: miracles performed at her tomb, 120, 124, 127, 159: resided chiefly at Wedon, 123: deemed a mediatrix, 123, 131: her body kept hole and sound, 123, 125, 131: for 200 years, 142: translated, 128: i. e. removed from her grave to a shrine, 22nd July, 708, nine years after burial, 11, 124, 125, 126, 136: enshrined, 127: tomb at Hambury, 127: her body, 200 years after her death, voluntarily resolved itself to dust to save it from pollution by the Danes, 129, 142: remission of sin to all for whom she maketh intercession, 130, 145: shrine brought to Chester, 131, 143, 146, A.D. 875, 147: saves Chester from enemies, 137: fire, 137: plague, 137: invoked "this warke to amende." 138: her body magnified with miracles next our Ladie, 143: received at Chester in great pomp and song of welcome, 144: Chester Minster founded in her honour, 155, 156, 183: her shrine placed in the church then called St. Peter and St. Paul, 153: great offerings made there, 145: secular canons, prebends, &c. established therein, 156: cures a woman thrice of lameness, 161: a lady of barrenness, 164: a woman of insanity, 165: another of blindness, 167: cures six halt blind and lame and many others, 168: restores twice to life a man hanged unjustly, 170: preserves corn and fruit from wild horses, 171: cures a broken leg, 173: appears

to an oppressed monk named Simon to preach patience, 186: parts the Dee, for the army to pass through, 189: appears at the monastery of Chester to announce the shipwreck of Richard Earl of Chester, 193: her shrine quenches fire at Chester, 196: her miracles recapitulated, 199, &c.: next in honour to "our Saviour and his mother Marie,"

199: prayer or hymn, 205.
Werburge, some of the eulogistic titles ascribed to her. Spouse of our Lord Jhesu, 4: blessed saint, 4: noble princess, 4, 10: virgin pure and glorious, 4, 7, 10: holy monyall, 4. Abbess gracious, 4. Prioress of Chester, 4. Protectress of the city and monastery, 4: daughter of Sion, 10. Flower of virtue, 10: sweet flower of chastity, 12: noble margarite, 16: rose of paradise, 16: gemme of holynes, 16: star of our clearness. 16.

Werburge, St., Abbey reorganised A. D. 1093, by Anselm, Abbot of Bec, at the request of Hugh Lupus, secular priests and canons displaced, religious monks substituted, and Richard, a monk of Bec in Normandy, ordained first Abbot, 183, This foundation confirmed by William Rufus, who also endowed it with many privileges, making it as free as the "Earl was in his castle," 184: presented by Hugh Lupus with many "riall rich enormentes:" and "a librarie of bokes, some remayne within the sayd monastery to this day certayne, 184: enfranchised 101 years before the city, 185.

Westmariland, or Westmoreland, so called from Marius, 148: who took it from Readric the King, 148

Reodric the King, 148.

West Saxons, third kingdom of heptarchy, first King, Cerdicus, A. D. 521, 6: chief cities, Winchester and Salisbury,

6: Prince of, sues in vain the hand of Werburge, 31.

Whitby Abbey, founded by St. Hylda, 12: originally called Strenyshalt, 19: endowed by Oswy, King of Northumberland, with twelve possessions to build a monastery, 19.

William the Conqueror, fought the battle of Hastings, 13 Oct., 1066, 181: crowned in London, 181; causes of his

invasion, 181.

William Rufus, 182: confirms foundation of St. Werburge's Abbey, 184: and endows it with many privileges, 184.

William, son of Nigell, constable of Chester goes to rescue Earl Richard from the Welch, 188: marches his troops dryshod through the Dee, 189: gives the village of Newton to St. Werburge's Monastery, 189: and founds Norton Abbey as a memorial of the miracle, 189.

William of Malmsbury, 5, 81, 88, 100, 179.

Winchester, a principal city of the West Saxons, 6.

Wirall, oppressed by inroads, 171: miraculously preserved, 172.

Withburge of East Englande, great aunt to Werburge, 13, 69.

Woden, common progenitor of many kings, 14, 16: Fifteenth from Noah, through Shem, 14.

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Wulfade, brother of Werburge, 12, 26, 35, 37: martyr, 26: delighted in hunting, 40: converted by St. Cead, 41, 42: baptized, 42: reprimands Werbode for seeking Werburge in marriage, 38: betrayed and slandered by Werbode, 44, 45: slain by his father, Wulfer, as a convert to Christianity, 46.

Wulfer, father of St. Werburge, King of Mercia, 7: son of Penda, 11 17:

married Ermenylde, princess of Kent, 11, 16, 17, 22, 24: marriage solemnity, 24: his family, 11, 12: secreted for safety by the Mercians, 19: crowned King, 19, 20: baptised by Bishops Finanus and Jerumannus, 20, 33: destroys i tols, 20, 25, 33: introduces christianity, 20: character, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25: conquers Kenwalrus, King of West Saxons at Ashdum, 20: subdues the Isle of Wyght, 20: gives it to King of East England on condition of baptism, 20. Godfather to him, 21: founded Lyndesy near Lincoln for fifty monks, 21: professes attachment to christianity, 25, 33: unites Mercia and Kent, 25: resided sometime at Stone, 26: for a time apostasized, 33: slays his sons Wulfade and Ruffyn as converts to Christianity, 46: laments his apostacy and cruelty, 47: by advice of his Queen Ermenylde seeks St. Cead, 48: prevented by glorious light from seeing the mass, 48: penance and conversion 49: destroys idols, founded monasteries, 49: founds Peterborow Abbey, 49. Stone Priory, 50: urges Werburge to marry, 51: but accedes to her wish to become a recluse at Ely, 55. Summons his nobles and lords to conduct her in state to Ely, 56. Procession and reception, 56, 57: "made a royal feast as custome is of maryage" at her "ghostly marriage," 58: full description of the feast, company, ceremony, decorations, 58, &c.: dies 79: buried at Lichfield, 79.

Wybba, King of Mercia, ancestor to Wer-

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Wyght, Isle of, or Vecta subdued by Wulfer, 20: given to King of East England, 20: oppressed by the Danes, 142.

Wylfryde, Archbishop of York, 91: professes St. Audry at Canwood, 72: her confessor, 73: deprived 73: removes to Ely, 73: assists in edifying St. John's Church, Chester, 86.

Wynwed, river near York, Battle at, 18.

Penda and 30 dukes slain, 19.

York, chief city of Northumberland, 7. Battle near, between Penda and Oswy, 18: made an Archbishop's See, 150.









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